# SAFETY DATA Complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

Date of Prep:

1/14/93

#### SECTION 1

SUNNYSIDE CORPORATION 225 CARPENTER AVENUE WHEELING, ILLINOIS 60090 **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE** 

(708) 541-5700 (800) 424-9300 SUNNYSIDE CORPORATION

CHEM TREC

Product Class: Trade Name:

Petroleum Hydrocarbon

MINERAL SPIRITS

Manufacturer's Code:

803 Health: 1

NPCA HMIS:

Fire: 2 Reactivity: 0

Product Appearance and Odor: Clear, water-white liquid; petroleum odor.

### SECTION 2 -- HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

INGREDIENT

CAS #

**PERCENT** 

**ACGIH** 

**ACGIH OSHA** (TWA) <u>OSHA</u> (STEL)

VAPOR PRESSURE

FOR INFORMATION: (708) 541-5700

Mineral Spirits

64742-88-7

100 PPM

100 PPM

2.0 MM Hg @ 20° C.

(For Stoddard Solvent - CAS #8052-41-3)

#### **EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES** SECTION 3 --

Eve Contact:

Flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing/shoes. Flush skin with water. Follow by washing with soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention. Do not reuse clothing until cleaned.

Inhalation: Ingestion:

Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if not breathing.

Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into

the lungs. Get medical attention.

#### SECTION 4 -- PHYSICAL DATA

The following data represent approximate or typical values. They do not constitute product specifications.

**Boiling Range:** 

315-395° (F) Slower than ether

Vapor Density:

Evaporation Rate:

6.43 lbs.

Solubility in Water:

% Volatile By Volume:

Heavier than air Approx. 100%

Weight Per Gallon:

Negligible; less than 0.1%

# SECTION 5 -- FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Flammability Classification: Flash Point:

Combustible Liquid - Class II. 102°(F) Tag. Closed cup

Autoignition Temperature:

445°F

Lower Explosive Limit:

0.9%

Extinguishing Media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical, water spray. Do not use direct water stream; it will spread

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Do not store or mix with strong oxidants.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Use air-supplied rescue equipment for enclosed areas. Cool exposed containers with water.

#### SECTION 6 -- HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE:

See Section 2.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Eve Contact:

May cause irritation, discomfort, redness and swelling of the eye.

Skin Contact:

Inhalation:

Liquid is slightly irritating to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis.

Vapors may cause irritation to nose, throat and respiratory tract. High vapor concentrations may result in

central nervous system depression.

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TRADE NAME: Mineral Spirits

Ingestion:

Ingestion may result in vomiting, aspiration (breathing) of vomitus into the lungs must be avoided as even

small quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

Chronic:

Repeated skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis (skin condition).

Carcinogenicity:

This product has not been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

#### SECTION 7 -- REACTIVITY DATA

Stability:

Stable

Conditions to Avoid:

Heat, sparks and open flame.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

Strong oxidizing agents like liquid chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Thermal decomposition may yield carbon monoxide.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

#### SECTION 8 -- SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Steps to be taken in case material is spilled or released: Remove ignition sources, evacuate area, avoid breathing vapor or contact with liquid. Recover free liquid or stop leak if possible. Dike large spills and use absorbent material for small spills. Keep spilled material out of sewers, ditches and bodies of water.

Waste disposal method: Incinerate under safe conditions; dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

#### SECTION 9 -- SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection:

Appropriate vapor canister, self-contained breathing apparatus or supplied-air hose mask, if needed.

Ventilation:

Sufficient, in volume and pattern, to keep workroom concentration below current applicable OSHA safety and health requirements. See Section 2. Use explosion-proof equipment. No smoking.

Protective Gloves:

Eye Protection:

Other Protective Equipment:

Rubber or neoprene.

Chemical safety goggles.

Impervious clothing or boots, if needed.

# SECTION 10 -- SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Dept. of Labor Storage Category:

Combustible Liquid - Class II

Hygienic Practices:

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep containers closed when not in use. Avoid eye contact. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash skin with soap and water after contact.

