College of Letters and Sciences

Department of Social Work

Department of Social Work Bachelors in Social Work Field Program

Manual for Students, Faculty, & Field
Instructors

2023-2024

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FORWARD

This manual is a guideline for undergraduate social work field education for the Social Work Program at the University of Wisconsin-Whitewater. The purposes of this manual are to:

- (a) orient students, agency Field Instructors, and new faculty to the structure and process of the field education experience, and
- (b) outline the policies and procedures of participating field placement agencies, Field Instructors, Field Coordinator, and Faculty Field Liaisons relative to their role, responsibilities, and expectations in providing an educationally productive field experience for undergraduate social work students.

The Social Work Program wishes to emphasize that suggestions for revision to this manual are welcome.

A copy of this manual can be downloaded from the University of Wisconsin-Whitewater Department of Social Work website found at: http://www.uww.edu/field-program

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Section I

INTRODUCTION

The Department of Social Work at the University of Wisconsin-Whitewater (UWW) offers a bachelor's degree in social work (BSW). The program is accredited by the Council on Social Work Education (CSWE). The UWW Social Work program abides by the educational policy and accreditation standards (EPAS) set forth by CSWE¹.

The goal of undergraduate social work education is to prepare majors, upon graduation, to fulfill the responsibilities of beginning level generalist social work positions. In meeting this objective, a quality field placement experience is an essential part of baccalaureate social work preparation. The field placement is designed to provide students an opportunity to learn within an agency setting, and to employ the knowledge, skills, and values acquired through their on-campus course work.

Undergraduate social work education is considered a *professional* educational program and as such, field education is the capstone experience for students in the social work program at UW-Whitewater. Field education is an integral component of social work education and as such it is anchored in the mission, goals, and the program competencies. It is the point where students must demonstrate successful integration of academic content with the demands of the work environment. Under the supervision of experienced practitioners, students must demonstrate their ability to meet the specific competencies of the practicum as well as the expectations of agency, school, and profession.

MISSION STATEMENT OF THE SOCIAL WORK DEPARTMENT

The University of Wisconsin-Whitewater Bachelor's in Social Work program prepares students to be skilled generalist social work professionals by providing foundational knowledge in liberal arts, a person in environment approach, social work values and skills, and scientific inquiry. Through this preparation students develop the skills necessary to engage, assess, and intervene with vulnerable and diverse

individuals, groups, families, organizations, and communities, and promote social justice and the equality of life for all.

MISSION STATEMENT GOALS

- 1. Assist students (through coursework, advising, field education, and programming which includes student organizations, undergraduate research, etc.) in acquiring the necessary knowledge, values, and skills to graduate as beginning generalist social workers who practice with cultural humility.
- 2. Prepare students to demonstrate personal and professional integrity consistent with the NASW Professional Standards and Code of Ethics.
- 3. Teach students to advocate for all human rights and to stand up for marginalized and oppressed individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities using a diversity, equality and inclusion approach.
- 4. Partner students with social service agencies where they will collaborate with the agencies to promote effective and culturally sensitive social work practice.
- 5. Encourage students to engage with faculty in scholarly and creative activity, especially in areas that enhance social work practice, social welfare policy, and social work education.

SPECIFIED COMPETENCIES OF OUR EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

In accordance with CSWE (CSWE website and EPAS can be found at: https://www.cswe.org/accreditation/standards/2022-epas/), graduates of our social work program will be able to demonstrate the following competencies:

Competency 1: Demonstrate Ethical and Professional Behavior

Social workers:

- a. make ethical decisions by applying the standards of the National Association of Social Workers Code of Ethics, relevant laws and regulations, models for ethical decision making, ethical conduct of research, and additional codes of ethics within the profession as appropriate to the context;
- b. demonstrate professional behavior; appearance; and oral, written, and electronic communication;
- c. use technology ethically and appropriately to facilitate practice outcomes; and
- d. use supervision and consultation to guide professional judgment and behavior.

Competency 2: Advance Human Rights and Social, Racial, Economic, and Environmental Justice Social workers:

- a. advocate for human rights at the individual, family, group, organizational, and community system levels; and
- b. engage in practices that advance human rights to promote social, racial, economic, and environmental justice.

Competency 3: Engage Anti-Racism, Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (ADEI) in Practice Social workers:

- a. demonstrate anti-racist and anti-oppressive social work practice at the individual, family, group, organizational, community, research, and policy levels; and
- b. demonstrate cultural humility by applying critical reflection, self-awareness, and self-regulation to manage the influence of bias, power, privilege, and values in working with clients and constituencies, acknowledging them as experts of their own lived experiences.

Competency 4: Engage in Practice-informed Research and Research-informed PracticeSocial workers:

a. apply research findings to inform and improve practice, policy, and programs; and
b. identify ethical, culturally informed, anti-racist, and anti-oppressive strategies that address inherent biases for use in quantitative and qualitative research methods to advance the purposes of social work.

Competency 5: Engage in Policy Practice

Social workers:

- a. use social justice, anti-racist, and anti-oppressive lenses to assess how social welfare policies affect the delivery of and access to social services; and
- b. apply critical thinking to analyze, formulate, and advocate for policies that advance human rights and social, racial, economic, and environmental justice

Competency 6: Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities Social workers:

a. apply knowledge of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as interprofessional conceptual frameworks, to engage with clients and constituencies; and
b. use empathy, reflection, and interpersonal skills to engage in culturally responsive practice with clients and constituencies.

Competency 7: Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and CommunitiesSocial workers:

a. apply theories of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as other culturally responsive and interprofessional conceptual frameworks, when assessing clients and constituencies; and

b. demonstrate respect for client self-determination during the assessment process by collaborating with clients and constituencies in developing a mutually agreed-upon plan.

Competency 8: Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and CommunitiesSocial workers:

- a. engage with clients and constituencies to critically choose and implement culturally responsive, evidence-informed interventions to achieve client and constituency goals; and
- b. incorporate culturally responsive methods to negotiate, mediate, and advocate with and on behalf of clients and constituencies.

Competency 9: Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities

Social workers:

SOCWORK 371

- a. select and use culturally responsive methods for evaluation of outcomes; and
- b. critically analyze outcomes and apply evaluation findings to improve practice effectiveness with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities.

COURSE REQUIREMENTS IN SOCIAL WORK

LIBERAL ARTS BACKGROUND AND PREREQUISITE COURSES Individual and Society (PREREQ. FOR GENED 130 SOCWORK 311 & SOCWORK 371) OR **PSYCH 211** Introduction to Psychology American Government and Politics (PREREQUISITE FOR POLISCI 141 SOCWORK 462) ____ BIOLOGY 120 Biological Foundations (GRADUATION REQUIREMENT)* OR BIOLOGY 141 Introductory Biology (GL) or waiver *Must be completed successfully before taking the Social Work Field Experience course REQUIRED SOCIAL WORK COURSES SOCWORK 101 Introduction to the Social Work Profession PREREQ: Restricted to Social Work Majors; COREQ: SOCWORK 102 SOCWORK 102 Introduction to Social Welfare SOCWORK 311 Human Behavior and the Social Environment PREREQ: SOCWORK 102 (CAN BE TAKEN CONCURRENTLY)

Admission to the Professional Program Required before Following Courses Can be Taken

Social Work Practice I

 PREREQ: Admission to the Social Work Professional Program; SOCWORK 101 and SOCWORK 102; GENED 130/Psych 211; 2.5 Combined Cumulative GPA; COREQ: SOCWORK 311

SOCWORK 372 Social Work Practice II

• PREREQ: SOCWORK 311, SOCWORK 371, and 2.5 Combined Cumulative GPA

SOCWORK 402 Social Work Research

PREREQ: SOCWORK 102 and SOCWORK 311

SOCWORK 462 Social Welfare Policy

• PREREQ: SOCWORK 371 and POLISCI 141

SOCWORK 473 Social Work Practice III

• PREREQ: SOCWORK 372 and 2.25 Combined Cumulative GPA

SOCWORK 489 Senior Seminar in Social Work

• PREREQ: SOCWORK 372; COREQ: SOCWORK 473

SOCWORK 493 Social Work Field Experience (6-12 credit blocks)

 PREREQ: All other social work classes, unique requirements [see above], and 2.5 Combined Cumulative GPA

REQUIRED SOCIAL WORK COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

SOCWORK 101 Introduction to the Social Work Profession [1 credit]

This course is required for all social work majors as it introduces social work majors to the social work department, social work profession, code of ethics, critical thinking and social work writing skills.

SOCWORK 102 INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL WELFARE [3 CREDITS]

This course is an introduction to the history and philosophy of social welfare, to the social work profession, and to social institutions so that the students may enlarge their liberal arts education, gain understanding of contemporary social welfare problems and services, and begin to evaluate their personal values and convictions about social welfare issues.

SOCWORK 311 HUMAN BEHAVIOR AND THE SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT I [4 CREDITS]

This course is designed to provide students with an understanding of the processes of bio-psycho and sociocultural development from infancy to old age. Material is also presented on the social systems (families, groups, organizations, and communities) in which individuals live.

SOCWORK 371 SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE I [3 CREDITS]

This course presents contemporary theoretical approaches to social work practice with individuals, groups, families, organizations and communities. This course uses a competency approach to assess and develop student interviewing and interpersonal skills, emphasizing social work practice with individuals.

SOCWORK 372 SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE II [3 CREDITS]

This course is designed to provide knowledge and skills needed to engage in generalist social work practice, including further development of interviewing and interpersonal skills. The course has an emphasis on social work practice with groups and communities.

SOCWORK 402/602 SOCIAL WORK RESEARCH [4 CREDITS]

This course is designed to familiarize the student with basic concepts of social work research methods, statistics, and computer usage to develop competence in evaluating research practice and program evaluation.

SOCWORK 462/662 SOCIAL WELFARE POLICY [3 CREDITS]

This course is designed to provide students with knowledge about the process of social welfare policy formulation and implementation and with policy analysis skills. The effects of social welfare policies and organizations on both clients (especially the poor and minorities) and on workers will be emphasized.

SOCWORK 473/673 SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE III [3 CREDITS]

This course will cover advanced problem-solving approaches for intervention with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. The class will utilize simulated practice situations. The course has an emphasis on social work practice with families and organizations.

SOCWORK 489 SENIOR SEMINAR IN SOCIAL WORK [1 CREDIT]

The course prepares students for future options within the field of social work. Portfolio preparation (including resume) and presentation is emphasized as an essential element of making the transition to careers in the private and public sectors, as well as graduate studies.

SOCWORK 493 SOCIAL WORK EXPERIENCE ("FIELD PLACEMENT") [12 CREDITS]

To be assigned a field placement you must have successfully completed all required social work courses (Intro to the Profession, Intro to Social Welfare, HBSE I, Practice I, Practice II, Research, Policy, Senior Seminar, and Practice III) with a grade of "C" or above.

Field experience offers students the opportunity to test and demonstrate their generalist abilities and knowledge in a supervised educational setting. Students are placed in a variety of agencies, commensurate with their expressed desires and educational needs. Grades are based upon demonstration of knowledge, skills, performance of expected tasks, role performance, and so forth.

SEQUENCING AND PREREQUISITES FOR SOCIAL WORK COURSES

- Please note you need a C or better in your Social Work Classes to enroll in Field.
- You need a B or better in all social work classes to achieve advanced standing status in a graduate social work program with CSWE.
- You need to declare a minor (or have a double major) and meet the /double major requirements (number of credits/grade point average) to successfully graduate from the social work program.
- You need cumulative GPA of 2.5 to be enrolled in the Social Work Professional Program and field.

HUMAN BEHAVIOR

You need:

- 1. Introduction to Social Welfare (SOCWORK102) AND
- 2. Individual and Society: GENED 130 or Introduction to Psychology: PSYCH 211

You may take only one of the above courses at the same time as Human Behavior (SOCWORK 311)

Practice I

You need:

- 1. Human Behavior (which you can take also at the same time as Practice I). All prerequisites for Human Behavior must be completed before Practice I may be taken.
- 2. Completion of 60 credits.
- 3. A cumulative grade point average of 2.5, or 2.50 for the last two semesters, or a 2.75 GPA in the semester prior to applying, a minimum of 9 credits must be taken in these semesters. Note: This rule applies to all practice courses and to field placement.
- 4. Admission to the Professional Social Work Program.

Practice II

You need:

- 1. Practice I.
- 2. Admission to the Professional Social Work Program.

Research

You need:

1. May enroll concurrently with Practice I.

Policy

You need:

- 1. Practice I.
- 2. Political Science 141

Practice III

You need:

- 1. Practice II.
- 2. Admission to the Professional Social Work Program.
- 3. Must enroll concurrently with Senior Seminar (beginning Spring 2018).

Social Work Experience

You need:

- 1. Successful completion of all required social work courses.
- 2. Consent of Field Coordinator.
- 3. Admission to the Professional Social Work Program.

OVERVIEW OF THE DESIGN OF THE SOCIAL WORK CURRICULUM

The Department of Social Work notes that social work courses are built upon, and integrated with, the liberal arts content outlined earlier. In addition, the department emphasizes the interrelationships among human behavior, social policy, research, practice, and field placement content. The basic thrust of the curriculum is to prepare students for generalist practice. The social work program has adopted the following definition of generalist social work practice (following CSWE EPAS):

Generalist practice is grounded in the liberal arts and the person-in-environment framework. To promote human and social well-being, generalist practitioners use a range of prevention and intervention methods in their practice with diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities, based on scientific inquiry and best practices. The generalist practitioner identifies with the social work profession and applies ethical principles and critical thinking in practice at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels. Generalist practitioners engage diversity in their practice and advocate for human rights and social, racial, economic, and environmental justice. They recognize, support, and build on the strengths and resiliency of all human beings. They engage in research-informed practice and are proactive in responding to the impact of context on professional practice.

To further this preparation for generalist practice and provide the appropriate knowledge and skill base for social work, a specific curriculum has been developed. The curriculum is composed of several core areas and includes both courses outside the major as well as social work offerings. The background for social work practice requires broad exposure to a number of liberal arts disciplines including political science, psychology, sociology, English, biology, and speech. Courses in these areas complement and support the social work major which itself draws from other fields. Thus, the curriculum and supporting courses can be viewed as a total package designed to produce a competent beginning generalist social work practitioner. As such, the above concepts of generalist social work practice are incorporated across our entire required curriculum.

