

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

APR 12 1993

— SECTION I —

KRYLON INDUSTRIAL
6830 COCHRAN ROAD
SOLON, OH 44139

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
(216) 292-7400
INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.
(800) 247-3266

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Clear Acrylics

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— SECTION II —		<i>Net Weight 13 oz.</i>					
CAS No.	HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT (percent by weight)	ACGIH TLV <STEL>	OSHA PEL <STEL>	Units	Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	1301 Acrylic Crystal Clear	1302 Acrylic Crystal Clear (Radio-TV)
74-98-6	Propane (propellant)		1000	PPM	760.0	15	15
75-28-5	2-Methylpropane (propellant)		Not Established		760.0	15	15
64742-89-8	Lt. Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon	100	100	PPM	53.0	17	17
108-88-3	§ Toluene	100 <150>	100 <150>	PPM	22.0	16	16
100-41-4	§ Ethylbenzene	100 <125>	100 <125>	PPM	7.1	3	3
1330-20-7	§ Xylene	100 <150>	100 <150>	PPM	5.9	13	13
64742-95-6	Aromatic Petroleum Distillates		Not Established		3.8	2	2
67-64-1	§ Acetone	750 <1000>	750 <1000>	PPM	180.0	11	11
VOC as a percent by weight, per BAAQMD Rule 49, Regulation 8						92	92
HMIS® Ratings (Health - Flammability - Reactivity)						2-4-0	2-4-0

§ Ingredient subject to the reporting requirements of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Section 313, 40 CFR 372.65 C

PURSUANT TO PROPOSITION 65: This product contains Toluene which is known to the state of California to cause reproductive toxicity.

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Section III — PHYSICAL DATA

PRODUCT WEIGHT — N.A.
 SPECIFIC GRAVITY — N.A.
 BOILING RANGE — >0-340 °F
 SOLUBILITY IN WATER — N.A.

EVAPORATION RATE — Faster than Ether
 VAPOR DENSITY — Heavier than Air
 MELTING POINT — N.A.

Section IV — FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION FLASH POINT <0 °F PMCC LEL 0.8 UEL 12.8
 RED LABEL — Extremely Flammable, Flash below 21 °F
 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS
 Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES
 Full protective equipment including breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section V — HEALTH HAZARD DATA

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE
 Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. Follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment to minimize exposure.

ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS
 Irritation of eyes, skin and respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE
 Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE
 Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

None generally recognized.
 EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES
 IF INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.
 IF ON SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.
 Remove contaminated clothing and laundry before re-use.
 IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
 CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
 No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP, or OSHA listed carcinogen. Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section II may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, cardiovascular, blood-forming and reproductive systems. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

STABILITY — Stable

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide
 HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION — Will Not Occur

Section VI — REACTIVITY DATA

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

120 °F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause containers under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120 °F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters — Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition. Consult NFPA code. Use approved bonding and grounding procedures.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE
 CONTENTS ARE EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.

Section IX — PRECAUTIONS

DOL STORAGE CATEGORY — 1A

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.
 EYE PROTECTION
 Section II
 Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in PROTECTIVE GLOVES
 for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive. When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA against materials in Section II.
 If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section II.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

1910.107, 1910.108
 Section II is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94. Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in VENTILATION (respirable fraction).

dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m³ (local dust), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m³ (total dust), 5 mg./m³ (respirable fraction).
 Section II) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section II, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are as follows: This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed as "Dust" in Section II) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section II, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are as follows:

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Section VIII — PROTECTION INFORMATION

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after using.
 WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD
 Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.
 Recover from this product as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.
 Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations regarding pollution.

Section VII — SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.

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