MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR COATINGS, RESINS AND RELATED MATERIALS

Enameis 6-22M-10/90

MANUFACTURER: Tru-Test Manufacturing Company

EMERGENCY MEDICAL INFO: 1-800-228-5635

ADDRESS:

(Formerly General Paint & Chemical Co.) TECHNICAL INFORMATION: 1-708-639-5383

Cary, IL 60013

DATE OF PREPARATION:

July 25, 1990

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBERS

LEX-Line LEX-1, 2, 6, 7, 11, 14, 17, 21, 23, 24, 31, 41,42, 43, 46, 48

PRODUCT NAME

Tru-Test Supreme Hi-Q All Acrylic Latex Enamel

PRODUCT CLASS

Latex Gloss Enamel

-----WT %

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT / CAS. NO.

OCCUPATIONAL

VAPOR

EXPOSURE LIMITS

PRESSURE

TLV PPM PEL

mm Hg @ 20°C

(S)Diethylene Glycol Mono Ethyl Ether 111-90-0 1-5%

NE NE 0.12

(S) = This ingredient is subject to the reporting requirements of SEC. 313 SARA Title III

= Not applicable NE = Not established

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE 212 • FVAPOR DENSITY EVAPORATION RATE ° FASTER X SLOWER THAN ETHER

HEAVIER

X LIGHTER THAN AIR * % VOLATILE VOLUME

*WT/GAL lbs

Volatile Organic Content (VOC) less than 250 gm/L *varies with color

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

OSHA NA DOT NOT REG.

FLASH POINT NA LEL NA

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

& FOAM

d'ALCOHOL"

¥C02

DRY CHEMICAL

WATER FOG

OTHE:

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed

to extreme heat.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - Inhalation - Vapors or spray mists may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and mucous membranes of respiratory tract. Skin Contact - prolonged or repeated skin contact wth paint may cause skin irritation. Eye Contact - direct eye contact with paint will result in irration.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE: None known to General Paint & Chemical Co.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:

DERMAL

YINHALATION

INGESTION

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Inhalation - Remove to fresh air.

Skin Contact - Remove with soap & water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Eye Contact - Flush immemdiately with large amounts of water. See physician for medical treatment. Ingestion - Give lor 2 glasses of water to dilute. Do not induce vomitting. Call physician immediately.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY OUNSTABLE ASTABLE

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION DMAY OCCUR WILL NOT OCCUR HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED
Dike & contain spill with inert material (sand, earth, etc.). Transfer the liquid to
containers for recovery or disposal. Keep spill out of sewers and open bodies of water.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Liquid material and contaminated diking material should be landfilled according to current local, state and federal regulations.

SECTION VIII - SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION - When brushed or rolled none required if good ventilation maintained. During spray application, an approved mechanical filter respirator to remove airborn particles of overspray.

VENTILATION - Sufficient ventilation should be provided to keep the air contaminant concentration below current applicable OSHA permissable exposure limit or ACH1H: TLV limits. PROTECTIVE GLOVES - None equired.

EYE PROTECTION - Safety glasses including splash guards desirable to prevent contact with eyes.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT - Eyewash facility, protective clothing to avoid excessive HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands before eating, smoking or using washroom.

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

OTHER PRECAUTIONS - "KEEP FROM FREEZING" Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Do not take internally.