The required social work curriculum has been conceived as representing the core areas of Human Behavior in the Social Environment, Social Work Practice, Research, Social Welfare Policy and Service, and electives. It is possible to categorize most social work courses under one of these areas, although there is always overlap. A simplified categorization of our courses in the areas indicated is as follows:

HUMAN BEHAVIOR & SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT

SOCWORK 311 Human Behavior & Social Environment I GENED 130 Individual & Society or Psych 211 BIOLOGY 120 OR BIOLOGY 141 or Waiver

SOCIAL WELFARE POLICY & SERVICES

SOCWORK 102 Introduction to Social Welfare SOCWORK 462 Social Welfare Policy POLISCI 141 Political Science

FIELD WORK

SOCWORK 493 Social Work Experience

ELECTIVES IN THE PROGRAM

SOCWORK 235 Child Welfare

SOCWORK 241 Biology of Aging

SOCWORK 250 Social Work Statistics

SOCWORK 301 Assertiveness Training in the Helping Professions

SOCWORK 302 Grief Management in the Helping Professions

SOCWORK 303 Managing Stress and Burnout in the Helping Professions

SOCWORK 321 Immigration Today: Individual, Community, and Global Perspectives

SOCWORK 325 Social Work with Children and Adolescents

SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE

SOCWORK 371 Social Work Practice I SOCWORK 372 Social Work Practice II SOCWORK 473 Social Work Practice III

RESEARCH

SOCWORK 402 Social Work Research

SOCWORK 337 Introduction to Social Gerontology

SOCWORK 341 Sexuality for Professional Growth

SOCWORK 350 Psychopharmacology Basics for the Helping Professional

SOCWORK 360 Community Based Learning

SOCWORK 361 Community Based Learning in Aging and Health

SOCWORK 362 Health and Aging Policy

SOCWORK 375 Social Work Case Management

SOCWORK 380 Race, Ethnicity, and Social Justice for Helping Professionals

SOCWORK 430 Social Work Practice in Bereavement

SOCWORK 435 Social Work Practice with LGBTQ Population

SOCWORK 491 Travel Study

SOCWORK 498 Independent Study in Social Work

SOCWORK 498R Independent Study in Social Work - Undergraduate Research

Although this listing provides an abbreviated way of viewing the program, it is important to recognize that preparation for practice, by its very nature, requires an integration of curriculum content, somewhat blurring the distinction between areas. For example, the field experience portion of the curriculum is expected to integrate all of the areas. The ability to write and speak competently is required in all areas since these skills are important in all areas of social work practice. Ethical considerations are also applicable to all social work courses including research and social policy. Of course, research cannot be divided from theory or practice, and policy and practice are likewise related. In addition, practice is dependent upon knowledge of human behavior in the social and physical environment, and so it goes. As you can see, the dividing lines are not as sharp as one might suppose. As your course work progresses, many of these relationships will become clearer and your comprehension of the integrative nature of social work education will improve.

It should also be noted, consistent with the accreditation requirements of the Council on Social Work Education, every required social work course in the major has content on the following curriculum areas:

- Social Work Values and Ethics
- Diversity
- Culturally Competent Social Work Practice
- Promotion of Human Rights, Social, Economic, and Economic Justice

Section II

GENERAL AIMS OF UNDERGRADUATE FIELD PLACEMENT

Field placements are designed to promote professional competence which build on the student's prior social work coursework. As the signature pedagogy, field placements are to provide field students with supervised generalist practice experience in the application of knowledge, values and ethics, and practice skills to enhance the well-being of people.

Field placements must provide field students with opportunities for the development of an awareness of self in the process of intervention.

Field placements are designed to help field students integrate knowledge of social work practice to actual work situations that help to foster the integration of empirical and practice-based knowledge. This segment of the curriculum is designed to facilitate the integration of classroom knowledge (including but not limited to: human behavior, human development, diversity, social justice, interviewing skills, assessment skills, intervention skills, etc.) and theoretical discussions with the actual delivery of social work services with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Field placement learning experiences are likely to be specific to the respective agency but should also be generalizable to the entire social work profession.

The social work student should gain an understanding of the agency's formal organizational structure, its functions, and its methods of operation. This includes the social problems treated, characteristics of clients served, source of agency's funds, its relationship to other agencies in the community, and the community forces which affect the agency's organization and operation. If possible, it is desirable for students to observe and gain an understanding of some of the informal dynamics of the decision-making processes at work. This might include salary negotiations, how agency's policies to benefit clients (or staff) are changed, and how to influence political decision-makers and the broader community.

Field students should gain an initial understanding of the community and how it is affected by sociological, economic, and political variables. Students should gain a deeper understanding of the impact of social problems (e.g. delinquency, inadequate housing, family breakdown, and mental illness) upon individuals, families, and communities. Students need experience with, and exposure to, as great a diversity of clientele as possible. This means that the student should be provided the opportunity to work with clients and staff representing different cultural, ethnic, and racial groups. Additionally, to the extent possible,

students should have the opportunity to work with a wide variety of oppressed groups, including those characterized by gender, sexual orientation, race, and ethnicity.

The field student should gain an understanding of the role of a generalist social worker in the social agency, including the methods of change intervention used and the social worker's responsibilities and tasks.

The field student should relate to both clients and agency staff in order to test and develop techniques and skills necessary for practice in the social welfare field. These include observing, assessing, interviewing, organizing, planning, reporting, and evaluating their impressions both in written and oral form. The student should also assess their own practice and employ this insight in demonstrating professional growth. The social work student should be given case responsibilities including the opportunity to develop in-depth working relationships with clients. This objective may be the most important; skills and techniques developed through forming professional relationships are the core of social work practice and are generalizable to most other social work practice areas.

- 1. Field placements are designed to promote professional competence which build on the student's prior social work coursework. As the signature pedagogy, field placements are to provide field students with supervised generalist practice experience in the application of knowledge, values and ethics, and practice skills to enhance the well-being of people.
- 2. Field placements must provide field students with opportunities for the development of an awareness of self in the process of intervention.
- 3. Field placements are designed to help field students integrate knowledge of social work practice to actual work situations that help to foster the integration of empirical and practice-based knowledge. This segment of the curriculum is designed to facilitate the integration of classroom knowledge (including but not limited to: human behavior, human development, diversity, social justice, interviewing skills, assessment skills, intervention skills, etc.) and theoretical discussions with the actual delivery of social work services with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Field placement learning experiences are likely to be specific to the respective agency but should also be generalizable to the entire social work profession.

- 4. The social work student should gain an understanding of the agency's formal organizational structure, its functions, and its methods of operation. This includes the social problems treated, characteristics of clients served, source of agency's funds, its relationship to other agencies in the community, and the community forces which affect the agency's organization and operation. If possible, it is desirable for students to observe and gain an understanding of some of the informal dynamics of the decision-making processes at work. This might include salary negotiations, how agency's policies to benefit clients (or staff) are changed, and how to influence political decision-makers and the broader community.
- 5. Field students should gain an initial understanding of the community and how it is affected by sociological, economic, and political variables. Students should gain a deeper understanding of the impact of social problems (e.g. delinquency, inadequate housing, family breakdown, and mental illness) upon individuals, families, and communities. Students need experience with, and exposure to, as great a diversity of clientele as possible. This means that the student should be provided the opportunity to work with clients and staff representing different cultural, ethnic, and racial groups. Additionally, to the extent possible, students should have the opportunity to work with a wide variety of oppressed groups, including those characterized by gender, sexual orientation, race, and ethnicity.
- 6. The field student should gain an understanding of the role of a generalist social worker in the social agency, including the methods of change intervention used and the social worker's responsibilities and tasks.
- 7. The field student should relate to both clients and agency staff in order to test and develop techniques and skills necessary for practice in the social welfare field. These include observing, assessing, interviewing, organizing, counseling, planning, reporting, and evaluating their impressions both in written and oral form. The student should also assess their own practice and employ this insight in demonstrating professional growth. The social work student should be given case responsibilities including the opportunity to develop in-depth working relationships with clients. This objective may be the most important; skills and techniques developed through forming professional relationships are the core of social work practice and are generalizable to most other social work practice areas.
- 8. Field students should become aware of and analyze their own value orientations and feelings about clients and their problems.

- 9. Field students should engage in research in which they assess the effectiveness of their own interventions. Field students should also be involved in other research activities within the agency.
- 10. The field student should be able to assess their own potential as a professional social worker. This includes insight into their own satisfactions and dissatisfactions as well as professional motivations and frustrations.
- 11. Field students should be provided opportunities for critical assessment, implementation, and evaluation of agency policy within ethical guidelines.
- 12. Field students are required to have professional supervision (from the agency and from our social work department) to enhance learning.
- 13. Field students should be provided opportunities to use oral and written professional communication(s) which are consistent with the argot of the practicum setting and of the profession.

By the end of the field placement, field students should be ready to assume the responsibilities of a beginning level social work position. Prior to that time, whenever a limitation or obstacle to this goal is recognized, the Field Instructor and the Field Faculty Liaison should develop a program with the student designed to rectify the limitation.

INTEGRATION OF CLASSROOM CURRICULUM AND FIELD EXPERIENCE

The generalist social work practice knowledge that is learned in the classroom is connected to the field experience in numerous ways. First, students have completed practice courses, allowing students to apply what they learned in their classes with their current field experience.

The Learning Agreement requires the field student to identify objectives and activities in the field experience related to each of the nine competencies. The Learning Agreement states that field students are expected to gain experiences working with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. In using the first competency Demonstrate Ethical and Professional Behavior as an example, in the first year (non-specialization year) the student will be introduced the NASW Code of Ethics and the concept of professionalism through course readings in Social Work 311 Human Behavior in the Social Environment. They will also: present as a professional while completing the legislative testimony project in Social Work 642 Social Welfare Policy, will practice being professional in leading a group including

professional appearance and demeanor in Social Work 372 Practice with Groups and Families, and students will read materials and apply an ethical dilemma model to ethical dilemma scenarios in Social Work 473 Practice with Communities and Organizations. The Learning Agreement connects this content to the field experience by having the field student identify an objective and activities that will demonstrate that they understand the value base of the profession and its ethical standards. An example of an objective in the Learning Agreement would be that the field student would demonstrate knowledge of the NASW Code of Ethics and will review ethical dilemmas they are encountering with their Field Instructor. The activities that the student would engage in during their field experience would be reviewing the NASW Code of Ethics, understanding an ethical dilemma model, and be prepared to discuss this during supervision with the Field Instructor. The student would be connecting the knowledge gained in the course curriculum to experiences they are having in their field experience.

Another way the generalist knowledge that is learned in the classroom is connected to the field experience is the Weekly Field Log. The Weekly Field Log is completed by the field student at all levels in the program and is reviewed by the Faculty Field Liaison. The Weekly Field Log requires the field student to discuss a synopsis of the week's activities including discussing client diagnosis and treatment modalities used during the week, the social work roles performed, the application of practice, demonstrating learning by sharing topics they may need to research and improve their knowledge about the population they are working with, what they would have done differently, and reflection on their self-care plan.

The Field Integration Assignments are part of the requirements for the field experience. The Field Integration Assignments connect the generalist social work knowledge learned in the classroom to the field experience. One of the Field Integration Assignments has the student identify the different types of diversity at their field placement and discuss how diversity is integrated into the work environment and has the student complete an assessment on the cultural competency of the agency. In Social Work 473 Social Work Practice with Communities and Organizations the students read a chapter titled "Advocacy and Social Action with Populations at Risk" to learn ways to advocate for diverse population. The Field Integration Assignments relate the content learned in these courses with the experience the student is having in engaging in diversity and difference in their field placement.

The Field Seminar classes facilitated by the Faculty Field Liaison and the field site visits completed by the Faculty Field Liaison provide additional opportunities for connecting the content learned in the social work curriculum and experiences the student is having during the field experience. The discussions in the field seminar classes and during the field site visits focus on having the student reflect on the content they learned in the classroom as it connects to the experiences they are having during their field

placement. An example of this would be at a field site visit the Faculty Field Liaison reviews the Learning Agreement and the Field Evaluation Tool with the field student and their Field Instructor. The Learning Agreement and the Field Evaluation Tool review and address all nine of the competencies. This review includes having the student identify content learned in the classroom and reflecting on how they have used this knowledge in their field placement experience. In Social Work 371 Social Work Practice with Individuals the students complete a self-awareness Ecological Map assignment and reflect on their own perceptions of diversity and how this will impact the student as a professional social worker. The student is utilizing what was learned about their professional self by completing the Ecological Map and applying it to their professional use of self in the field experience. The field seminar class and the field site visits are a time for students to reflect on their understanding of professional self and social work theories and how these concepts influencing their field experience.

Section III

FIELD PLACEMENT FORMATS

Three distinct options exist for field placement; and each requires that students complete a total of **480** hours in the field practicum. These options include:

- 1. A block-field placement in a regular semester (fall or spring) in which a student spends four full days at an agency (32 hours per week) earning 12 credits that semester (total hours required: 480).
 - When completing a block placement your midterm evaluation (please see Field Evaluation Form Appendix page 77-85) is scheduled when you reach approximately 200 hours. Final evaluation will take place during the last weeks of your placement.
 - We generally encourage students to take the block field placement. In a block field placement, you are at an agency 4 to 5 days per week, you tend to get more involved, have a greater commitment to your placement, become more aware of what goes on at an agency during each week, and you are much more available to see clients.
- 2. A two-semester placement in which the student spends two days (16-20 hours per week) at an agency earning 6 credits/semester. Days of the week are flexible at an agency, but students are generally encouraged to clear their schedules for placement on Tuesday and Thursday (total hours required upon completion of both semesters: 480, students need to complete 240 hours each semester).
 - Completing a two-semester placement makes it possible for students to take classes during the semester; however, students are reminded that ALL required social work classes must be successfully completed (with a grade of "C" or above) before you can do a field placement.
 - When completing a two-semester placement the midterm evaluation will take place during your first semester. During your second semester, your final evaluation will be scheduled during the last weeks of your placement.
- 3. A block field placement in the summer where a student usually spends five full days (40 hours per week) at an agency for at least 12 weeks, earning 12 credits (total hours required: 480).
 Requirements and procedures for completing the field placement in the summer are the same as completion during the academic year.

Because of the number of prerequisite courses, students enroll in field placement in their senior year in college.

FIELD PLACEMENT SITES

Students are invited to identify client populations and settings in which they wish to complete the field practicum.

