NIK® Public Safety, Inc.

Formaldehyde (approx. 37%) ACS Grade

Percent Volatile (by Vol):

13386 International Parkway Jacksonville, FL 32218 (800) 654-9943

Material Safety Data Sheet

Test # 6402

SECTION 1 - IDENTITY

Address: 13386 International Parkway, Jacksonville, FL 32218 Name: NIK Public Safety, Inc.

International – 813-248-0585 (Collect) United States (800) 255-3924 Emergency Contact: Chemtel®

Date Prepared: July 31, 2002 Common Name (*Used on Label):

Marquis Reagent Test # 6402 Chemical Family: : Does Not Apply Formula: Does Not Apply

Chemical Name: Does Not Apply Trade Name & Synonyms:

\NIK (Narcotics Identification System) - trade mark of NIK Public Safety. Inc

Not Determined

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

% (by wt) TLV PEL Hazardous Component CAS#

50-00-0

 $1 \text{mg/m}^3 / 10 \text{hr}$ 1mg/m³ 97% Sulfuric Acid Concentrated ACS Grade 7664-93-9 3% 1.5mg/m^3 1.5mg/m^3

Note: This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of title III of the Superfund

Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and CFR Part 372.

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit established by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) TLV: Threshold Limit Value established by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygenists, 1987-88

SECTION 3 – PHYSICAL DATA

Specific Gravity (H₂O=1): 1.56 - 1.84**Boiling Point:** Not determined

Not determined

Evaporation rate: Solubility in Water: Complete

Reactivity in Water: Reacts violently when water is added with Vapor density (Air=1): evolution of heat

Appearance and Odor: Clear, Colorless & Odorless

SECTION 4- FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):

Low

Flammable Limits in Air (% by Vol): Flash Point: Not determined

Upper: Not determined Lower: Not determined

Extinguishing Media: Suitable Dry Chemical Auto Ignition Temperature: Not Determined

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Do not use water to put out fire if the water can come in contact with React violently with water and organic

the concentrated sulfuric acid. Use proper respiratory protection against materials with evolution of heat.

Fumes.

SECTION 5 – HEALTH INFORMATION

Primary Routes of Exposure (# 6402): Inhalation, contact with eyes or skin.

Signs & Symptoms of Exposure:

- (1) Acute Overexposure Irritation of eyes, nose & throat. Splashes in the eyes or on the skin will cause severe burns.
- (2) Chronic Overexposure Repeated or prolonged exposure to dilute solutions of sulfuric acid may cause irritation of the skin.

 Repeated or prolonged exposure to mists or vapors of sulfuric acid may cause erosion of teeth, chronic irritation of the eyes or chronic inflammation of the nose, throat & bronchial tubes.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure:

Impaired pulmonary function, pre-existing eye problems, pre-existing skin disorders.

Chemical Component Listed as Carcinogen or Potential Carcinogen:

NTP

IARC

OSHA

Formaldehyde

Component Listed as Carcinogen or Potential Carcinogen

Yes

No

No

Other Exposure Limits: None

Emergency & First Aid Procedures: In case of contact immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing & shoes. Call a Physician. If swallowed do not give emetics; if conscious give tap water, milk or Milk-of-Magnesia, call a physician.

SECTION 6 - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Unstable

Stable X

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid adding water to the acids, a large amount of heat may be produced.

Incompatibility (Material to Avoid): Contact of acid with organic material (such as chlorate, carbides, fulminates & picrates) may cause fires & explosions. Contact of acid with metals may form toxic sulfur dioxide fumes & flammable hydrogen gas.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Heat, Sulfur Dioxide & Hydrogen.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Not applicable for polymerization.

SECTION 7 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Steps to be taken in case material leaks or spills:

Wear protective equipment, ventilate area, cover the contaminated surface with Sodium Bicarbonate or soda ash-slake lime mixture (50/50). Mix & add water if necessary to form a slurry. Scoop up the slurry. Alternatively use J.T. Bakers Neutrasorb (product No. 4456).

Disposal Method: Dispose of wastes in accordance with Federal, State & local codes. Normal disposal includes neutralization & absorption in vermiculite, dry sand, earth or similar material.

SECTION 8 - PERSONAL PROTECTIVE INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection is not required under normal & intended uses. Self-contained breathing apparatus required during fire fighting & spill clean up.

Ventilation: Room ventilation is expected to be adequate except during spills or fires.

Protective Gloves: Required when contact with sulfuric acid exists

Eye Protection: Required when possibility of contact with sulfuric acid exists.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: An eye wash fountain & safety shower should be readily available where the potential for contact with sulfuric acid exists.

SECTION 9 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Precautions to be taken in handling & storing: Store & handle according to packaging instructions. Store in cool, well ventilated area. Keep away from reactive materials.

Other Precautions: Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Be prepared to neutralize & absorb spilled acid.

SECTION 10 - TRANSPORTATION IDENTIFICATION DOT - Carton & Case: "This package conforms to 49 CFR 173.4 CAS #: 7664-93-9

CAS #: 7664-93-9 50-00-0

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL DATA

To the best of our knowledge, the toxicological effects of this product have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL DATA

To the best of our knowledge, the ecological effects of this product have not been thoroughly investigated.