Proposition 65 Data

If your business resides in the State of California or if you supply this product directly or indirectly into California, proposition 65, officially titled the California Safety Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, requires in part, that "No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to chemicals known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual..." (Section 14249.6). The act does not exempt from the warning requirement "an exposure for which the person responsible can show that the exposure poses no significant risk..." (Section 25249.10).

Based on available data, the following chemical(s) listed by the Governor of California may be present in this product:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Acrylate CAS 140-88-5</td>
<td>7-01-89</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Denotes chemicals listed as possible impurities.
* Not to be construed as specifications unless so indicated specifically.

Also note: Date column refers to the initial appearance of the chemical on the chemical list.

Section 313 Chemical Notification

(See inside page for itemization of kits)
This product contains the following listed chemical(s), subject to the reporting requirement of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>% by Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>94-36-0</td>
<td>Benzoyl Peroxide</td>
<td>&lt; 1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please be informed that if you repackage or redistribute this product to industrial customers, a notice similar to this one must be furnished them.

If you are unsure whether you must report, or if you require additional information, call the EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Hotline at (800) 330-0200 or (202) 379-2449 (in Washington, D.C. or Alaska). Your下游 suppliers should also be notifying you if Section 313 chemicals are present in their mixtures or trade name products sold you.
This MSDS additionally covers: Powder portions of lot #s 60, 99, 100, 105, 175 and 450.

RAWN CO., INC.
Subsidiary of the Triangle Corporation
Material Safety Data Sheet

Section I — Identification

Manufacturer's Name: RAWN COMPANY, INC.

Emergency Telephone Number:
Daytime: 715-335-8711 Nighttime: 800-235-3924

Address: 1302 South River Street, Sparta, WI 54656

Section II — Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components:
- Poly (Ethyl Methacrylate) and Vinyl Acrylate mixture
  - CAS #: 26572-20-3
  - Toxicity: 5 mg/m³ (OSHA PEL: 20 mg/m³)
  - Health: not established

RTECS: Carcinogen
- RTECS: Carcinogen
- RTECS: Carcinogen

Nursery and garden supplies
- Nursery and garden supplies
- Nursery and garden supplies

Manufacterer's recommended exposure limits are 2 ppm per 8-hour shift, TWA.

Section III — Physical/Chemical Characteristics

- Inorganic
- Non-volatile
- White powder, faint odor

Section IV — Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used):
- 540°F (ASTM D1929)

Flammable Limits: Data is unavailable

- USL: LEEL: not established

- Water, foam, dry chemical, CO2


- High temperatures decompose product. This material can be combusted only with difficulty to produce hazardous or toxic byproducts.

Section V — Reactivity Data

- Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Organic esters, methacrylates, carbon oxides, organic acids.
- Hydrolyzes slowly, alcohol.

- RTECS: Carcinogen
- RTECS: Carcinogen
- RTECS: Carcinogen

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid contact with reducing agents, accelerators, strong acids.

- RTECS: Carcinogen
- RTECS: Carcinogen
- RTECS: Carcinogen

Avoid temperatures over 240°F.

- RTECS: Carcinogen
- RTECS: Carcinogen
- RTECS: Carcinogen

Section VI — Health Hazard Data

See Attachment: This product contains <1% Ethyl Acrylate, a chemical which has been identified as a potential animal carcinogenic (Rat). Inadequate data is available to evaluate the carcinogenicity of this material in humans.

Steps to be Taken In Case Material is Released or Spilled: Carefully sweep up spillage material to prevent a slipping hazard.

Waste Disposal Method: Comply with all Federal, State or local regulations. Consult authorities for proper disposal procedures.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storage: Store away from high temperatures, moisture and containers.

Store out of direct sunlight, away from incompatibles.

Other Precautions: Avoid breathing of dust of this material, skin contact, contact with eyes. Use with good ventilation. Dust of this material can be explosive.

Section VII — Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type): Generally, normal ventilation for standard manufacturing practices is adequate. Wear a dust mask to avoid overexposure to nuisance particulates, dusts.

Ventilation: Local Exhaust, Recommended at processing site for dusts. Special, n/a

Section VIII — Disposal Data

- RTECS: Carcinogen
- RTECS: Carcinogen

Chemical safety classes: mat Process, Other, n/a

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: None normally required, but wear protective clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact during use.

Waste Disposal Practices: General hygienic practices include washing hands after use, before eating, drinking or smoking, with soap and water.

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty, either express or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable, however, each user should review these recommendations.
Benzoyl Peroxide on Inert Filler (Benzoyl Peroxide and Calcium Sulfate Dihydrate)

HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

SKIN
- Protracted skin contact may cause skin irritation and redness.

EYE
- Contact may cause eye irritation and/or damage.

INHALATION
- May cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

INGESTION
- May cause toxic effects.

TOXICITY
- LD50-/mL: Not a primary skin irritant or corrosive hazard for skin based on rabbit tests with 78% wet BPO.
- Draize Score - Unknown: Very irritating after 24 hour exposure, but not irritating after only 5 minutes (rabbit) for 78% wet BPO.
- LD50-AD: 24.2 mg/kg (rats, 4 hour exposure) 78% wet BPO was not a highly toxic substance.
- LD50-HD: At 5000 mg/kg level (rats), 78% wet BPO was deemed not a toxic substance.
- Mutagenicity was negative in the Ames test for 78% wet BPO. Benzoyl peroxide was given negative results in several skin painting studies (mice) and positive results in one such study (mice). The relevance of the positive result, if any, to humans is not known at this time.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

SKIN
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if indicated. Launder clothing before reuse.

EYE
- Immediately flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Contact lenses should be removed if the initial flush does not wash them out. Get medical attention.

INHALATION
- Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Give supplementary oxygen if indicated, get medical attention if indicated.

INGESTION
- Do not induce vomiting. Give plenty of water, get medical aid immediately. Contact local poison control center, rinse mouth.

Poly (Ethyl Methacrylate and Methyl Acrylate mixture) - Acrylic Resin

HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

ACUTE OR IMMEDIATE EFFECTS

INGESTION
- There is no information on the ingestion toxicity of this material. Ingestion is not a probable route of exposure. Toxicity is predicted to be low.

SKIN
- There is no data on the skin irritation or skin sensitization properties of this material. However, based on information for similar products, this material may cause irritation.

EYE
- Mechanical irritation only.

INHALATION
- Gross overexposure to nuisance particles, regardless of how generated, may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

FIRST AID AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

INGESTION
- No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion. Consult a physician if necessary.

SKIN
- Flush skin with water after contact. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If molten polymer gets onto skin, cool rapidly with cool water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burns.

EYE
- In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

INHALATION
- No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Consult a physician if necessary.