Additional Precautions:

Ground containers when transferring liquid to prevent static accumulation and discharge.

**Empty Container Warning:** 

"Empty" containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death. Do not attempt to clean since residue is difficult to remove. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to supplier or disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

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# SECTION 11 -- ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

TOXIC CHEMICAL

CAS #

APPROXIMATE % BY WEIGHT

NONE

Sara Title III Hazard Categories: Immediate (Acute) Health, Delayed (Chronic) Health

Common Names: Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Aliphatic Hydrocarbon, Petroleum Distillate

California Proposition 65: This product contains trace amounts of benzene, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### **TRANSPORTATION**

D.O.T. Proper Shipping Name:

Petroleum Naphtha

D.O.T. Hazard Class:

Combustible Liquid

D.O.T. I.D. Number:

UN 1255

SUNNYSIDE CORPORATION 225 CARPENTER AVENUE WHEELING, IL 60090 March 19, 1993

PERSONNEL MGR OR SAFETY DIRECTOR
RISK MANAGEMENT OFFICE
UW-WHITEWATER
LIBRARY ROOM 2008
WHITEWATER WI 53190

SUNNYSIDE CORPORATION, AS WELL AS OTHER RESPONSIBLE DISTRIBUTORS OF PETROCHEMICALS, IS INTERESTED IN THE PROPER AND SAFE HANDLING OF OUR PRODUCTS BY OUR CUSTOMERS, THEIR EMPLOYEES AND OTHERS WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH THESE PRODUCTS. THEREFORE, WE URGE YOU TO CAREFULLY READ THE ENCLOSED MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (S). THIS INFORMATION SHOULD BE COMMUNICATED TO ALL SUBSEQUENT USERS OF THE PRODUCT. MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (S), AND OTHER INFORMATION ON ALL PRODUCTS WHICH WE SUPPLY ARE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST.

### DEFINITIONS OF TERMS THAT ARE NOT SELF-EXPLANATORY

TLV - THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: A SET OF STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY THE AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS (ACGIH) FOR AIRBORNE SUBSTANCES IN WORKROOM AIR; THEY ARE TIME-WEIGHTED AVERAGES BASED ON CONDITIONS WHICH IT IS BELIEVED THAT WORKERS MAY BE REPEATEDLY EXPOSED TO DAY AFTER DAY WITHOUT ADVERSE EFFECTS. TLV VALUES ARE INTENDED TO SERVE AS GUIDES IN CONTROL OF HEALTH HAZARDS, RATHER THAN DEFINITIVE MARKS BETWEEN SAFE AND DANGEROUS CONCENTRATIONS.

LEL - LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: THE MINIMUM CONCENTRATION OF VAPOR IN AIR, BELOW WHICH PROPAGATION OF FLAME DOES NOT OCCUR ON CONTACT WITH A SOURCE OF IGNITION. GENERALLY BASED UPON NORMAL ATMOSPHERIC TEMPERATURES AND PRESSURES, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. USUALLY, ELIMINATION OF ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION IS THE BEST METHOD OF FIRE PREVENTION.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION (OSHA CLASSIFICATION 29 CFR - 1910.106 (A) PARTS 18-19): SUSCEPTIBILITY TO BURNING IS THE BASIS FOR ASSIGNING DEGREES WITHIN THIS CATEGORY.

STABILITY: AN UNSTABLE PRODUCT IS ONE WHICH UNDER FORESEEABLE CONDITIONS OF USE OF STORAGE MAY CREATE A DANGEROUS CONDITION.

FLASH POINT: THE TEMPERATURE, IN DEGREES FAHRENHEIT, AT WHICH A LIQUID GIVES OFF SUFFICIENT VAPOR TO FORM A FLAMMABLE OR IGNITABLE MIXTURE WITH AIR. (TAG. CLOSED CUP DENOTES THE LABORATORY TEST METHOD THAT IS USED IN DETERMINING THE FLASH POINT.)

Enclosures: 803