. APR 27 1994

LAKELAND

CHEMICAL SPECIALTIES, INC.

W140 N5090 LILLY RD. MENOMONEE FALLS, WIS. 53051

24 Hour Emergency: (800) 424 - 9300 (CHEMTREC)

Phone: (414) 781-1350

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION	Ī		
PRODUCT NAME: A-4000 CHEMICAL NAME: See Ingredients CHEMICAL FAMILY: Industrial Cooli	Section ng Water	Biocide.	
SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS			
<u>Material</u>	Percent	CAS#	TLV
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole	2.5%	21564-17-0	NA
Methylene bis(thiocyanate)	2.5%	6317-18-6	NA
Aromatic Hydrocarbon Solvent			100 ppm
SECTION 3: PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROP	ERTIES		
Boiling Point(F): 212°	Melting	Point:	NA
Solubility in Water: Dispersible	Vapor Pressure(mm Hg): NA		
pH: 100 ppm aqueous 6-7	Vapor D	ensity (air=1): NA
Specific Gravity: 1.03 Appearance/Odor: Light Amber, Liquid, Slight Odor.	DOT Shipping Name: Corrosive Liquid, N.O.S. (Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazol Methylenebisthiocyanate), UN1760		
SECTION 4: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZ	ARD DATA		
Flash Point(Method used): 158°(TCC	:)		
Extinguisher Media: Water Fog, CO			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	Self-correquire		ching apparatus
SECTION 5: REACTIVITY HAZARD DATA			
Stability: X Stable,Unstabl	.e.	Precautions:	NA
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoi Strong alkali, strong acid or stroxidizers.	d): ong	- - -	
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	co_2 , c	o, so ₂ , no _x ,	hydrocarbons.
Hazardous Polymerization:Occu			

SECTION 6: HEALTH HAZARD DATA - PROTECTIVE MEASURES - FIRST AID

Most likely routes of entry: Eyes, Skin

EYES: Corrosive to eyes. Can cause burns or possible blindness.

Wear safety glasses or goggles. Provide convenient eye wash stations. Flush immediately with copious amounts of water or normal saline for 15 minutes minimum. Take

exposed person to an opthamologist or health care

professional for evaluation.

SKIN:
Not expected to be toxic by dermal exposure. Corrosive

to skin--rubber gloves and body protective clothing is required. Wash exposed area with plenty of soap and water. Repeat washing. Remove contaminated clothing

and wash thoroughly before reuse.

INHALATION: Inhaled mist could be corrosive to membranes. Wear NIOSH

approved liquid/mist respirator if misting may occur.

Remove to fresh air. Administer oxygenif person is cyanotic or has dificulty breathing. Seek medical attention. Treat

symptoms.

INGESTION: Expected to be toxic. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with copious amounts of milk or water. Irrigate

mouth with copious amounts of milk or water. Irrigate the esophogus and dilute stomach contents by giving one to two glasses of water or milk. Do not give fluids by mouth if individual is semi-comatose or convulsive.

Seek medical attention.

SECTION 7: PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE/LEAK PROCEDURES

In the event of Spill or Release: Take up small spills with absorbent, or flush down sewer with lots of water. Larger spills should be contained by diking or otherwise and collected for reuse or disposal. Do not discharge into fish-bearing waters. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Response personnel should use eye and skin protection. Determine the acceptability of pumping offlushing spills to industrial sewer by contacting person(s) responsible for operation of your facilities industrial sewer system.

<u>Precautions</u> <u>for Handling and Storage:</u> Store in a cool and dry area, away from incompatible/reactive materials:(ie. Acid). Check daily for leaks from container or pumps.

<u>Waste Disposal Method:</u> Consult Federal, State and local authorities for approved disposal procedures.

Empty Containers: Empty containers are not RCRA hazardous wastes.

Insure proper handling of any residual remaining in the container. Other Precautions: None

SECTION 8: HMIS RATINGS

3 HEALTH 1 REACTIVITY

2 FLAMMABILITY H PERSONAL PROTECTION

The information and data given are from sources believed to be accurate and reliable, but are presented without guarantee or warranty or responsibility of any kind, expressed or implied on our part. Information regarding the proper curse of the treatment in the event of an accident or misuse of this product is properly the domain of the attending physician.