

Material Safety Data Sheet

May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.

U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration (Non-Mandatory Form) Form Approved OMB No. 1218-0072



IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List) Tru-Test Silicone Lubricant Note: Blank spaces are not permitted if any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.

Section I 7-9719 #461-1568 9/15/82
Manufacturer's Name Chase Product Company
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code) P.O. Box 70 Maywood, IL 60153
Emergency Telephone Number (312) 865-1000
Telephone Number for Information (312) 865-1000
Date Prepared 06/30/88
Signature of Preparer (optional)

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Table with 6 columns: Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity), CAS Reg. No., OSHA PEL, ACGIH TLV, Other Limits Recommended, % (optional). Rows include Chlorothene, Propane/n-Butane Propellant, and Blend.

Section III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point Chlorothene 75°C Specific Gravity (H2O = 1) Concentrate 1.04
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg) NA Melting Point NA
Vapor Density (AIR = 1) NA Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) Faster than Butyl Acetate
Solubility in Water Insoluble
Appearance and Odor Water-White liquid

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flame Projection: Below 18in. No flashback Flammable Limits NA LEL UEL
Extinguishing Media Foam, carbon, Dioxide, Dry Chemical.
Special Fire Fighting Procedures Water spray may be used to cool cans in the vicinity of fire or excessive heat.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards Temperatures above 120°F may cause cans to burst.

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Section V — Reactivity Data

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	X	Temperatures above 120°F.
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) Avoid heat, open flame and contact with strong oxidizing agents.			
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Thermal decomposition may yield toxic gases like Carbon monoxide, Hydrogen Chloride and very small amounts of phosgene.			
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	X	Temperatures above 120°F.

Section VI — Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry	Inhalation? yes	Skin? yes	Ingestion? no
Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) Acute: Prolonged inhalation of vapor or spray mist may cause headache, dizziness and nausea. Repeated contact of product with skin and eyes can cause irritation. Chronic: Not known.			
Carcinogenicity	NTP? no	IARC Monographs? no	OSHA Regulated? no

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure
Prolonged inhalation of vapor or spray mist may cause headache, dizziness and nausea. Repeated contact of product with skin and eyes can cause irritation.

Medical Conditions
Generally Aggravated by Exposure
Not known.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures
Remove victim to fresh air; give artificial respiration when necessary. Flush from eyes and skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation or injury develops.

Section VII — Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled
Soak up spill with chemically inert, absorbent material.

Waste Disposal Method
Dispose cans in non-incinerated trash only.

Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing
Keep can in a dry, cool place away from heat and open flame.
Keep out of reach of children.

Other Precautions
Do not deliberately inhale vapor or mist.
Avoid getting spray into eyes.

Section VIII — Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) None required if used with adequate ventilation.			
Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Preferred	Special
	Mechanical (General)	Optional	None
Protective Gloves	Polyvinyl alcohol plastic or neoprene.		Eye Protection Conventional eyeglasses to guard against unexpected splashing.
	None required.		
Other Protective Clothing or Equipment None required.			
Work Hygienic Practices NA			

Prepared by : Laura E. Radevski
Date prepared: June 30, 1988