PAGE

ACCT: 888235001

INDEX: D02235762 CAT NO: A1820 FO NBR: 81000

**** MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET ****

Acetone 00140

**** SECTION 1 -- CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION ****

MSDS Name: Acetone

Catalog Numbers: \$70090, \$70091-1, A11 1, A11 20, A11 200, A11 4, A11-1, A11-20, A11-200, A11-4, A111, A11200, A114, A118 4, A118-4, A1184, A16F-1GAL, A16P 4, A16P-4 A16P4, A16S 20, A16S 20 001, A16S 4, A16S-20, A16S-4, A16S20, A16S20001, A1694, A168 20, A168 20 001, A168 4, A168-20, A168-4, A16820, A16820001, A1684, A16841C, A18 1, A18 20, A18 200, A18 200 001, A18 4, A18 500, A18-1, A18-20, A18-200, A18-4, A18-500, A181, A1820, A1820001, A1820001, A18201001, A18201001, A18201001, A18201001, A18201001, A18201001, A18201001, A18201001, A18201001, A187500, A1874, A1878115, A187819, A1878200, A187850, A1878115, A187820, A187828, A187850, A188, A1874, A1874, A18741, A1874 A9294LOT014, A9294LOT001, A9294LOT012, A9294LOT014, A9294LOT017, A9294LOT018, A9294LOT019, A9294LOT021, A9294LOT0122, A9294LOT018, A9295215, A9294LOT01924, A9295200, A929S215, A929S215, A929S215, A929S200, A929S215, A929S200, A929S215, A929S200, A929S215, A929S200, A929S218, A929S250, A930-4, A9464, A946-4, A946F8200, A946F8115, A946F8200, A946F8200, A946F8200, A946F8200, A946F8200, A94951, A949-4, A9491, A9494, A9494LOT004, A949CU50, A949S14, A949LC, A949F815, A949F819, A949F8200, A949F828, A946F850, A949S5-115, A949F8200, A949SS 200, A949SS 30, A949SS 50, A946SS-11, A946SS-115, A946SS-200, A946SS-200, A946SS-30, A946SS-50, A946SS-11, A946SS-115, A946SS-200, A946SS-30, B924011, BP240320, BP24034, BP2403500, BP240115, BPA946F8-115, BPA946F8-19, BPA946F8-200, BPA946F8-50, FLA929FS-115, FLA929FS-200, FLA929FS-28, FLA929FS-50, BC3001 GAL, HC3001GAL, NC9475452, NC9475553, NC9614315, NC9631882, S70091, ST0091HPLC, S70091SPEC, XXA181LI

Synonyms:

Dimethylformaldehyde; Dimethyl Ketone; 2-Propanone; Pyroacetic Acid; Pyroacetic Ether.

Company Identification: Fisher Scientific

1 Reagent Lane Fairlawn, NJ 07410

For information, call: 201-796-7100 201-796-7100

Emergency Number: 201-796-7100 For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300 For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

**** SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS ****

14			+ <i></i>	
l	CAS#	Chemical Name	- %	EINECS#
Ш				
	67-64-1	2-Propanone	99.0	200-662-2

Hazard Symbols: XI F Risk Phrases: 11 36 66 67

**** SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ****

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: colourless. Flash Point: -4 deg F. Danger! Extremely flammable liquid. May cause central nervous system depression. May cause liver and kidney damage. Causes eye and skin irritation. Causes digestive and respiratory tract irritation. Target Organs: Kidneys, central nervous system, liver, respiratory

Potential Health Effects

Produces irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, and possible corneal injury.

Skin: Exposure may cause irritation characterized by redness, dryness, and inflammation.

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive tract. May cause central may cause little action of the digestive clatt. May cause central nervous system depression, kidney damage, and liver damage. Symptoms may include: headache, excitement, fatigue, nausea, vomiting, stupor, and coma. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure.

Inhalation: Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. Causes respiratory tract irritation. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause motor incoordination and speech abnormalities.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Chronic inhalation may cause effects similar to those of acute inhalation.

PAGE: 2 DATE: 08/11/00 ACCT: 888235001 INDEX: D02235762 CAT NO: A1820 PO NBR: 81000

**** SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES ****

Eves:

Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid immediately.

Flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing before reuse.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately.

Inhalation:

Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid. DO NOT use mouth-to-mouth respiration. If breathing has ceased apply artificial respiration using oxygen and a suitable mechanical device such as a bag and a mask.

Notes to Physician:

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**** SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES ****

General Information:

Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat and/or fire. As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Extremely flammable liquid. Vapors may be heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. May be ignited by heat, sparks, and flame.

Extinguishing Media: For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water may be ineffective. Do NOT use straight streams of water. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well

**** SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES ****

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks: Absorb spill with inert material, (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place into a chemical waste container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Wear appropriate protective clothing to minimize contact with skin. Remove all sources of ignition. Provide ventilation. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Water spray may reduce vapor but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. Clean up residual material by washing area with a 2-5% solution of soda ash.