EXAMPLES OF GENERALIST AGENCIES ACCEPTING STUDENTS FOR FIELD PLACEMENT ARE:

Addictions and Physical Dependence/AODA

Administration

Advocacy

Aging and Gerontology

Child Welfare

Community Development

Community Mental Health

Corrections and Criminal Justice

Developmental Disabilities

Displaced Persons and Homeless

Domestic Violence or Violence

Family Services

Global and International

Healthcare: Integrative Health & Mental Health

Immigration and Refugee Work

LGBTO

Military Social Work

Occupational or Rehabilitation

Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder/Veterans

Program Evaluation

Public Assistance and Welfare

School Social Work

Social Policy

Other

The UWW Field Program places the majority of students within a field agency located within 75-miles of where they are residing. While students are afforded the opportunity to identify three desired agencies and every effort will be made to place the student into one of the desired agencies, it is possible the student may be placed in an alternate placement site. There are many reasons placement in a desired site may not be possible, such as the agency is unable to supervise a student during a given semester or the agency has other obligations (e.g., already supervising student from another school) that prohibit it from working with a student; therefore, students are encouraged to remain flexible during the placement process. It is important to note that students who request a placement outside of this radius are expected to work closely with the Field Coordinator/Faculty Field Liaison in locating agencies and assisting with setting up the

placement (however the student is still not allowed to set up an interview until given permission from the Field Coordinator/Faculty Field Liaison).

AGENCIES NOT ON LIST OF CONTRACTED AGENCIES

Sometimes students identify an agency that is of great interest that may not be on the list of contracted agencies maintained by the field coordinator which is shared with faculty field liaisons. This may be due to volunteerism at an agency or involvement in an agency through other opportunities. If a student is interested in an agency that is not on the list of contacted agencies, the student should contact the faculty field liaison and then the field coordinator with the contact information name of agency, contact person, phone number etc. The field coordinator will then contact the agency to see if the field site reinforces the purpose, values, and ethics of the profession. The field coordinator may do this with a phone interview where they will go over the expectations for becoming a field placement site; including the criteria for becoming a field instructor. If appropriate, the field coordinator may also visit the field placement in person.

If the agency is deemed appropriate (see sections "requirements for field agency site" and "field agency instructor") and the agency agrees to serve as a field placement site, the agency will be included on the list of contracted agencies. The faculty liaison may also pursue placing the student at the new field site. Students should keep in mind that placement at a new field agency is often a lengthier process.

FIELD PLACEMENT SITE LOCATION

The UWW Department of Social Work Field Program has relationships with agencies in Wisconsin and Northern Illinois/Chicago area. Field placement agencies are located within approximately a 75-mile radius of where the student is living. The program continues to expand into Northern and Central Wisconsin. We are willing to work with students to find placements in these agencies.

OUT OF STATE FIELD PLACEMENT SITES

The Field Program does not have relationships with agencies outside of Wisconsin or Northern Illinois/Chicago areas. In instances where this is needed, the Field Coordinator will work with the student in identifying agencies. The student will be expected to assist the Field Coordinator in locating an agency and ensuring proper supervision/oversight is in place.

INTERNATIONAL FIELD PLACEMENT SITES

The Field Program does not have or offer international placements at this time.

FIELD PLACEMENT PROCESS

It is an expectation of the field student to demonstrate professional and ethical social work behavior during the field placement process. The following steps outline the field placement process for students:

Criteria for Admission into Field Education:

1. <u>All</u> social work courses must be completed with a grade of a C or better, and student must have a 2.5 overall grade point average before they can begin the field placement. There are no exceptions to this rule. If you have an incomplete in a social work course, the student will need to complete it prior to starting their field placement.

Students Orientation to Field Placement

- 1. Students begin their orientation to field placement the semester prior to actually entering the field. At this point, the Field Coordinator and the Faculty Liaisons meet with students at the Field Orientation Meeting to explain the entire practicum process. Students are provided information on expectations held by all parties. This includes the students reading and signing a "Field Placement Agreement Form" which lists the academic/nonacademic expectations regarding field placement (See Field Manual). In addition, students are required to read and sign a "Code of Conduct Form" pertaining to professional and ethical behaviors while in their placement. Both forms can be found in the Field Manual.
- 2. In addition, they are oriented to the placement process, the experiences available in each agency, liability issues, and other professional matters. Students are asked to make a tentative choice of three agencies. We ask students to explore the agencies they are interested in, related to their specialization, by going on the internet or setting up a time (if the agency agrees) to job shadow for a day. Students discuss their interests further with a faculty liaison to see if it's a "good fit." Once the student and field liaison have agreed upon an agency, the liaison contacts that agency to explore its interest in having a placement. After an agency agrees to pursue the possibility further, the student has an interview with the prospective field instructor. This interview helps orient the student to the placement and to identify their specific interests and learning objectives. An interview satisfactory to both parties usually results in a placement in the succeeding semester or summer.

Selecting Field Placements:

- 1. Field students are required to begin the placement process while in the Social Work 489 Senior Seminar in Social Work class.
 - a. Students are not to set up field placements on their own; all field placements are set up by the social work department.
 - b. Students need to wait until their Social Work 489 Senior Seminar class to start the field placement process.
- 2. The Field Coordinator and the Instructor of the Social Work 489 Senior Seminar in Social Work class will complete an orientation to the field experience and provide support during the field placement application process.
- 3. The field student will be required to complete the Electronic Request for Field Placement forms, a link can be found online at the Social Work Department Website or on Canvas.
 - a. As part of this process, students are to identify three areas/field of social work (exchild welfare, geriatric, economic support, etc.) and potential agencies. Faculty Field Liaisons work hard to find students field placements in one of the students preferred areas.
 - i. Students need to be aware that faculty cannot ensure a placement at those sites. It is also important to note, that when a student lists a specific agency, the student is committing to a placement at the agency if one comes open. Therefore, it is important for students to thoroughly research placement options.
 - b. Note that it is important to include any reasonable modifications that the student may need to be successful in their field placement. This may include any supports they may have received from the Center for Students with Disabilities that may also be helpful in successfully completing their field placement.
 - c. Students are required to share any current, pending, or past criminal charges. It is important to know this legal information to ensure the success of the field placement process.
 - d. The field student must notify the Field Coordinator on the Request for Field Placement form if the field placement is going to be a block of two-semester placement.

- 4. It is important to know where the field student will be living during their field placement while completing the Request for Field Placement so that the desired geographic location of the field agency can be determined. Once the Request for Field Placement is completed this geographic location <u>will not be allowed</u> to be changed unless the Faculty Field Liaison allows a change due to extenuating circumstances.
- 5. The Field Coordinator will review the Request for Field Placement and assign a Faculty Field Liaison to work with the field student in finding the field placement.
- 6. The Faculty Field Liaison takes the lead in securing the field placement. The field student is not allowed to look for field agencies on their own, including calling or talking with field agencies (or having someone else call agencies on the student's behalf, without prior permission of the Faculty Field Liaison).
- 7. The Faculty Field Liaison will determine the best field placement site for the field student based on the field student's request for geographical location, service areas desired, and the agency preference list.
- 8. The field student is responsible to be in constant, respectful, and professional communication with the Faculty Field Liaison including checking emails (sent to your UWW email address) and phone messages daily, and returning communication within a timely manner.
- 9. The Faculty Field Liaison contacts the prospective agency Field Instructor to determine if the agency is interested in interviewing one or more students for the upcoming semester. If the agency is interested, the student is asked to call the Field Instructor to arrange for an interview. (Prior to this interview agency Field Instructors may ask the students to send, or bring along, a resume illustrating course preparation, work and volunteer experiences, and career interests.) If, after the interview, both the agency and student view the prospective placement positively, the student's placement at that agency is arranged. If either the agency or the student has serious reservations, then the student interviews at a different agency.
 - a. Students are not allowed to interview at several agencies. Typically, when interview is viewed positively by the placement site and the student, the student is expected to accept the placement. Only on rare occasions are students allowed to attend a second interview.

- 10. The field student should attend the scheduled interview and communicate with the Faculty Field Liaison immediately after the interview indicating how the interview went.
- 11. Some field placement sites may request additional requirements for the field placement process (for example completing an application, completing a background check, providing documentation of medical records, providing references, or completing a drug screen). It is the responsibility of the student to complete and be financially responsible for the additional requirements requested for the field placement.
- 12. When the field placement is confirmed, the field student will fill out the online Field Placement Face Sheet (please see Appendix page 66-68) indicating the Field Instructor information and documenting the start date of field placement.
 - a. This online form must be completed as soon as possible once the placement is set so we can ensure there is a current contract with the agency and that the Field Instructor gets the training materials before the field student begins their placement.
- 13. The field student is required to be enrolled in Social Work 493 Social Work Experience prior to starting the field placement. Social Work 493 Social Work Experience is a 6-12 credit course.
 - a. You will receive an email from the ADA with instructions for registering for the correct section of SOCWORK 493 once you have been given permission in WINS to enroll.

Section IV

IDENTIFYING, APPROVING, AND ENGAGING WITH FIELD EDUCATION SETTINGS

The Department of Social Work has had long standing agreements with many agencies in the area. However, new agencies are always identified through recommendations by faculty, advisory board members, students, or through contacting the department directly. The Department of Social Work approves agencies to serve as field placement sites when it believes the agency will reinforce students' identification with the purposes, values, and ethics of the profession. In addition, the agency offers the potential for providing high quality field experiences for students, including face-to-face contact with clients. Agencies are expected to provide a variety of learning experiences representing the breadth of social work practice and are designed to promote professional competence. Agencies are also expected to support the Field Instructors who provide this service to the profession. Prospective field agencies will be evaluated in terms of their consonance with our social work program's goals, competencies, and mission; their appropriateness for specific learning experiences; their ability to provide educationally directed field instruction; and their clear articulation of student learning in proposed tasks to be assigned. Agencies also are expected to adhere to the following policy:

POLICY

- The field agency must participate in an orientation to the Department of Social Work field program.
- The field agency must be willing to allow an on-site or virtual visit prior to being approved as a field site.
- The field agency must be willing to allow an on-site or virtual visit to complete mid-term and final evaluations or to hold additional meetings between the student, Field Instructor, and Faculty Field Liaison.
- The field agency must agree to adhere to the BSW Field Handbook which is emailed to them at the time they agree to be a field partner.
- The field agency must be committed to social work education and demonstrate effectiveness in providing a relevant field experience.
- The field agency reinforces identification with the purpose, values and ethics of the social work profession.
- The field agency should provide students with an appropriate orientation to the agency as well as training for the required duties assigned during their field placement.
- The field agency supports students to ensure the development of competencies through in-person contact, which includes face-to-face contact with clients or constituents (either in person or using digital technologies).
- The field agency's function should be compatible with the values and ethics of the social work profession, and with the UW-Whitewater Department of Social Work and Field Program's mission statements.
- The program services should provide opportunities for students to develop and enhance their professional social work competencies.
- The field agency has a willingness to include students in appropriate staff meetings, in-service activities, and community service activities.

- The field agency has suitable space and working facilities should be available for students. The School recognizes that students may have to share space/desks because of the lack of space.
- The field agency is willing to sign the Field Agreement form and to fill out the Field Data Form.
- The field agency is willing to sign an articulation agreement.
- At the time of the final field visit, the Faculty Field Liaison and the Field Instructor should meet to evaluate the field placements based on their consistency with program competencies.

The field agency will be encouraged to evaluate the Faculty Field Liaison performance through a survey sent via email at the end of the student's field placement by the program coordinator.

FIELD PLACEMENTS AT STUDENT'S PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT

Occasionally a student will inquire whether or not they can do their field placement at their place of employment. In some cases, the answer may be "Yes." However, the place of employment must meet all expectations of being a Field Agency as other agencies (as identified prior in this document). Additionally, the student must have new responsibilities or a new role at their place of employment to count it as a field placement. Students are not allowed to use their current jobs. Please see the section on "Field Placement at Place of Employment" in Appendix on page 89-91 for more information.

ADDITIONAL EVALUATIVE CRITERIA

The student will evaluate the Faculty Field Liaison, Field Instructor, and Field Site at the end of the semester as part of the required social work program exit survey.

IDENTIFYING FIELD INSTRUCTORS

Field Instructors must have at least a bachelor level social work degree (BSW) from an accredited CSWE school or recognized through CSWE's International Social Work Degree Recognition and Evaluation Service [ISWDRES] or covered under a memorandum of understanding with the social work accreditor in Canada),. Individuals who hold only a master degree in social work (MSW) from an accredited CSWE school or recognized through CSWE's International Social Work Degree Recognition and Evaluation Service [ISWDRES] or covered under a memorandum of understanding with the social work accreditor in Canada), are also eligible to serve a Field Instructor. Field Instructors must also demonstrate an interest in serving in a teaching role with students. Agency staff persons desiring to serve as a Field Instructor are selected following a review of their interest, training, experience, academic preparation, and ability to provide appropriate supervision for students. Agency administrators should participate in this selection process.

In instances where the Field Instructor does not hold a BSW/MSW from an accredited CSWE school, the social work program can exercise several options depending upon the need. In programs where a Field Instructor does not have a BSW/MSW, co-supervision by a BSW/MSW and the non-social work Field

Instructor may be established. Assignment of the student to a BSW/MSW for a portion of the field experience or for specific learning experiences may be accomplished. In other instances, the agency may maintain a file of the student's work for periodic review and feedback from the Faculty Field Liaison; and in still other cases, more frequent meetings between student and Faculty Field Liaison are required. In all cases, the social work program assumes responsibility for reinforcing a social work perspective. The focus is on providing students with professional modeling and supervision appropriate to social work practice.

In addition, those seeking to become Field Instructors will also be willing to adhere to the following policy:

FIELD INSTRUCTOR POLICY

- 1. Participate in orientation to the Department of Social Work field program the semester prior to taking a student.
- 2. Willingness to read and adhere to the BSW Field Handbook.
- 3. Ability to reinforce the student's identification with the purposes, values, and ethics of the profession.
- 4. Willingness to assist the student with the integration of acquired empirical and practice-based knowledge into their field experience.
- 5. Ability to organize learning tasks and serve in a teaching role.
- 6. Time to devote to the student, at least 1 hour of supervision per week.
- 7. Ability to serve as a role model for students in terms of the sharing of knowledge and skills, a positive attitude toward issues in the profession, and identification with student needs and interests.
- 8. Adherence to the NASW Code of Ethics.
- 9. A BSW/MSW degree in Social Work. Field Instructors should have been working in a social work position for at least 2 years post-graduation.
- 10. In those placement situations where BSW/MSW supervision is not directly available, but an individual possesses the personal qualifications for field supervision, arrangements must be made for a qualified BSW/MSW person to assume basic planning and evaluation of the field experience. Preferably this individual would come from the field agency but could be in a similar setting.
- 11. The credentials of the Field Instructors will be documented on the Learning Agreement. The Field Instructor will sign a statement confirming their degree and credentials. The Field Coordinator will verify the criteria of each Field Instructor by reviewing this information. Please see the Appendix for the Learning Agreement page 69-74.
- 12. Agree to complete the Field Instructor's Orientation Training (materials provided via email).
- 13. Field Instructors will be evaluated by the field student upon completion of the field placement via questions on the required social work department exit survey. Please see Appendix page 86-88 with questions.

