

# Material Safety Data Sheet

## Series 88000

### 1 Company and Product Identification

Manufacturer's Name: STAR BRONZE COMPANY, INC.  
PO Box 2206  
Alliance OH 44601-0206

Emergency Telephone: 330-823-1550

Information Telephone: 330-823-1550

Identity: **88000 Zip-Strip Economy  
Strength Paint & Finish Remover**

Date Prepared: January 23, 2001 (revised)

### 2 Ingredient Composition Information

Ingredient CAS No.	% by weight	---- PPM ----	
		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Methanol 67-56-1	31	200 (skin)	200 (skin)
Acetone 67-64-1	32	750	750
Toluene 108-88-3	18	100	50 (skin)
Methylene Chloride 75-09-2	16	25*	--

\*STEL 125 PPM

Section 313: Supplier Notification. This product contains the following toxic chemicals, subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning & Community Right to Know Act of 1986, and of 40 CFR 372. **Methanol, Toluene and Methylene Chloride.**

This information must be included in all Material Safety Data Sheets that are copied and distributed for this material.

### 3 Physical and Chemical Properties

**Boiling Range:** 104 - 230°F

**Evaporation Rate:** Slower than Butyl Acetate

**Percent Volatile:** 98.3%

**Appearance and Odor:** pink semi-gelled liquid, ketone aromatic odor

**VOC:** 440 grams/liter

**Vapor Density (air=1):** > 1

**Weight per Gallon:** 7.12 lbs.

**Solubility in Water:** approx. 67%

**Specific Gravity:** .856

**Vapor Pressure:** 54 MM Hg @ 20°C

### 4 Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

**Flash Point:** 18°F **Flammable Limits:** undetermined

**LEL:** 2.6% \*For Acetone **UEL:** unknown

**Extinguishing Media:** Regular foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode when fighting fires due to thermal decomposition products.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, smoking, electric motors, static discharge or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Keep away from heat, sparks, pilot lights and other sources of ignition. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

**HMIS Codes:** Health 3, Flammability 3, Reactivity 0

**NFPA Codes:** Health 2, Flammability 3, Reactivity 0

### 5 Reactivity Data

**Stability:** Stable

**Conditions to Avoid:** Open flame, high heat, sparks, welding arcs.

**Incompatibility:** Materials to avoid: Strong alkalis, oxygen, nitrogen peroxide, sodium, potassium, and other oxidizers and reactive metals.

**Hazardous Decomposition of By-products:** May form toxic materials: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons, etc. Hydrogen chloride, phosgene chlorine.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur

### 6 Health Hazard Data

**Routes of Entry:** Inhalation - Yes, Skin - Yes, Ingestion - Yes

**Health Hazard Acute and Chronic:**

**Inhalation:** Overexposure can cause nasal & respiratory irritation, central nervous system effects including fatigue, headaches, weakness, dizziness, nausea, dullness, unconsciousness or in extreme cases, death. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or prove fatal. Exposure to high concentrations can cause irregular heartbeat, cardiac arrest and death. Overexposure has been shown to cause adverse effects on the lungs, liver, kidney, nervous system and other internal organs. Carboxyhemoglobin levels can be elevated in persons exposed to methylene chloride and can cause a substantial stress on the cardiovascular system. This elevation can be additive to the increase caused by smoking and other carbon monoxide sources.

**Skin:** Prolonged or repeated contact of liquid can cause irritation, defatting of skin, and dermatitis. Prolonged single exposure can result in progressively severe burning sensation and redness. Can be absorbed through the skin causing adverse health effects as described above in the INHALATION section.

**Eyes:** Can cause severe irritation, redness, tearing and blurred vision.

**Ingestion:** Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, blindness and death.

**Chronic Overexposure:** Excessive exposure may cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure of this material (or its components) has been suggested to cause liver abnormalities, liver and kidney damage. Prolonged intentional abuse of toluene during pregnancy may cause birth defects.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:** Alcoholism, acute and chronic liver and kidney disease, chronic lung disease, anemia, coronary disease or rhythm disorders of the heart. People having or suspected of having heart trouble, pulmonary disorders or women during pregnancy, should consult their physician before using the product.