**** SECTION 7 - HANDLING and STORAGE ****

Handling:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use only in a well ventilated area. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Avoid contact with eyes skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid contact with heat, sparks and flame. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Storage: Reep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container, in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area.

**** SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION ****

Engineering Controls:
Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs		
2-Propanone	500 ppm; 750 ppm	250 ppm TWA; 590	1000 ppm TWA;		

PAGE: 3 08/11/00 ACCT: 888235001 INDEX: D02235762 CAT NO: A1820 PO NBR: 81000 mcr/m3 TWA 2500 2400 mg/m3 TWA ppm IDLH (lower explosive level) OSHA Vacated PELs: 2-Propanone: 750 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA Personal Protective Equipment Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166. Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure. Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure. Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Always use a NIOSH or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator when necessary. **** SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES **** Physical State: Liquid Appearance: colourless Odor: sweetish odor - Musky t Ha Vapor Pressure: 180 mm Hg 2.0 (Air=1) 7.7 (n-Butyl acetate=1) Vapor Density: Evaporation Rate: Viscosity: Not available 133.2 deg F Boiling Point: 133.2 deg F -139.6 deg F 869 deg F (465.00 deg C) -4 deg F (-20.00 deg C) (est.) Health: 1; Flammability: 3; Reactivity: 0 Freezing/Melting Point: Autoignition Temperature: Flash Point: NFPA Rating: Explosion Limits, Lower: Upper: 12.8 Decomposition Temperature: Solubility: Soluble. Specific Gravity/Density: 0.79 (Water=1) Molecular Formula: CSH6O Molecular Weight: 58.0414 **** SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY **** Chemical Stability: Stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling conditions. Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures, ignition sources, temperatures above 220&C.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials:

Acids (mineral, non-oxidizing, e.g. hydrochloric acid, hydrofluoric acid, muriatic acid, phosphoric acid), acids (mineral, oxidizing, e.g. chromic acid, hypochlorous acid, nitric acid, sulfuric acid), acids (organic, e.g. acetic acid, benzoic acid, formic acid, methanoic acid, oxalic acid), alcohols and glycols (e.g. butyl alcohol, ethanol, methanol, ethylene glycol), aldehydes (e.g. acetaldehyde, acrolein, chloral hydrate, formaldehyde), amides (e.g. butyramide, diethyltoluamide, dimethyl formamide), amines (aliphatic and aromatic, e.g. dimethyl amine, propylamine, pyridine, triethylamine), azo, diazo, and hydrazines (e.g. dimethyl hydrazine, hydrazine, methyl hydrazine), carbamates (e.g. carbanolate, carbofuran), caustics (e.g. ammonia, ammonium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide), cyanides (e.g. potassium cyanide, sodium cyanide), dithiocarbamates (e.g. ferbam, maneb, metham, thiram), esters (e.g. butyl acetate, ethyl acetate, High temperatures, ignition sources, temperatures above 220&C. propyl formate), ethers. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, carbon dioxide. Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported. **** SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION **** RTECS# : CAS# 67-64-1: AL3150000 LD50/LC50: CCS0: CAS# 67-64-1: Inhalation, rat: LC50 =50100 mg/m3/8H; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3 gm/kg; Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 5340 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 5800 mg/kg; Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 20 gm/kg. Carcinogenicity:

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DATE: 08/11/00
                                  ACCT: 888235001
                                  CAT NO: A1820
     INDEX: D02235762
                                                               PO NBR: 81000
        2-Propanone
                 ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
      Epidemiology:
           No information available.
     Teratogenicity:
No information available.
      Reproductive Effects:
TDLo(Oral, rat) = 273 gm/kg;Reproductive - Paternal Effects -
spermatogenesis (incl. genetic material, sperm morphology, motility,
            and count).
      Neurotoxicity:
           No information available
      Mutagenicity:
            Sex chromosome loss and nondisjunction (Yeast - Saccharomyces
            cerevisiae) = 47600 ppm; Cytogenetic analysis(Rodent - hamster Fibroblast) = 40 gm/L.
     Other Studies:
            Standard Draize Test: Administration onto the skin (human) = 500
            mg/7days (Mild). Standard Draize Test: Administration onto the skin (rabbit) = 500 mg/24H (Mild). Standard Draize Test( Eye, Rabbit) = 20
            mg; Severe
                     **** SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ****
      Ecotoxicity:
Rainbow trout LC50=5540 mg/L/96H
Sunfish (tap water), death at 14250
ppm/24H
Mosquito fish (turbid water) TLm=13000 ppm/48H
Cas#
            67-64-1:
LC50 (96Hr.) rainbow trout = 5540 mg/L; Static conditions,
11-13 degrees C
LC50 (96Hr) Fathead Minnow = 7280-8120 mg/L;
Flow-through Conditions
LC50 (96Hr) Bluegill = 8300 mg/L
      Other
            For more information, see "HANDBOOK OF ENVIRONMENTAL FATE AND
            EXPOSURE DATA '
                    **** SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS ****
Dispose of in a manner consistent with federal, state, and local regulations.
RCRA P-Series: None listed.
RCRA U-Series: CAS# 67-64-1: waste number U002:
(Ignitable waste) .
                     **** SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION ****
      US DOT
            Shipping Name: ACETONE
             Hazard Class: 3
                UN Number: UN1090
      Packing Group: II
Canadian TDG
            Shipping Name: ACETONE
             Hazard Class: 3
                UN Number: UN1090
       Other Information: FLASHPOINT -20 C
                     **** SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION ****
 US FEDERAL
            CAS# 67-64-1 is listed on the TSCA inventory.
          Health & Safety Reporting List
           None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.
          Chemical Test Rules
            None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.
          Section 12b
            None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.
          TSCA Significant New Use Rule
            None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.
         Section 302 (RQ)
CAS# 67-64-1: final RQ = 5000 pounds (2270 kg)
Section 302 (TFQ)
            None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.
          SARA Codes
            CAS # 67-64-1: acute, chronic, flammable, sudden release of pressure.
          Section 313
            No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.
      Clean Air Act:
            This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants. This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors. This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.
      Clean Water Act:
            None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous
            Substances under the CWA.
None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority
            Pollutants under the CWA.
            None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic pollutants
           under the CWA.
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PAGE: 4

OSHA

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous

PAGE: 5 DATE: 08/11/00 ACCT INDEX: D02235762 CAT NOT A1820 PO NBR : 81000 by OSHA. 2-Propanone can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Florida, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed. European/International Regulations European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols: XI F Risk Phrases: R 11 Highly flammable. R 36 Irritating to eyes. R 66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R 67 Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Safety Phrases: S 9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place. S 16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. S 26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. WGK (Water Danger/Protection) CAS# 67-64-1: 0 United Kingdom Occupational Exposure Limits CAS# 67-64-1: OES-United Kingdom, TWA 750 ppm TWA; 1810 mg/m3 TWA CAS# 67-64-1: OES-United Kingdom, STEL 1500 ppm STEL; 3620 mg/m3 Canada CAS# 67-64-1 is listed on Canada's DSL/NDSL List. This product has a WHMIS classification of B2, D2B. CAS# 67-64-1 is not listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List. Exposure Limits CAS# 67-64-1: OEL-AUSTRALIA: TWA 500 ppm (1185 mg/m3); STEL 1000 ppm

**** SECTION 16 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ****

OEL-RUSSIA:TWA 250 ppm (600 mg/m3);STEL 500 ppm (1200 mg/m3)
OEL-SWEIEN:TWA 250 ppm (600 mg/m3);STEL 500 ppm (1200 mg/m3)
OEL-TUREY:TWA 1000 ppm (2400 mg/m3)
OEL-UNITED KINGDOM:TWA 750 ppm (1810 mg/m3);STEL 1250 ppm
OEL IN BULGARIA, COLOMBIA, JORDAN, KOREA check ACGIH TLV
OEL IN NEW ZEALAND, SINGAPORE, VIETNAM check ACGI TLV

OEL-CZECHOSLOVAKIA:TWA 800 mg/m3;STEL 4000 mg/m3
OEL-DENMARK:TWA 250 ppm (600 mg/m3)
OEL-FINLAND:TWA 500 ppm (1200 mg/m3);STEL 625 ppm (1500 mg/m3)
OEL-FRANCE:TWA 750 ppm (1800 mg/m3);STEL 625 ppm (1500 mg/m3)
OEL-GERMANY:TWA 1000 ppm (2400 mg/m3)
OEL-HUNGARY:TWA 600 mg/m3;STEL 1200 mg/m3
OEL-JUDIA:TWA 750 ppm (1780 mg/m3);STEL 1000 ppm (2375 mg/m3)
OEL-JAPAN:TWA 200 ppm (470 mg/m3)
OEL-THE NETHERLANDS:TWA 750 ppm (1780 mg/m3)
OEL-THE PHILIPPINES:TWA 750 ppm (1780 mg/m3)
OEL-THE PHILIPPINES:TWA 1000 ppm (2400 mg/m3)

MSDS Creation Date: 7/26/1999 Revision #4 Date: 4/30/2000

OEL-AUSTRIA:TWA 750 ppm (1780 mg/m3) OEL-BELGIUM:TWA 750 ppm (1780 mg/m3);STEL 1000 pp OEL-CZECHOSLOVAKIA:TWA 800 mg/m3;STEL 4000 mg/m3

OEL-POLAND: TWA 200 mg/m3
OEL-RUSSIA: TWA 200 ppm; STEL 200 mg/m3

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