Although this listing provides an abbreviated way of viewing the program, it is important to recognize that preparation for practice, by its very nature, requires an integration of curriculum content, somewhat blurring the distinction between areas. For example, the field experience portion of the curriculum is

expected to integrate all of the areas. For example, students might engage in one on one meetings with clients, lead groups, provide education to families, evaluate agencies, learn agency policies, evaluate local/state/federal policies, etc.. Ethical considerations are also applicable to all social work courses including research and social policy. Of course, research cannot be divided from theory or practice, and policy and practice are likewise related. In addition, practice is dependent upon knowledge of human behavior in the social and physical environment and so it goes. As you can see, the dividing lines are not as sharp as one might suppose.

FORMAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN PROGRAM AND AGENCIES

A copy of the formal agreement between the Department of Social Work and field placement agencies follows:

AGENCY-SCHOOL CONTRACT

The primary competencies of field placement are outlined in the attached contract:

AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN ON BEHALF OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-WHITEWATER FOR THE CONDUCT OF A FIELD EDUCATION PROGRAM:

This agreem	ent is	between the Board of Re	gents of the Un	iversity of	Wiscor	ısin Sy	rstem on behalf o	of the
University	of	Wisconsin-Whitewater	(hereinafter	referred	to	as	"University")	and
(hereinafter referred to as "Facility").								

In consideration of the mutual benefits to the respective parties, any and all departments of the University wishing to enter into a field education program with the Facility, and the Facility agree to the terms set forth below.

THE UNIVERSITY AGREES:

That each school or college of the University wishing to participate in a field placement program with the Facility will annually provide the Facility with a Program Memorandum, detailing the academic content of the proposed program. Upon acceptance of this Program Memorandum as provided hereafter, it shall become a part of this agreement and shall be incorporated by reference. The Program Memorandum will include discussion of program concepts; the controls which the University and the Facility may exercise or are required to exercise; the rights of the Facility to send representatives to review the University's program; the number of students to be assigned, the qualifications of those students and the schedules of those students; and/or any other matters pertaining to the specific program proposed by the department. To recognize within the extent and limitations of Secs. 895.46(1) and 893.82, Wis. Stats., that the State will pay judgments for damages and costs against its officers, employees and agents arising out of their activities while within the scope of their assigned responsibility in the program at the Facility.

To provide the Facility with a listing of students who will be participating under the program and to update that listing periodically.

THE FACILITY AGREES:

To review any Program Memorandum concerning any field placement program which is submitted by a school or college of the University. Upon review, the Facility will notify the school or college of its acceptance or rejection of the academic program proposal.

Not to accept students as participants in the program unless the student is certified as a program participant in writing by the appropriate field work coordinator of a particular University school or college.

THE UNIVERSITY AND THE FACILITY JOINTLY AGREE:

That there shall be no discrimination against students on the basis of the students' race, color, creed, religion, sex, national origin, disability, ancestry, age, sexual orientation, pregnancy, marital status or parental status.

That the State will indemnify University employees, officers, and agents (students in required training, a credit program, or required for graduation) against liability for damages arising out of their activity while acting within the scope of their respective employment or agency, pursuant to secs.895.46(1) and 893.82, Stats.

That the Facility will indemnify its employees, officers and agents against liability for damages arising out of their activity while acting within the scope of their respective employment or agency, either by providing insurance or for political subdivisions of the State of Wisconsin pursuant to sec.895.46, Stats. By executing this agreement, neither the University nor the Facility waives any constitutional, statutory or common law defenses, nor shall the provisions of agreement create any rights in any third party. This agreement shall be construed and governed by the laws of the State of Wisconsin.

TERM OF AGREEMENT:

This agreement shall be for a term of five years, commencing at the time the contract is signed. It may be terminated solely by written notice, one year in advance, by either party to the designated agent of the other.

Program Memoranda presented by the University and accepted by the Facility shall be for a term of no longer than one year. They may be renewed upon mutual agreement. Such Program Memoranda do not require the further approval of either party provided they contain provisions relating solely to program arrangements and content.

All such Program Memoranda must be approved by the respective school or college within the University. Such Memoranda shall be effective for a period of one year.

All fully executed Program Memoranda shall be	e incorporated by reference and bed	come a part of t	his
FOR THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE		agreement if	not
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN SYSTEM:	FOR THE FACILITY:	inconsistent	
		any man	ner
		with t	this
Signature of Authorized Official Date	Signature of Authorized Official Da	te agreement.	
Name and Title (type or print)	Name and Title (type or print)		

ORIENTATING AND ENGAGING WITH FIELD INSTRUCTORS

Field Instructor Orientation Training

At the beginning of the semester, the Field Coordinator orients all of the Field Instructors regarding expectations and individual student needs. These meetings have taken place in a face-to-face meeting on campus, an individual meeting at the Field Instructor's agency, or a group skype training. These meetings are also recorded and shared with Field Instructors as needed. All agencies are provided with copies of the field manual and field training PowerPoint at this time. The Field Instructor Training includes: an overview and mission of the BSW Social Work Program, the CSWE Competencies and EPAS requirements, the application of knowledge, values and skills and the Field Instructor role during supervision, the expectations of the Field Instructor (ex: completing the learning agreement, providing learning opportunities, addressing concerns with student performance, and safety guidelines), the expectations of the Faculty Field Liaison, the expectations of the field student, and overview of the Learning Agreement, Student Field Evaluation, and Student Weekly Log. The Social Work Department keeps documentation of who has attended the trainings. Each semester a Field Instructor has a student they receive a copy of the Field Manual ant the BSW Field Instructor Training materials.

Additionally, the Social Work Department also offers Community Partners Training opportunities for the Field Instructors to enhance their education and to obtain continuing education credits. Some of these trainings have included: Wisconsin Boundaries and Ethics, Sex-Trafficking, and Trauma Informed Care, and Compassion Resilience.

Engaging and Continuing Dialog with Field Instructors

Faculty Field Liaison and the Field Coordinator work hard to engage with and continue dialog with field settings. Communication starts when a field setting is developed. The Field Coordinator starts communication with an agency through orientation, meetings, and emails. The learning plan is reviewed

by the Faculty Field Liaison to ensure the goals of the field setting is appropriate. There is periodic visitation (either face-to-face or virtual) by the Faculty Field Liaison during the semester (primarily midterm and final) in which student strengths and deficiencies are discussed. Throughout the semester, the Faculty Field Liaisons read the weekly logs to review progress and to determine if any immediate communication needs to occur. In addition, the Faculty Field Liaison communicates throughout the semester via email, phone calls, conference calls and face-to-face meetings. The Field Coordinator may also be involved in email, phone calls, conference calls and face-to-face meetings as required. At the end of the semester, the field student and the Field Instructor meet with the Faculty Field Liaison to discuss positive learning experiences, shortcomings (as seen by either student or Field Instructor), avenues for further growth of skills, and to explore suggestions for improving field placements. Lastly, Field Instructors are invited to participate in Continuing Education opportunities hosted by the Social Work Department (as identified above).

Evaluating Field Instructor and Field Education Setting Effectiveness

Field setting sites are continually being monitored for effectiveness. The Field Coordinator will determine if any new field sites are appropriate. If at any time the student has concerns about the level of Field Instructor supervision, the student is to reach out to their Faculty Field Liaison. The Faculty Field Liaison is to process these concerns and schedule a meeting as needed. Faculty Field Liaisons are expected to visit the site (in person) minimally one time during the student's 9-month placement. Faculty Field Liaisons are also required to complete midterm and final evaluations at which time they talk about student learning. The Faculty Field Liaison also reviews the midterm and final evaluation to ensure the agency was able to provide the student meaningful and quality learning in relation to the CSWE Competencies. During these meetings, Faculty Field Liaisons are collecting information about the student, the Field Instructor, and the Field Agency to share with the Field Coordinator. Field Students also participate in a field class (SW 783 or SW 784) where they talk with their peers about their experiences. Students are allowed to share concerns about their field instructor or field agency during these meetings. At any time, Faculty Field Liaisons are asked to report any concerns about the agency to the Field Coordinator. In addition, the student will evaluate the Faculty Field Liaison, Field Instructor, and Field Site at the end of the semester as part of the required social work program Exit Survey (see Appendix pages 97-99). If at any time there is a concern by the Faculty Field Liaison about the field site, the Field Coordinator may call or visit the site to have a conversation about the concern. The Field Coordinator may terminate a site at any time due to concerns over effectiveness, ethical issues, or not meeting terms of the contract agreement. The UWW Social Work department celebrates strong field placement settings with an annual Outstanding Field Partner Award each spring semester. Students will evaluate the Faculty Field Liaison as part of their required Social Work Program Exit

FIELD PLACEMENT PROCESS

It is an expectation of the field student to demonstrate professional and ethical social work behavior during the field placement process. The following steps outline the field placement process for students:

STRUCTURE AND MECHANICS OF FIELD PLACEMENT

At the present time, there are three phases to the educational program for all agency instructors who supervise students. At the beginning of the semester, the Field Coordinator orients each of the Field Instructors regarding expectations and individual student needs. (Much of this orientation is accomplished by the orientation meetings for Field Instructors). There is periodic visitation by the Faculty Field Liaison during the semester in which student strengths and deficiencies are discussed. At the end of the semester, the field student and the Field Instructor meet with the Faculty Field Liaison to discuss positive learning experiences, shortcomings (as seen by either student or Field Instructor), avenues for further growth of skills, and to explore suggestions for improving field placements.

Criteria for Admission into Field Education

As stated above:

1. <u>All</u> social work courses must be completed with a grade of a C or better, and student must have a 2.5 overall grade point average before they can begin the field placement. There are no exceptions to this rule. If you have an incomplete in a social work course, the student will need to complete it prior to starting their field placement.

If faculty have a concern about a student entering field, a subset of faculty will meet with the students informally to write up a contract about expected behavior.

Orienting Students for Field Placement

The process of orienting students for placement is as follows:

Advisement for field placement begins early. Students are initially introduced to the field process in their SW 101: Introduction to the Social Work Profession class. This allows students to gain a basic understanding about the field placement process and to allow them time to prepare for the field placement. A formal orientation is presented the semester prior to field starting in SW 489: Senior Seminar in Social Work. Students are provided information on expectations held by all parties of the field placement process.

BSW students are informed that they are required to read and sign a Statement of Understanding that they have read and agree to abide by the standards outlined in the National Association of Social Work

Code of Ethics, the National Association of Social Work Standards and Indicators for Cultural Competence in Social Work Practice, the Masters in Social Work Student Handbook, and the Masters in Social Work Field Program Manual. Social work students during the duration of the BSW Social Work Program, including during their field placement, are expected to adhere to these standards.

It is expected that the field placement will provide a simulated work experience under the close supervision of an agency practitioner. Students are reminded of professional ethics, client confidentiality, work responsibility, and attitudes and expected dress appropriate to the particular type of placement. Grades and the evaluation of student performance are also discussed. In addition, students are given the "Field Code of Conduct" and "Expectations of Students" forms that are reviewed and signed by the student. Other aspects of placement are reviewed.

Students are briefed about the role and activities of social workers at the various agencies and about their roles as field students. Students are also educated on safety guidelines (see pages 36-41).

PLACING STUDENTS

Field students are required to begin the placement process prior to the semester they begin field.

Students are not to set up field placements on their own; all field placements are set up by the identified Faculty Field Liaison from the Social Work Department.

The field student will be required to complete the Electronic Request for Field Placement form, a link can be found online at the Social Work Department Website or on the students Field Experience Course (SW 493) on Canvas.

As part of this process, students are to identify three areas of social work and potential agencies. Faculty Field Liaisons work hard to find students field placements in one of the students preferred areas of interest. Students need to be aware that Faculty Field Liaison cannot ensure a placement at those sites. It is also important to note, that when a student lists a specific agency, the student is committing to a placement at the agency if one comes open. Therefore, it is important for students to thoroughly research placement options.

It is important to include any reasonable modifications that the student may need to be successful in their field placement. This may include any supports they may have received from the Center for Students with Disabilities that may also be helpful in successfully completing their field placement.

Students are required to share any current, pending, or past criminal charges. It is important to know this legal information to ensure the success of the field placement process.

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It is important to know where the field student will be living during their field placement while completing the Request for Field Placement so that the desired geographic location of the field agency can be determined. Once the Request for Field Placement is completed this geographic location will not be allowed to be changed unless the Faculty Field Liaison allows a change due to extenuating circumstances. The Field Coordinator will review the Request for Field Placement and assign a Faculty Field Liaison to work with the field student in finding the field placement.

The Faculty Field Liaison takes the lead in securing the field placement. The field student is not allowed to look for field agencies on their own, including calling or talking with field agencies (or having someone else call agencies on the student's behalf, without prior permission of the Faculty Field Liaison).

The Faculty Field Liaison will determine the best field placement site for the field student based on the field student's request for geographical location, service areas desired, and the agency preference list.

The field student is responsible to be in constant, respectful, and professional communication with the Faculty Field Liaison including checking emails (sent to your UWW email address) and phone messages daily, and returning communication within a timely manner.

The Faculty Field Liaison contacts the prospective agency Field Instructor to determine if the agency is interested in interviewing one or more students for the upcoming semester. If the agency is interested, the student is asked to call the Field Instructor to arrange for an interview. (Prior to this interview agency Field Instructors may ask the students to send, or bring along, a resume illustrating course preparation, work and volunteer experiences, and career interests.) If, after the interview, both the agency and student view the prospective placement positively, the student's placement at that agency is arranged. If either the agency or the student has serious reservations, then the student interviews at a different agency.

Students are not allowed to interview at several agencies. Typically, when interview is viewed positively by the field placement site and the student, the student is expected to accept the placement. Only on rare occasions are students allowed to attend a second interview.

The field student should attend the schedule interview and communicate with the Faculty Field Liaison immediately after the interview indicating how the interview went.

Some field placement sites may request additional requirements for the field placement process (for example completing an application, completing a background check, providing documentation of medical records, providing references, or completing a drug screen). It is the responsibility of the student to complete and be financially responsible for the additional requirements requested for the field placement. When the field placement is confirmed, the field student will fill out the online Field Placement Face Sheet (please see Appendix page 66-68) indicating the Field Instructor information and documenting the start date of field placement.

