

Lanier Worldwide, Inc.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Information

Identity: Product ID: 6745 Black Developer

200-0183

Synonyms

& Common

Names:

Developer, Black Developer

Uses:

Lanier 6745, 6735 Copier

Chemical

Mixture

Formula:

CP-667 MSDS No.

7/31/00

Issued:

Supersedes: 02/09/1995

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Prepared by: Approved by:

EH&S Department, 770-496-9500 Larry Choskey, Manager, CEH&S

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Section 2: Composition / Information on Ingredients

Carbon black	PERCENT 0.5	CAS No. 1333-86-4	EXPOSURE LIMITS 3.5mg/m³ / 3.5mg/m³	SOURCE OSHA PEL / ACGIH TLV
Styrene acrylate copolymer Iron oxide	5.5	25036-16-2 1317-61-9	Not listed 10mg/m³ / 5mg/m³	n/a OSHA PEL / ACGIH TLV
Zinc oxide Copper oxide	94	1314-13-2 1317-38-0	10mg/m³ / 10mg/m³ Not listed	OSHA PEL / ACGIH TLV n/a

*PEL as the product: 15mg/m³ (total dust), 5mg/m³ (respirable dust) *TLV as the product: 10mg/m³ (total dust), 5mg/m³ (respirable dust)

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Hazard Rating:

FIRE = 0REACTIVITY = 0

HEALTH = 0SPECIAL = none

Health Hazards (Acute, Chronic, Immediate and Potential): Minimum irritation to respiratory tract may occur as with exposure to any non-toxic dust. May cause gasping if inhaled. Inhalation should be avoided. May cause temporary eye discomfort. Health Hazards of Long Term exposure (Chronic): A manufacturer sponsored chronic inhalation study in rats using a special test toner revealed there were no lung changes at all in the lowest exposure level (1mg/m³), the most relevant level to potential human exposures. A very slight degree of fibrosis was noted in 25% of the animals at the middle exposure level (4mg/m³), while a slight

degree of fibrosis was observed at the highest exposure level (16mg/m³) in all animals. These findings are attributed to "Lung Overloading", a generic response to excessive amount of any dust retained in the lungs for a prolonged interval. The special test toner was ten times more respirable than commercially available toner to comply with EPA testing protocol and would not function properly in Xerographic equipment.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air if effects occur. Consult

local medical personnel

Eye Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with

water for 5 minutes.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Call a physician.

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CP-667 Page 2 of Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures Suitable extinguishing media: CO₂, dry chemical, foam or water. Extinguishing media which may not be used for safety reasons: none This material will burn in case of fire. The decomposition products are CO, CO2, and Nox. Avoid inhalation of smoke. Special protective equipment for fire fighters: none UEL: n/a LEL: n/a Section 6: Accidental Release Measures Sweep up or clean up with an approved toner vacuum. Section 7: Handling and Storage Special Handling: Special Storage: No special storage requirements for safety reasons. Store in a cool dry place. Section 8: Exposure Control and Personal Protection Information: Respiratory Protection: none required under normal use. Hand Protection: none required under normal use. Eye Protection: none required under normal use. Skin Protection: none required under normal use. Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties CHARACTERISTICS: Appearance: Black Melting point: 150°C Form: Fine powder Vapor pressure: n/a Odor: Practically odorless Vapor density: n/a Solubility in Water: Negligible Evaporation rate: n/a Specific gravity: 5.6 - 6.8Boiling point: n/a Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Conditions to avoid: none Materials to avoid: none Stability: Stable Hazardous decomposition products: CO, CO2, and NOx when burned. Section 11: Toxicological Information: Acute oral toxicity (rat) LD₅₀: Over 5.0 g/kg Ames Test result: Negative Carcinogenicity: In 1996, the IARC reevaluated carbon black as a GROUP 2B carcinogen (possible human carcinogen). This evaluation is given to carbon black for which there is inadequate human evidence, but sufficient animal evidence. The latter is based upon the development of lung tumors in rats receiving chronic inhalation exposures to free carbon black at a level that induce particle overload of the lungs. Studies performed in mice have not demonstrated an association between carbon black and lung tumors. Moreover, a two-year cancer bloassay using a typical toner preparation containing carbon black demonstrated no association between toner and tumor development in rats. NTP? = No IARC? = No OSHA Regulated? = No Section 12: Environmental / Ecological Information None Section 13: Disposal Consideration Waste material may be dumped or incinerated under conditions, which meet all federal, state and local environmental regulations. Section 14: Transportation Information None Section 15: Regulatory Information None Section 16: Miscellaneous Information

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On the basis of the data available to us, this developer is not a dangerous substance. One should, however, observe the usual precautionary measures for dealing with chemicals.