**Carcinogenicity:** IARC lists methylene chloride as a 2B Carcinogen (sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of methylene chloride to experimental animals and inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity of methylene chloride to humans), NTP lists methylene chloride as an animal carcinogen. Methylene chloride is listed on the IARC and NTP Carcinogen lists, but not by OSHA.

#### Emergency First Aid Procedures:

**Inhalation:** If affected, remove individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration. Keep person warm, quiet and get medical attention.

**Skin:** If material comes in contact with the skin, promptly wash the contaminated skin with soap and water. If it penetrates through clothing, remove clothing and wash the skin with soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

**Eyes:** If material comes in contact with the eyes, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids, get medical attention. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this material.

**Ingestion:** If ingested, immediately give one or two glasses of water and call a physician, hospital emergency room or poison control center for way to induce vomiting.

## 7 Precautions for Safe Handling & Use

#### Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled

**Small Spill:** Absorb liquid on paper, vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material and transfer to vent hood or closed container.

**Large Spill:** Eliminate ignition sources (flares, flame, pilot lights, electrical sparks). Clear personnel from area. Do not breathe vapors. Ventilate area of leak or spill. If indoors, turn off heating or air conditioning systems to prevent vapors from contaminating entire building. Wear protective equipment including positive pressure self-contained or air supplied breathing apparatus. Contain liquid. Clean up by mopping or with absorbent material and place in a closed metal container for disposal. Do not flush to sewer or water ways.

#### Waste Disposal Method:

**Small Spill:** Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

**Large Spill:** Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storing:** Flammable liquid. Do not store near heat, sparks or flame. Keep closures tight and containers upright to prevent leakage. Store in cool, well ventilated areas. Vapors are heavier than air and will settle in confined, low areas.

**Other precautions:** Contact with aluminum parts in a pressurized fluid system may cause violent reactions.

## 8 Control Measures

**Respiratory Protection:** If work place exposure limits of product (or any component) are exceeded a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. The minimum requirements for respiratory protection for methylene chloride appear in 29CFR 1910.1052(F).

**Ventilation:** Do not use in basements or in closed or confined areas. Open doors and windows. Use ventilation to maintain exposure below time weighted average or PEL.

**Protective Gloves:** Wear chemical resistant gloves. Consult your safety equipment supplier.

**Eye Protection:** Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA Regulations are advised. However, OSHA regulations also permit other types of safety glasses (consult your safety equipment supplier). Contact lenses should not be worn.

**Other Protective Clothing or Equipment:** Where prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur use protective clothing impervious to this material. Selection of specific items, such as gloves, boots or aprons will depend upon operation.

**Work/ Hygienic Practices:** Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove any contaminated clothing promptly and clean before reuse.

## 9 Transportation Data

Proper Shipping Description	Hazard Class	ID#	Pkg Group	Label Req.
Gallons				
Paint Related Material	3	UN1263	II	Flammable
5 Gallon Pails				
Paint Related Material	3	UN1263	II	Flammable
Quarts				
Consumer Commodity	ORMD	none	none	none

## 10 Regulatory Information

	Reportable Quantity (RQ)	RQ Product Quantity
Methylene Chloride	1,000 lbs.	6,250 lbs.
Methanol	5,000 lbs.	15,625 lbs.
Toluene	1,000 lbs.	5,555 lbs.
Acetone	5,000 lbs.	15,625 lbs.

**Toxic Substances Control Act:** All ingredients are listed on TSCA Inventory

**SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories:** Health - Immediate Health, Delayed health, Fire

**California Proposition 65 Warning:** The State of California has listed methylene chloride under Proposition 65 as a chemical known to the State to cause cancer. The state of California has listed Toluene under Proposition 65 as a chemical known to the state to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Warning: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

The information and recommendations contained herein have been compiled from sources believed to be accurate and reliable. The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.