This online form must be completed as soon as possible once the placement is set so we can ensure there is a current contract with the agency and that the Field Instructor gets the training materials before the field student begins their placement.

The field student is required to be enrolled in Social Work 783 Social Work Experience or Social Work 785 prior to starting the field placement. Social Work 783 Social Work Experience is a 3-4 credit course.

The field student will receive an email from the ADA with instructions for registering for the correct section of SOCWORK 783 once you have been given permission in WINS to enroll.

Section V

MONITORING STUDENTS AND SUPPORTING STUDENT LEARNING

Students will complete a Learning Agreement with their agency Field Instructor within the first two weeks of their field placement. This will be submitted to the Faculty Field Liaison in the Canvas course.

The progress of students is monitored through reading student logs, emails, telephone calls, on-site visits and evaluations (either on-site or via phone/WebEx). Students submit their weekly logs in their Field Experience course on CANVAS. This weekly log is read and feedback is given by the Faculty Field Liaison. (see page appendix field log page 75-76)

Students also participate in bi-monthly, 2-hour, field seminar as a part of their Field Experience course where they share experiences about their learning with their peers and their Faculty Field Liaison. This allows the Faculty Field Liaison the opportunity to continue to engage and support the student. Additionally, students are encouraged to schedule face-to-face or virtual meetings with their Faculty Field Liaison at any time to discuss their field placement.

The Faculty Field Liaison is responsible for setting up the midterm and final evaluation with the agency. However, the Field Instructor or student can request a face-to-face or virtual meeting at any time.

If at any time there is concern about student progress, the Field Instructor is advised to reach out to the Faculty Field Liaison to schedule a meeting to process concerns and develop a plan of action. A student may be placed on a standards and support contract at any time during the student's field placement. If at any time the student has concerns about the level of Field Instructor supervision, the student is to

reach out to his/her Faculty Field Liaison. The Faculty Field Liaison is to process these concerns and

schedule a meeting as needed.

Implementing Safety Protocols

Student safety is a top priority in the field program. Students are to receive education regarding safety, both emotional and physical, as part of the orientation process.

Students are also encourage to follow the University safety guidelines, including: police crime prevention resources (http://www.uww.edu/swual violence, sexual harassment, and intimate partner violence policies (https://www.uww.edu/systemharassment and https://www.uww.edu/student-handbook/system-sexual). In addition, the campus offers ongoing self-defense class and trainings that social work students are encouraged to attend. Students are also encouraged to download the NASW Safety Standards

(https://www.socialworkers.org/Practice/Social-Work-Safety/Social-Work-Safety-NASW-Resourceshttps://www.socialworkers.org/practice/naswstandards/safetystandards2013.pdf).

The Department of Social Work takes responsibility for preparing students to address safety in the field. During the BSW Field Orientation, the Field Coordinator talks about the importance of safety in the field. Student are encouraged to obtain limited liability insurance coverage.

Field agencies are required to educate students about safety protocols and policies at the agency. Student are required to discuss these protocols in their Field Education class.

When students have a safety concern in field, for any reason, they should contact both their Faculty Field Liaison and their Field Instructor. The student may also reach out to the Field Coordinator if needed. A meeting will be scheduled by the Faculty Field Liaison to address the concern.

If there is an immediate safety concern, the student may be told not to attend their field placement by the Social Work Department until a solution can be found. The student may be given project by their Field Supervisor of Faculty Field Liaison to count towards their field hours during this time. It is the Departments responsibility to ensure the student is safe to return to their field placement. This may include consultation with the Dean of Students Office, Risk Management Office, or University Health Center (such as during a pandemic or infectious disease situations).

PREVENTING VIOLENCE

The best way to deal with violence is to prevent it from happening in the first place. Fortunately, here are a variety of options for preventing violence from which a field student can pick and choose.

DE-ESCALATING VERBAL COMMUNICATION

One way of de-escalating verbal communication is for the field student to facilitate the client in expressing their feelings and thoughts. Such expression may have a ventilating effect for the client. Ventilation can be facilitated by the field student using the skills of active listening and reflecting the client's feelings. Reflecting feelings helps the client to be validated as a worthy person. The field student may also use the technique of disarming where the student finds some truth in what the client is saying, and then expresses this "agreement." Disarming results in the client feeling understood and validated, and thereby more apt to be open to examining the student's point of view.

Also useful in helping the client to express thoughts and feelings, is for the field student to use empathy by paraphrasing the content of what the client says. Restating the meaning of their thoughts and feelings may help to them reflect about the issue and problem solve the issue.

Encouraging the client to problem solve, and assisting in problem solving is another strategy to deescalate verbal communication. Violent prone clients have greater difficulty in generating nonviolent solutions to problems. Sometimes suggesting nonviolent options to clients facilitates them in choosing nonviolent courses of action.

Sometimes redirecting the client's attention to a less emotionally charged subject can de-escalate the verbal communication. For example, saying, "It's really getting warm in here. I think both of us need a little time to cool down. Let's take a short walk and talk about something else for a while. Once we're more relaxed, we may be better able to come up with some creative ideas to resolve this."

It is also important for the field student to avoid using aggressive, confrontational, or defensive responses when a potentially violent client is emotionally upset. Such responses can increase the likelihood of violence.

SETTING LIMITS

Many angry clients actually fear losing control. For such clients, it is useful for the field student to say something like, "It's okay to be angry, but it's not okay to strike out. What can I do to help you feel more in control right now?" Such a statement helps clarify to some potentially violent clients that physical aggression is not acceptable. The tone and wording involved in setting limits should be supportive of the client's worth and should not increase feelings of powerlessness.

In setting limits, it is important not to come across in a parental tone or in a nonassertive tone. Both may serve to trigger additional arousal. The field student should set limits in a confident, assertive tone, rather than in an aggressive tone.

STAYING CALM AND GENERATING OPTIONS

As much as possible, the field student should seek to remain calm. In addition, even if aroused (and frightened) the student should seek to communicate calmness, both verbally and nonverbally. An even, slow, soft-toned voice and a confident, nonjudgmental, non-authoritarian approach will somewhat facilitate the client feeling reassured rather than pressured. A field student who becomes agitated, and conveys this agitation, may subtly provoke the client's aggression.

Remaining calm also facilitates the field student being creative in generating constructive options (including escape strategies). In contrast, fear and high anxiety will interfere with generating and assessing appropriate options. Remaining calm is facilitated by the field student using relaxation techniques.

TRANSPORTING CLIENTS (FROM NASW SAFETY STANDARDS)

When transporting clients is an expectation of the job, employers should ensure that policies and practices are in place to protect both social workers and clients. At the time of pick up, the social worker should assess:

- the client's level of agitation (if any), use of intoxicants, and the meaning of the appointment to the client
- the possibility that the client has a weapon
- their own perception of a safety risk.

The social worker should also assess the condition of the vehicle:

- Is the interior of the vehicle free from potential weapons (for example, pens, pencils, magazines, books, handheld devices, hot beverages)?
- Is the vehicle in good working condition (for example, ample gas, working brakes, headlights/tail lights)?
- Is the vehicle equipped with proper safety equipment in case of an emergency (for example, flares, battery cables, spare tire)?

When transporting a child, the social worker should:

- engage the child safety locks in the vehicle
- know the proper use and installation of a child safety seat that is appropriate for the child's age and size
- use a "buddy system"—that is, have a second social worker in the vehicle when transporting a client. If the client is assessed to be unsafe to transport, or the vehicle is assessed to be unsafe to operate, agency policies should prohibit the social worker from transporting the client.

MOBILE PHONE USE (FROM NASW SAFETY STANDARDS)

Mobile phones have become a necessity for communication outside the office. Wherever possible, social workers should use agency phones, rather than personal phones, to reduce exposure of their personal information. Although excellent tools for communication, a mobile phone can also potentially escalate an aggressive situation, and the social worker should therefore use it in a sensitive and sensible manner. To increase the safety provided by a mobile phone, social workers should:

- keep the mobile phone fully charged, have a replacement battery on hand for emergencies, and keep a phone charger in the car
- be familiar with limitations of cell phone coverage in areas where they may visit

- ensure that they know how to use the phone properly before going into the field
- keep emergency contacts on speed dial
- keep GPS-enabled mobile phone applications activated at all times while in the field
- agree on and use "code" words or phrases to help social workers convey the nature of threats to their managers or colleagues
- remember to not use handheld mobile phones while driving
- send text messages of knowledge of circumstances, instead of calling, but not while driving
- use the phone discreetly, so as not to inadvertently escalate a potentially volatile situation and to avoid becoming a possible target for robbery

HOME VISITS

Specific safety precautions need to be tailored to the individual situation. However, the following are some guidelines for planning for safety when conducting home visits.

If possible, the client should come to the office, where the safety of the field student is more easily achieved. If the meeting cannot be held in the office, perhaps it can be held in some other public place, such as a library or restaurant.

If the visit needs to be held in the home, the situation may warrant that the visit be made by two persons. If the potential for violence is heightened (as in helping a woman at a battered woman's shelter retrieve some of her belongings from her home when the batterer may be present), perhaps the woman and the field student should be accompanied by a police officer.

The field student should seek to obtain as much information as possible on the client, prior to the home visit. The file, for example, should be reviewed for any evidence of a history of violence, and for risk factors related to violence (such as alcohol or other drug abuse). It is also important to seek to determine if there are others in the household who might present a risk of violence. Also, the student should seek to determine if there is an aggressive dog in the home or in the yard.

As a field student enters a home, they should seek to determine the entrances and exits, in case a quick exit is needed. Students should wear the kinds of shoes that facilitate a rapid exit. Wearing expensive jewelry and expensive clothes should be avoided in deteriorating neighborhoods, such articles may be perceived by the client as indicating the student is a member of a different socio-economic class and therefore, is unlikely to relate to the client's circumstances. Students should wear professional attire that presents them as a nonthreatening person. Students should make certain the agency knows their itinerary when making a home visit. Other staff should know the location and approximate arrival and departure times. Students should also carry a cell phone and have it on. The cellular phone should be programmed with agency and emergency numbers for quick dialing.

It is useful to present oneself as a confident, assertive person. Being timid, or aggressive, is more apt to elicit an aggressive response. If other people are present near the destination, and appear threatening, the field student may choose to return another time or day—perhaps taking another staff member along. The field students should park his or her vehicle in a place that allows for a quick escape. If a noisy argument is occurring at the destination, it may be best to return at another time.

When entering the house, the field student should do a quick visual scan looking for signs of danger, such as weapons or drugs. The student should be watchful of all persons and should ask who else besides the client is at home. If there are signs of danger, the student should promptly and politely postpone the visit, saying something like "I'm sorry, you're going to have to excuse me. I just remembered I'm supposed to be at another meeting. I'll call you this afternoon to arrange another time when we can meet." It's best, at least at first, to stay near the entrance door, in case a quick exit is needed. The bottom line when conducting a home visit is to seek to remain calm, so the student can creatively generate and assess options in regard to safety. Furthermore, the field student needs to trust his or her "gut feelings" in relation to signs of danger.

Evaluating Student Learning

During the placement, the Faculty Field Liaison meets jointly with the student and Field Instructor either in-person or via WebEx/Zoom to review progress toward explicit learning objectives set by the program. This process is repeated twice each semester and augmented by telephone contacts, emails, review of logs, and field seminar meetings (held twice per semester). In addition, each agency and Field Instructor is given the freedom to structure student activities and assignments they feel will promote the student's professional growth and learning agreement.

The purpose of each meeting is to review the student's progress. Through the placement, by moving from simple to more complex assignments, the student gradually experiences a greater involvement in the life of the agency. It is also an opportunity to link academic and field learning, identify areas needing attention, and reinforce positive achievement and strengths.

At the middle and again at the conclusion of the placement, students are evaluated using the Field Evaluation Tool (see appendix pages 77-85). This evaluation instrument is systematically designed and based on the Competencies of our Educational Program (page 3) and is outcome based. It is the criteria by which students demonstrate achievement of the Competencies of our Educational Program. It also allows for identification of specific strengths and areas that need attention for each student.

Finally, all the field placement policies and criteria are developed in conjunction with the UWW Social Work Advisory Board and are approved by UWW Social Work faculty.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF ALL PARTIES

EXPECTATIONS OF FIELD COORDINATOR

The following are the expectations of the Field Coordinator:

- Administrative oversight of field placement site relationships with UWW and Department of Social
 Work; includes oversight of logistics to maintain relationships as well as work with legal department
 and risk management to reduce university, department, and student liability.
- Administrative leadership of faculty members assuming Faculty Field Liaison role.
- Assignment of students to Faculty Field Liaisons and assist Faculty Field Liaisons with placing students if needed.
- Recruitment and development of field placement sites.
- Development and maintenance of appropriate records and communication with field agencies.
- Collaboration with faculty to plan and implement Field Instructor training.
- Development of field education resources.
- Assessment and evaluation of student and program outcomes.
- Adherence to and integration of field education accreditation requirements as mandated by Council on Social Work Education (CSWE) and Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards (EPAS).
- Recruitment and development of Advisory Board Members.
- Collaboration with faculty members to plan and host bi-annual Advisory Board Meetings.
- Represent the social work department, as approved by department chair at professional conferences and trainings targeted toward field education.
- Supervise student project assistant(s) assigned to support Field Coordinator.
- Provide orientation and field instruction training to field agencies and Field Instructors.
- Develop policies regarding field placements in an organization in which the student is also employed.

EXPECTATIONS OF FIELD INSTRUCTORS

The Department of Social Work counts on the Field Instructor to provide a variety of learning experiences for their students. This process will be enhanced if the Field Instructor will:

- Participate in an online or face-to-face orientation to the Department of Social Work field program the semester prior to taking a student.
- Willingness to read and adhere to the BSW Field Handbook.
- Introduce the student to staff members and provide an orientation to the field setting, familiarizing the student with: the functions, policies, and goals of the agency, the clientele served, the

- relationships of the agency to the community and other agencies, the agency's expectations of the student
- Afford the student the opportunity to observe other staff members at work in specific situations (such as interviewing and other social work tasks).
- Arrange for the field student to attend staff and board meetings whenever possible. The student should be encouraged (when appropriate) to participate in such meetings.
- Select the work load of the student so that it is in harmony with the setting, taking into consideration the student's capacity, interests, past experiences, life patterns and program competencies of the Department of Social Work whenever possible. "Busy work" is not appropriate for the field student. The job assigned needs to be meaningful in which the student contributes to the agency while learning, and which represent a broad exposure to social work roles and responsibilities.
- Give the field student an opportunity to work directly, in-person contact, with individuals, families, groups, and in the community. Appropriate research assignments are also expectations of field placement, especially those that help foster integration of empirical and practice-based knowledge.
- Arrange for a weekly supervision session when the field student is present at the field setting. Among the various topics covered in conference, attention should be given to:
- Helping the student prepare for, and participate in, these conferences.
- Explaining the purpose and process of recording where it is required.
- Emphasizing the student's application of basic social work concepts, values, and skills in the field assignments.
- Raising the student's awareness of the steps, skills, and knowledge that the student has used in performing each assignment, and the attitudes and feelings experienced during that time and afterwards.
- Prepare an outline of steps for the student to follow in order to improve his/her work. Whenever the student is performing at a substandard level, a copy should be sent in a timely manner to the Faculty Field Liaison. This will avoid a "last minute notification of failure."
- Participate and complete midterm and final evaluations of the field student.
- Evaluate the student in accordance with the Field Evaluation Tool, a sample copy of which appears in the appendix this manual on pages 77-85.
- Evaluate, in conjunction with the Faculty Field Liaison, the field placement itself based on consistency with the program competencies.
- Inform the assigned Faculty Field Liaison whenever it appears that a potential or actual conflict or problem situation in the field placement arises.

EXPECTATIONS OF FACULTY FIELD LIAISON

The University Faculty Field Liaison has the overall responsibility for assuring the field experience is a quality social work learning experience for each student. The functions and responsibilities of the Faculty Field Liaison are to:

- Participate in the process of having students interview for field placement assignments. The
 Faculty Field Liaison is a "facilitator" and an "information provider" to students and agencies in
 this process.
- Orient students and agency Field Instructors to the expectations and mechanics of the field placement program.
- Promote three-way open communication between field students, Field Instructors, and Faculty
 Field Liaisons related to such areas as exploring innovative suggestions for improving aspects of
 the field experience, and to dealing with issues and conflicts associated with the field placement.
- Monitor the progress of the student in his/her field placement through student logs by giving feedback, telephone contact with the agency Field Instructor, and individual meetings with the field student.
- If a field student at a placement has a limitation that needs attention, the Faculty Field Liaison and the agency Field Instructor should jointly develop a program with the field student designed to meet this limitation. In rare cases, when it becomes evident that it is very unlikely that a field student will be able to develop those competencies required to fulfill the responsibilities of a beginning level social worker, the Field Instructor, and Faculty Field Liaison should jointly "counsel out" such students.
- Be present at the agency and participate in the midterm evaluation meeting of the field student (in person).
- Participate in the final evaluation meeting of the field student (in person, phone meeting, or skype).
- Provide support for the Field Instructor and field student during the field placement to include scheduling additional in-person meetings or phone conferences as needed.
- Inform the Field Coordinator of any situations with which the field student, the Field Instructor, or the Faculty Field Liaison may need additional support.
- Review the merits and/or shortcomings of each field placement with students and Field
 Instructors at the middle and end of each field placement; explore suggestions for improving field
 placements.
- Provide a grade to each student at the end of the semester. The final grade is based upon the Field Instructor's evaluation, the logs filled out by the student, meetings held with the student during the placement, and the integration assignments written by the field student. The grade is also

based on the student's demonstration of skills, application of knowledge, and satisfactory display of professional social work behavior.

Additionally:

- If a student continually struggles in placement with personal/performance issues, that student should be referred by the Faculty Field Liaison to the Standards & Support Committee for further review.
- Students who unsuccessfully complete placement at the designated agency will work with the Faculty Field Liaison to secure an alternate placement. Faculty Field Liaisons are only obligated to assist the student with securing one alternate placement.
- Any student who is terminated from their placement for performance problems and/or behavioral issues will not be allowed to enroll in field courses in the following semester.
- Students who fail to successfully complete the placement at an alternate/second placement site will receive a failing grade.

The Faculty Field Liaison should ensure that the student completes all evaluation forms prior to receiving final grade. After grades are submitted, the Faculty Field Liaisons are requested to share with the Field Instructors the results of the students' evaluations of the field agency.

EVALUATION CRITERIA

The expectations for students in field placements are:

- Dress appropriately according to the nature of the field setting.
- Be prompt for field placement.
- Demonstrate professionalism in all correspondence (phone, email, face-to-face contact) with field setting.
- Participate fully in planned activities including conferences, seminars, work assigned, etc.
- Use initiative and creativity in their field placement.
- Call the agency if unable to report to work. Plans for making up the time must be made with the agency Field Instructor within two weeks of the absence. Good attendance is an expectation for students. Frequent absence/tardiness can result in the student losing their placement.
- Provide or plan for transportation connected with field placement.
- Complete and submit daily logs of field experiences to Faculty Field Liaison.
- Ask questions of agency Field Instructor in a timely manner when uncertain, confused, or frustrated.
- Become involved in social work educational experiences.
- Take risks and assume new responsibilities.

- Follow confidentiality guidelines established by the agency and adhere to professional ethics. To ensure a safe learning environment, the use of audio or digital recording of any part of your placement is strictly prohibited. Students who violate confidentiality, intellectual property policies, or video/audio recording rules will be removed from their placement and referred to university administration for appropriate action.
- Actively participate in indirect service activities (such as planning and organizational tasks) that are appropriate for social workers.
- Attend and participate in periodic field seminars scheduled by Faculty Field Liaison. The time spent in field seminars does count towards the student's required 480 placement hours.
- Write the integration assignments and submit them to your Faculty Field Liaison.
- Remember that a successful placement (in grades and learning) is a result of the skills and behaviors you exhibit, the knowledge you employ, and the initiative you demonstrate.
- Be aware of the agency's mission, function, and purpose prior to beginning placement.
 (Organizational chart/job descriptions if available.)
- Adhere to all agencies policies, procedures, and expectations.
- No personal use of computers (e.g. searching the web, Facebook, or emailing) unless approved by your agency Field Instructor.
- Appropriate use of cell phones (this means not taking personal phone calls or texting while at your placement) unless approved by your agency Field Instructor.
- Stay away from office politics/turf wars, interdepartmental conflicts, and office romances.
- Do not assume sick days will be counted towards your 480 hours. This needs to be approved by your agency Field Instructor.
- If you wish to take off during the semester for personal reasons such as a vacation, you need to get this approved by your agency Field Instructor.
- Obtain a copy of the Field Manual prior to field placement and review the contents, paying particular attention to expectations.
- Students must have reviewed and signed the Social Work Program Code of Conduct that documents that the student has read, understands, and agrees to abide to the standards outlined in the National Association of Social Work Code of Ethics, the National Association of Social Work Standards and Indicators for Cultural Competence in Social Work Practice, the Masters in Social Work Student Handbook, and the Masters in Social Work Field Program Manual. The student agrees to follow these standard while taking courses and during their field placement.
- Complete, participate, and give a copy of a Midterm and a Final Evaluation to the Faculty Field Liaison. The student will receive and Incomplete for the field placement until the Midterm and the Final Evaluations are complete and copies are given to Faculty Field Liaison. This incomplete could

- result in the failing of the field placement if the Midterm and the Final Evaluations are not completed.
- Field students are expected to attend their field placement during the hours the student has arranged with their Field Instructor. At any time the student does not feel safe driving to the placement, the student is expected to communicate with the Field Instructor to let them know they are not attending field that day and to discuss when then hours will be completed. In the event that it is determined that the Field Instructor's agency or organization will not be open due to inclement weather, the student will not be expected to travel to the agency or organization on that day. It is expected that the student will take the initiative to make up the hours that were scheduled by communicating with the Field Instructor. The hours that were not completed as scheduled due to inclement weather need to be completed by the end of the semester that the student is placed, unless an extension is agreed upon by the Field Instructor and the Faculty Field Liaison. Completing field placement hours while not at the field agency can only be approved under extenuating circumstances by the Field Instructor and the Faculty Field Liaison.
- Field students are expected to schedule their field placement hours during times when they can be supervised by their Field Instructor or other designated Supervisor. Students are not allowed to complete their field hours at an organization alone or at night.
- Field students are allowed to start their field placement hours two weeks prior to the semester starting but have to be registered for the class, approval from the Faculty Field Liaison, and the Field Instructor. Field students are not allowed to complete their field hours three week prior to the last day of the semester.

*Please note that all university holidays and vacations will be normally observed while completing the field placement.

POLICY ON WITHDRAWING/TERMINATION FROM FIELD PLACEMENT

The Council on Social Work Education (CSWE) refers to field education as the "signature pedagogy" in social work education (Educational Policy 2.2).

Field placements are distinctly different from other social work courses in that field placements take place in the community. So not only do students have a Learning Plan Agreement in order to assess their competencies and practice behaviors, but their placements entail professional responsibilities to the agencies, the community, and in particular to the vulnerable populations it is our privilege to serve.

Therefore, withdrawing or being terminated from a field placement is a very serious matter.

What follows are some of the circumstances for withdrawing or being terminated in field placement.

NO-FAULT TERMINATION

No-Fault; Student Initiated Withdrawal from Field Placement

Students may initiate a request to withdrawal from their field placement for such reasons as: serious illness, educational considerations, or personal crisis. These circumstances often necessitate an extended absence from the placement. Because this affects a student's ability to complete the academic requirements of field hours in the time allotted and/or demonstration of competency in the field placement a withdrawal from the placement should be considered. Each circumstance will be evaluated by your Faculty Field Liaison and Field Instructor.

For example, if a student performance is affected by health issues, they may choose to request a medical withdrawal in accordance with university policy. In such case, the Office of the Dean of Students should be contacted at 262-472-1533.

When there are other legitimate reasons for needing to withdraw such as personal crisis, partner being deployed overseas, etc., then a meeting should be set up with the student, Faculty Field Liaison, and Field Instructor. At this meeting the possibility of the student returning to the placement should be addressed. If all agree this can be done, then the student can be given an incomplete. When they are ready to return, the student is required to contact the Faculty Field Liaison and Field Instructor in order to set a return date.

In the event that the student would not be able to return to the same field placement, then the Field Instructor in consultation with the Faculty Field Liaison should decide whether or not to count the hours that the student has already accrued in the placement will towards the total clock hours required for field. The student can be given an incomplete. When their circumstance has resolved to the point in which they feel they can start a new placement. They should set up a meeting with the Field Coordinator to discuss finding a placement.

No-Fault: Agency Initiated Termination

A placement may be terminated due to circumstances beyond the student's or the field placement's control. These include change in the availability of the Field Instructor, closure of a program, or major policy change affecting the placement. The Field Instructor is expected to notify the faculty liaison as early as possible when circumstances at the placement have changed.

The Faculty Field Liaison and Field Coordinator will make reasonable efforts to locate another placement and to facilitate the student's completion of the placement during the same semester. The hours accrued in the first placement will be credited toward the total clock hours required for field.

No-Fault: Faculty Field Liaison Initiated Termination

In very rare occasions the faculty liaison may determine that the field placement is not able to provide an acceptable field experience for the student, and/or fulfill the Learning Plan Agreement. In such

circumstances a decision may be made to terminate the placement. At that time, the student should meet with their Faculty Field Liaison to arrange for a new field placement. The student whose placement is changed is still responsible for completing the required number of field hours. Time spent at the original field practice placement will count toward the semester hours.

CHANGE OF FIELD PLACEMENT/ TERMINATION

Student Initiated Request to Change Their Field Placement

Note: A student who withdraws from their field placement without following this process shall receive a failing grade in field. When a student accepts a field placement, the student is expected to fulfill the Learning Plan Agreement they have made with the organization. Students should also be aware that changing placements has serious implications.

Implications Include:

- An acceptable alternative placement may not be available and the student could end up waiting another semester.
- In most circumstances the hours accrued in the first placement cannot be credited to the second field placement.
- Finally, and most importantly, students need to be aware that this will constitute one of their two
 opportunities to pass field. Failure to pass the second attempt will result in termination from the
 UWW social work program.

It is critical that a student reflect upon the feasibility and possibilities of an alternate placement prior to initiating a request for termination of their current placement.

If a student truly becomes dissatisfied with the placement and requests a change of placement the following steps should be followed to address their concern(s):

The student should first meet with their Field Instructor, express their concerns and attempt to resolve the situation.

If this fails, the student should contact their Faculty Field Liaison and request a meeting be set up with the Field Instructor and Faculty Field Liaison. At this meeting the student, Field Instructor, and faculty liaison should explore the issues leading to the request for a change in placement and discuss avenues of resolution. If no resolution is found, then the placement will be stopped.

The student then may then initiate a formal request to their faculty field liaison to change their placement.

Note: This step is mandatory before any decision can be made regarding a change of placement. In requesting a change to their placement, the student will submit written responses to the following questions:

- Describe the circumstances which you believe are preventing you from continuing your placement.
- Describe what you have done to attempt to resolve these concerns. Please describe in detail the roles
 that you, your Field Instructor and what circumstances lead to your decision to request a change of
 placement.
- Should your request for a change of placement be granted what do you propose to do in order to complete your placement requirement?

Upon receiving the request, the Faculty Field Liaison will arrange a meeting with the Field Coordinator in order to review the material and the situation. A copy of the request will be shared with the student's Field Instructor.

If the request for the change of placement is approved, the Faculty Field Liaison will contact the student and the Field Instructor.

The student should arrange an "exit" meeting, if possible, with the Field Instructor for the purpose of closure. This meeting should include a review to ensure that the student has completed all crucial commitments to the agency and/or existing clients.

Note: When a change of placement has been approved, the Faculty Field Liaison will make a reasonable effort to find an alternative placement to meet the student's educational needs; however, an alternative placement may not be available or it may be too late in the term to start a new placement. In certain circumstances the student themselves may need to find their own placement.

Agency Initiated Termination

If the Field Instructor has concerns about the performance, ethics, professionalism, or behavior of the field student that go beyond or have not responded to the usual supervision process, the following steps should be followed.

Note: The following steps can be skipped when the matter involves an allegation of one or more serious offenses by the student. See: Criteria for Automatic Termination on page 41.

- The field student and Faculty Field Liaison should be informed by the Field Instructor and/or key
 agency personnel involved in the placement of the concerns regarding the student's behavior or
 performance.
- A meeting with all should be set up to discuss the expectations regarding behavior change and the
 time frame for these changes to occur. It is recommended that expectations for corrective action
 plan be written with copies provided to the student, the Field Instructor, key agency personnel
 involved, and the Faculty Field Liaison.

- If the student's response to the corrective action plan is unsatisfactory or the agency seeks termination of the placement based on one or more of the termination criteria (See reasons for termination), the Field Instructor will give the Faculty Field Liaison a written statement specifying the grounds and outlining the circumstances for the termination.
- The Field Coordinator, in consultation with the Faculty Field Liaison, will review the statements of all parties, obtain further information as necessary, make findings, and determine if there is a less severe resolution possible. All parties will be informed of the decision in writing.
- The student will be provided up to five calendar days to respond to the statement. The response must be in writing and sent to both their Faculty Field Liaison and Field Coordinator

If the student is dissatisfied with the decision they may appeal the decision. See: Appeals Process

The termination request including the Field Instructor's statement, the student's response, and the findings of the Faculty Field Liaisons /Field Coordinator will be placed in the student's academic file. Hours from the first placement may or may not be transferred into the next placement. The Field Instructors, Faculty Field Liaison, and Field Coordinator will determine how many hours are to be credited from the previous placement based on educational achievements during that placement. Students terminated from the field placement will be subject to further action by the UWW Department of Social Work. See Below

POLICY ON RE-ENTERING FIELD

Any student who is terminated from their placement for performance problems and/or behavioral issues will not be allowed to enroll in field courses until minimally the following semester.

The procedure will be for students to take a semester off from school to address the reasons for their termination such as: lack of knowledge/skills, personal issues, behavior factors, attendance problems, situational or circumstantial factors, etc.

The student will be required to meet with the Field Coordinator and Faculty Field Liaison to establish a corrective action plan to address the area/s of concern. This should include steps to be taken in order correct the performance problems/ behavioral issues and the time frame for these changes to occur. The corrective action plan will be written with copies provided to the student.

A student who has been terminated from a field placement involving alcohol and other substance abuse or other issues that are of a serious nature may not be eligible to re-entry to the program for one calendar year or more. The student will be required to follow the above procedure.

In certain instances, the student will be required to provide documentation that they have received the necessary assistance and their issue/s have been resolved to the point that they would be able to adequately meet the requirements/expectations of a placement.

Students are expected to inform/meet with the Field Coordinator to update them on their progress on the corrective action plan.

When the student feels they have achieved the goals on their correction action plan, they must initiate a request in writing to reenter the field program. This letter must address the corrective action/s taken to address the performance problems and or behavioral issues. (In certain instances, the student will be required to provide documentation that they have received the necessary assistance and their issue/s have been resolved to the point that they would be able to adequately meet the requirements/expectations of a field placement)

The student must also address in the letter their plan, describing how they ensure the performance problems and or behavioral issues will not be repeated in a future placement.

The Field Coordinator will conduct a review, with the option to consult the former Faculty Field Liaison and faculty, and will make the decision.

If the student is granted an opportunity for a second placement, they will meet with Field Coordinator in order to write up a contract regarding expectations for their placement.

If the Field Coordinator and the faculty do not grant a second opportunity of a field placement, then the student will be directed to follow the University Appeals Process.

Note: Only in exceptional cases would a student be allowed to resume the field experience in the same semester following termination. This would only occur after the Field Coordinator consults with the Faculty Field Liaison and all social work faculty members. If all parties agree the student has demonstrated improved readiness to perform adequately in a field placement, then the student would be allowed to start another placement.

CRITERIA FOR AUTOMATIC TERMINATION

Grounds for automatic termination from the field placement include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Excessive absenteeism or tardiness.
- Repeated failure to provide reasonable notice of an absence from the field placement or failure to appear as scheduled for three or more consecutive days without approval of the Field Instructor and the Faculty Field Liaison.
- Withdrawal from a placement by the student without following prescribed procedure.
- Serious or repeated violations of the NASW Code of Ethics.
- Serious or repeated violations of the agency's policies and procedures.
- Sustained low level of performance unresponsive to corrective action.
- Reporting to the field placement site under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Student's behavioral issues manifesting itself at the placement to the extent that they are unable to perform the requirements of the placement.
- Any of the following: abusing a child, elder, or dependent person under his or her care; domestic violence conviction; criminal acts; or current substance abuse or dependence.
- Failure to maintain generally accepted professional boundaries and behavior in respect to agency clients and staff.
- Any sexual relationship with an agency client.
- Failure to disclose critical background information in application forms, pre-placement and placement interviews and criminal background checks.
- Failure to meet academic and behavioral standards specified in the Field Manual, Standards and Support the university catalog and student handbook.

Section VI

REQUIRED ASSIGNMENTS FOR BSW YEAR ONE FIELD EDUCATION EXPERIENCE

The student will be required to write a total of five short papers during your 2-semester field placement. Assignments #1-4 should be 2-4 pages and Assignment #5 should be a minimum of 5 pages.

These assignments are to be placed in the respective folder on Canvas. Dates for each assignment will be determined by your faculty field liaison. It is strongly recommended that you ask your field supervisor for feedback on how to answer these questions. These questions are worth 20 points of your total grade.

<u>Assignment # 1</u>: Student identifies as a professional social worker and conducts themselves accordingly. (2 points) (Competency 1)

Demonstrate professional demeanor in behavior; appearance; and oral, written, and electronic communication. (1 Point)

- Describe how you are behaving as a professional social worker in your field placement.
- Describe the culture of the organization and your role in the organization as a generalist social worker.
- To what degree does the organization follow/embody their mission statement? Please provide one specific example.

Make ethical decisions by applying the standards of the NASW Code of Ethics, relevant laws and regulations, models for ethical decision-making, ethical conduct of research, and additional codes of ethics as appropriate to context (1 Point)

• Based on your conversation with social workers at your agency, what are potential boundary conflicts that you might encounter?

Assignment # 2: (3 points) (Competency 2& 3)

Apply and communicate understanding of the importance of diversity and difference in shaping life experiences in practice at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels. (1 Point)

- Describe the different types of diversity that you view in your agency (age, race, sexual orientation, etc.).
- How does your agency integrate diversity in the work environment? Provide examples related to assessing, working with, advocating for, agency policies, etc. with diverse groups.
- On a scale of 1 -10 (10 being the most competent), rate and assess the cultural competency of staff in the organization. Explain and give examples of practices with greater/lesser cultural competence.

Apply their understanding of social, economic, and environmental justice to advocate for human rights at the individual and system levels. (1 Point)

• Describe how your agency advocates for social, economic, and/or social justice.

Engage in practices that advance social, economic, and environmental justice. (1 Point)

- Does your agency incorporate factors such as race, culture, ethnicity, gender, or lifestyle in assessments or other agency tools? Describe
- Describe how your agency addresses client characteristics as factors that limit access to resources.

Assignment # 3: (3 points) (Competency 8)

Apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment, person-in-environment, and other multidisciplinary theoretical frameworks in <u>interventions</u> with clients and constituencies. (1 Point)

• Describe how you have used a multidisciplinary framework in working with a client/constituency at your agency. Examples include the biopsychosocialspitirual framework, person-in-environment perspective, ecological systems theory, etc.

Use inter-professional collaboration as appropriate to achieve beneficial practice outcomes. (1 Point)

- Identify other professionals at your work place that you collaborate with and describe how this collaboration occurs.
- Provide any examples of individuals you collaborate with outside of your agency (ex: other agencies or service providers)
- Describe a situation in which you had to collaborate closely with your supervisor.
- Have you had to address any ethical issues in your supervision meetings?

Negotiate, mediate, and advocate with and on behalf of clients and constituencies. (1 Point)

• Describe how employees and your agency and you have had to negotiate, mediate and advocate for your clients or your agency.

Assignment # 4: For this assignment, you may want to get input from your field supervisor. **(5 points) (Competency 5)**

Identify social policy at the local, state, and/or federal level that impacts well-being, service delivery, and access to social services. (2 Point)

• Identify a local, state and federal policy that impacts your clients (ex: city ordinances, the state budget, federal policies).

Assess how social welfare and economic policies impact the delivery of and access to social services. (2 Point)

• How do the policies identified in 5.1 impact the care your clients receive? Does the policy support or not support your agency's goals? Provide examples to illustrate whether the policy supports or does not support your agency's goals.

Apply critical thinking to analyze, formulate, and advocate for policies that advance human rights and social, economic, and environmental justice. (1 Point)

- Is there a change you would advocate for in regards to one of the policies identified in the first question?
- Are there any new policies you feel would be important to implement to improve the lives of individuals you are serving at your agency?

Assignment # 5: (10 points) (Competency 1, 8, & 9)

Facilitate effective transitions and endings that advance mutually agreed-on goals. (1 Point)

- What steps have you taken to terminate your relationship with your supervisor and coworkers?
- What steps have you taken to terminate your relationship with your clients?
- Describe a time you/your agency terminated with a client. How do you help them achieve his/her goal (s)? Did the client and agency/you both agree with the termination? Why or why not?

Apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment, person-in-environment, and other multidisciplinary theoretical frameworks in the <u>evaluation of outcomes</u>. (2 Point)

- How does your agency evaluate the outcomes of their practice? (ex: direct questioning of clients, evaluation tools, recidivism rates).
- How do they apply a theoretical framework in this evaluation of outcomes?

Critically analyze, monitor, and evaluate intervention and program processes and outcomes. (1 Point)

• Describe a <u>specific intervention</u> that your agency regularly employs (ex: education, cognitive behavioral interventions, motivational interviewing, providing resources/referrals, groups, etc.). How is this intervention working? How do you know it is successful? Do you have any way of tracking the success of this specific intervention?

Apply evaluation findings to improve practice effectiveness at the micro and macro levels. (1 Point)

• How does your agency define "effectiveness"? If they do not measure effectiveness, what way(s) would you recommend that they measure their agency?

Student identifies as a professional social worker and conducts themselves accordingly. (5 Points)

- What have you learned about yourself as a social worker during your time in the agency? What have you learned about yourself as a person? Provide examples for both lessons learned.
- How have your perceptions of a social worker changed in the time you have been in field?
- What will you need to be a competent social worker five years from now?

LEARNING AGREEMENT

Within the first two weeks of the semester, field students are required to compete a learning agreement (see Appendix page 69-74). This should be done conjointly with your Field Instructor.

DAILY LOGS

Throughout the semester, field students are required to keep a daily log specifying their activities, impressions, feelings, and questions regarding their practical learning experiences. Student are also advised to describe in some detail how they handled complicated situations. Logging of your hours is also required. Your Faculty Field Liaison may provide a template or guideline for daily logs; please be sure to

check with your Faculty Field Liaison. These logs are submitted to the Faculty Field Liaison for review each week. Students are to code or disguise clients' names to preserve client confidentiality.

The logs allow the Faculty Field Liaison to monitor the student's growth and concerns. The faculty member may suggest additional readings; may meet with the student to discuss problems; and may arrange a meeting with the agency, the field student, and the Field Instructor to discuss any problems the student is having. In cases of difficulty, the Faculty Field Liaison initiates more frequent contact with the field student and the agency instructor. In addition, it is important to note that if a student has an immediate issue that needs to be addressed, it would be important to contact their Faculty Field Liaison immediately and not wait for them to read the log.

Logs are also an excellent opportunity for field students to reflect on their learning experiences at agencies, and act as a vehicle to examine ideas and questions with an outside person. If an agency instructor also requests to review the log, the student should first contact their Faculty Field Liaison to make appropriate arrangements.

Field Students should write in their logs daily, since it's difficult to later reconstruct what happened in any particular day. The log is important not only for recording what the student did throughout the day, but also for the thoughts, ideas, feelings, and reflections that the is having while going through these experiences.

Note: Failure to submit daily logs will result in a failing grade for the field education experience. See Appendix Daily Log pages 75-76

IMPORTANT NOTES TO PLACED STUDENTS

The most frequent request made by Field Instructors is that the students should ask more questions, be more assertive, and take more initiative. When students do not understand why something was or was not done, or why something was done in a particular way, they should ask. When students want to take on more responsibility, they should ask. When students are unhappy or dissatisfied about something, they should first bring it to the attention of their Field Instructor, etc. Open three-way communication is necessary among students, Field Instructors, and Faculty Field Liaisons. A field placement that does not have some frustrations and discontent is not, in all probability, a challenging or learning experience. Each field placement uses a variety of acronyms specific to their genre of generalist social work. Students are encouraged to be acquainted with acronyms associated in their field of interest.

Students are also advised not to get involved in the internal politics of an agency: for example, students should not take sides if a staff member is unhappy about his/her salary, nor should a student get involved in taking sides if internal friction between staff members arises. Agency politics are a complex and sensitive matter; student involvement only fuels the complexity and sensitivity.

Some agencies don't operate on an 8-5 schedule, the hours students are expected to be at the agency may vary. This schedule should be worked out between the student and the Field Instructor. The faculty wants students to be at agencies when the optimal learning experiences are likely to occur. Because of this, evening or weekend hours may well be advisable at some agencies.

The Field Instructor is responsible for your day-to-day activities in the field. They will familiarize you with the agency and its procedures, direct you to necessary resources, and oversee your work. Therefore, it is appropriate to address any questions or concerns you may have first to the Field Instructors. If you feel your concerns are not being heard, or if you want a second opinion, it is certainly appropriate to contact the Faculty Field Liaison. Since the Faculty Field Liaison cannot be abreast of day-to-day happenings within all agencies, it makes the most sense to deal with concerns or problems within the agency first, and then refer to the Faculty Liaison.

It should be noted that learning occurs best when it is an enjoyable experience. If students give the field placement their best effort, the placement is much more likely to be enjoyable. The few students who fail in placement are generally those who try to bend the expectations, exert little effort to learn and grow, or who make an otherwise lackadaisical effort.

Everyone makes mistakes. Very likely you will make some; both the agency and the faculty expect that, and will understand and work with you. (If you aren't making mistakes, you're not trying anything new.) All we ask is that you give placement your best effort and work to correct problems and meet expectations.

PLACEMENT EVALUATIONS/MEETINGS AND FORMS

At midterm, and again at the end of each placement, the agency Field Instructors are asked to complete a copy of the "Student Field Evaluation" tool (see Appendix pages 77-85). Field Instructors are encouraged to share and discuss these evaluations with their assigned students.

Faculty Field Liaisons are required to visit agencies at midterm to participate in the evaluation of the field placement, and in the evaluation of the student's performance. Faculty Field Liaisons are also required to conduct a final evaluation meeting the Field Instructor and student, which may be conducted in person at the agency or by web-camera. The final evaluation received on this form becomes a part of the student's permanent file, which is held in the Social Work Department.

GRADING GUIDELINES

It should be noted that grades in the Social Work Field Experience course relate to how students develop skills, their actual performance, how they translate knowledge into skills and interactions, and generally how they use themselves in a productive and professional manner. Success is not based solely on good intentions or potential, but on performance. Lack of success often relates to the inability to, or reticence to, use one's self appropriately, or difficulty assuming the social work role. As in actual work situations, performance is assessed and evaluated. Such evaluations by professionals in the field and Field Instructors are a substantial part of the bases of grades. You should be aware that grades relate to what you do and how you perform.

	Percent of Grade
Faculty Field Liaison's overall evaluation of the student's	65%
performance in the placement in conjunction with the	
agency Field Instructor's evaluation	
Logs	10%
Seminar participation	5%
Assignments	20%

CRITERIA USED TO EVALUATE SEMINAR PARTICIPATION

Attendance at all seminar meetings.

Active participation in all seminar meetings.

CRITERIA USED TO EVALUATE ASSIGNMENTS

Sufficient quality content is provided in your answers to the assignment questions to demonstrate that you have acquired the necessary knowledge, values, and skills in these areas.

The papers should be typewritten, double-spaced; be grammatically correct, written in proper English, and free of misspellings, typos, and similar errors.

PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY

You are studying and working towards a great career in social work, but even field practice can put you at risk of being sued by someone dissatisfied with an outcome. Above and beyond university coverage through your enrollment in the course, NASW does offer additional professional liability coverage. You can learn more about this at: http://www.naswassurance.org/pli/students

HEALTH INSURANCE/ COUNSELING

You may be asked to get a physical or TB shot for your field placement or you may find yourself in need of counseling services. Please remember that you do have access to the University Health Center until you graduate. You can contact them at 262-472-1300.

CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK

The State of Wisconsin passed a Caregivers Act in 1998. You should be aware that this law requires criminal background checks for students seeking a field placement and for graduates of a social work program seeking employment in a social service agency. The list of specific crimes that may bar students from field placement (or may bar graduates from social work employment) is always changing. If you have questions, please contact the Field Coordinator.

You are to fill out and bring your background check form to your field placement interview. The agency will submit it to the state. The background check form can be found on our field program for student's webpage:

https://www.uww.edu/cls/departments/social-work/field-program/field-program-for-students.

There are rare occasions in which the field placement requests that the Department of Social Work run your background check. In such instances, you are to bring the background check form to the Department ADA and they will submit it to the state. However, you will be responsible for the processing fee (currently \$7 for general background checks or \$10 for caregiver background checks).

Please Note: It is your responsibility to have informed the Field Coordinator prior to applying for a placement of any crimes that would show up in a background check. If a crime does show and you did not inform the Field Coordinator, this could result in your being held out of field for one semester.

In addition to this, if during your field placement you happen to commit a crime, such as a DUI, you are to immediately inform your Field Instructor, Faculty Field Liaison, and Field Coordinator. Failure to do so could result in your being dropped from the placement and, in some instances, from the program.

SOCIAL WORK STUDENT WITH A CRIMINAL BACKGROUND

From time to time the UW-Whitewater Department of Social Work receives inquiries regarding how a person's past conviction of a crime could affect their becoming a social worker. There is no simple or easy answer to these questions. What we can share with you is some general information and some of our experiences; however, you need to be aware that the ultimate decision regarding your eligibility is up to others and you need to check into how the law applies to your circumstances.

Can I become a social worker?

At this time we do not have any admission requirements pertaining to criminal convictions that would prevent you from becoming a social work BSW student.

However, one of the main requirements of the degree is a field placement. Prior to applying for a placement you will be required to have a caregiver background check done. The result of your caregiver background check may have some bearing as to whether you want to remain in the social work program if considering a field placement, or even employment as a worker.

We strongly encourage you to review the following website from the Wisconsin Department of Health Services that offers a detailed section on, Caregiver Program Rules and Regulations.

Go to: www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/caregiver/statutes.htm

On the site, click on the caregiver forms. Here you will find a list of the type of agencies that require background checks along with additional information regarding the background check process.

FIELD PLACEMENTS

Remember, our agencies take students on a volunteer basis. So depending on the population that they serve and the nature/severity of your conviction, they can decide not to accept you as a field student. We therefore cannot guarantee that you will be able to get a field placement.

Keep in mind that your Faculty Field Liaison will work with you to find an appropriate placement. However, if you have not been accepted after two interviews then you will need to seek out possible field placements on your own.

Our experience has been that agencies do look at these situations on a case to case basis. You are certainly not the first person who has made mistakes. The good news is the profession of social work generally understands, since we believe people can change. So for example if you were convicted of a DUI our experience has been that agencies want to know what happened and what have you done to change since then. Are you clean and sober? Have you been in trouble since? Who can speak to your character? Again, the agency has the final say.

Can I Become Certified or Obtain a License?

If you graduate as a social work student and wish to go on to get a bachelor's degree (BSW) and apply for certification, again a caregiver background check is required.

So as far as obtaining certification/licensure:

All professions are subject to the state law (sections 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, Stats.) that prohibits discrimination against applicants based on conviction records unless convictions are substantially related to the practice of the profession. The phrase "substantially related" is interpreted broadly in order to protect the public, especially in health service professions where licensees interact with vulnerable populations, so convictions that involved harm to others or that suggest an impaired ability to perform licensed duties will probably be considered to be substantially related to the practice of the profession. For example, persons convicted of felony sexual assault are typically unable to obtain a credential.

If you apply to the Department of Regulation and License (Social Work Section) and your application is denied, it is common for a board to ask the applicant to appear in person, to explain the circumstances of his or her conviction record, and to discuss the person's development since the offense(s). Once it evaluates all the information submitted by the applicant, including any in-person interviews, the board then has wide discretion to grant or deny the application. This is why it's very difficult to provide a simple answer to this question. Being denied for a certification/license would not prevent a person from applying again later.

Employment

Even though one can graduate from the social work program and be granted certification /license, certain employment opportunities may be unavailable to persons with criminal records. For example, under the "caregiver law," some convictions require post-conviction DHFS Rehabilitation Review prior to working in a DHFS licensed facility. Again please go to:

www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/caregiver/statutes.htm

There you will find a list of Offenses Affecting Caregiver Eligibility for working in both adult and children's programs. On the link for Background Check Forms you will find a link for the Rehabilitation Review Process.

GRIEVENCE PROCEDURES

The Grievance Procedures on the following pages were excerpted from the University Handbook,

UW-WHITEWATER UNIVERSITY HANDBOOK

Last policy revision: 6/1/94

STUDENT GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES

SOURCE: Offices of the Provost and Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs, Affirmative Action, Academic Discipline and Student Affairs. Approved by Whitewater Student Association and Academic Staff, 1993; Faculty Senate, 1994.

I. DEFINITIONS AND BASIC PRINCIPLES:

A grievance is a request for specific action to solve a problem or redress an injury done to the individual presenting it. When that individual is a student and is responding to treatment received as a student, it is a student grievance. However, if a student wishes to challenge an academic decision that impacts on their grade, the Student Grade Appeal procedures should be used.

A grievance may concern the actions taken by any UW-Whitewater employee who is a member of any college, department, office, administrative unit or committee of the University.

A grievance may not necessarily be directed at a particular individual but rather at a policy or rule which the student believes to be unfair.

The basis for a grievance is to raise a problem for the purpose of resolving it by the parties closest to it. This is true whether the issues involve an instructor, administrator, service personnel or members of any University department, college, division, administrative unit or committee.

A cause of action would involve a specific injury to the student or a specific problem. A remedy should be available. If no remedy is available or if punishment of someone is sought, the procedures for complaints rather than grievances should be used (see University Handbook Sections VI-F and VI-A).

Process timelines are established to enable review and resolution within a reasonable time after the problem occurred. This assists problem solving when memories and facts are still fresh.

Written appeals and responses need not be lengthy but rather describe events, relevant facts and reasoning, so that parties are clear about what is at issue and why decisions are being made the way they are.

II. STEPS IN A GRIEVANCE:

Informal Process:

Discuss the issue of concern with the individual(s) primarily involved. This should take place within 14 calendar days after the aggrieved action occurred.

If this discussion brings no resolution, is unsatisfactory, or if the primary individual is unwilling or unable to participate, the student may then, within 7 calendar days of the discussion or the communication that there will be no discussion, schedule a conference with the chairperson of the department or the Instructor of the individual. The student should articulate the concerns and the result of, or lack of, discussion with the primary individual.

After hearing the student's appeal, the chairperson or Instructor will attempt to mediate the problem to resolution within 14 calendar days.

If this attempt at resolution is unsatisfactory or if all are not willing or able to participate, the student should submit a formal grievance to the dean or director within 7 calendar days of the failure of informal resolution.

Formal Process:

The grievance should be in writing and signed by the student following the Basic Principles above, should explain the problem, reasons for dissatisfaction of recommended resolution and an alternative resolution. Within 14 calendar days, the dean or director can attempt further resolution or make the final decision. The student and employees should be notified of the final decision in writing.

The decision of the dean or director will be final unless discipline is requested, in which event appropriate disciplinary procedures would be followed.

SYNOPSIS: STEP-BY-STEP PROCESS FOR STUDENT GRIEVANCES:

Problem occurs.

Within 14 calendar days, discuss it with the person whose actions are in question. (informal)

If no satisfaction, within 7 calendar days, talk it over with the chair or Instructor of the person. (informal)

Chair/Instructor will attempt to resolve within 14 calendar days. (informal)

If no satisfaction, student has 7 calendar days to write it up as a formal grievance, including why dissatisfied with recommended resolution and propose a remedy. (formal)

Within 14 calendar days, the dean or director will attempt resolution or make the final decision. (formal)

STUDENT GRADE APPEALS

Based on Student Academic Grievance Procedures, approved by Senate 12/11/90, by Chancellor 1/23/91, published 2/6/91, revised by Senate 11/9/93 and 3/8/94.

At the University of Wisconsin-Whitewater, it is expected that instructors will evaluate students regularly and consistently by criteria and guidelines presented to students at the beginning of each grading period. If a student has reason to believe the grade is incorrect the student may act on that by taking the following steps in chronological order. A complaint which is timely filed under any other student complaint procedure and then referred for processing under these procedures shall be considered to have met the deadline for filing as a grade appeal.

I. INFORMAL PROCESS:

Consult the instructor whose grade is being appealed. This consultation must take place within 7 calendar days of start of classes after the grading period in question.

If the student/instructor conference is unsatisfactory or if the instructor is unwilling or unable to participate, within 7 calendar days the student may schedule a conference with the chair of the department in which the course was offered.

After hearing the student's appeal, the chair will attempt to resolve the problem within 7 calendar days. If this resolution is unsatisfactory, the student may then, within 7 calendar days after receiving the chairperson's response, submit a written appeal to the Department's Grade Appeals Committee through the chairperson. This will initiate the Formal Appeal Process.

II. FORMAL APPEAL PROCESS:

The appeal must be in writing and signed by the student.

The Department Grade Appeals Committee will:

Convene to examine the appeal, the response and render its conclusion, in writing, to the chair, student and instructor, within 14 calendar days of receipt of the appeal.

While the Grade Appeals Committee cannot require the instructor to change a student's grade, the Committee can recommend such a change to the instructor and to the dean of the college in which the course if offered.

Should the student wish to appeal beyond the department, the student may submit the Committee findings and the basis for the further appeal to the dean of the college in which the course was offered, within 7 calendar days of presentation of Committee findings. The dean will review the student's appeal and the findings of the Committee, and recommend appropriate action to the department and the instructor within 14 days of receipt of the appeal.

If this action is unsatisfactory to the student, a final appeal may be made to the Provost/Vice Chancellor within 7 calendar days who will determine whether a change in grade is to be made within 14 days of receipt of the appeal. The Provost/Vice Chancellor is the only individual authorized to change a student grade without the instructor's permission. However, the Provost/Vice Chancellor may change a grade only when the faculty department committee and the dean support such a change.

APPENDIX

SOCIAL WORK STUDENT FACE SHEET

This form must be completed before you begin your field placement hours.

You must also be registered for SOCWORK 498 before you begin your field hours.

To complete this form you will need:

your contact information for the semester of your field placement

name of your UWW Field Faculty Liaison

information about your field site, including the address, your start date, and expected hours/week name and contact information for your Field Instructor (person at your field site, not your liaison) AND whether they have a BSW/MSW AND their number of years post-BSW/MSW social work experience

This form is designed to document information regarding a student's field placement. The information contained herein will be used by the faculty liaison to maintain contact with the student over the course of the semester and by the field coordinator to ensure proper training and contracts are in place before the beginning of the placement.

Student's Last Name:
Student's First Name:
Student ID Number:
Student's UWW Email:
Student's Cell or Primary Phone Number:
Student's Address While Completing Placement:
Please include city, state and zip code with your address

Who is your Faculty Field Liaison?

Note: This is the instructor for the SOCWORK 783 section for which you are registered for Fall 2023.

Agency Name:	
If your agency has multiple departments or units, in which unit/department w	ill you work?
Examples: If working for a county: CPS, juvenile justice, ADRC, etc.	
If you are working for a hospital: Oncology, Behavioral Health, Administration,	, etc.
Expected Hours per Week:	
Placement Start Date:	

Agency Site Address:

Please include city, state and zip code with the address.

Note: this may differ from the main agency address.

Which service area best describes your field placement?

- 1. Addictions and Physical Dependence/AODA
- 2. Administration
- 3. Advocacy
- 4. Aging and Gerontology
- 5. Child Welfare
- 6. Community Development
- 7. Community Mental Health
- 8. Corrections and Criminal Justice
- 9. Developmental Disabilities
- 10. Displaced Persons and Homeless
- 11. Domestic Violence or Violence
- 12. Family Services
- 13. Global and International
- 14. Healthcare: Integrative Health and Mental Health
- 15. Immigrant and Refugee Work
- 16. LGBTQ
- 17. Military Social Work
- 18. Occupational or Rehabilitation
- 19. Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder/Veterans
- 20. Program Evaluation

21.	Public	Assistance	and	Welfare

22. School Social Work

Field Instructor Name: Note: This is your supervisor at the agency, NOT your UWW Faculty Field Liaison.				
Does your field instructor have a BSW or a MSW? Yes No				
How many years post-BSW or MSW social work experience does your field instructor have?				
Field Instructor Email:				
Field Instructor Phone:				
Other important information your liaison should be aware of:				

LEARNING AGREEMENT



College of Letters and Sciences

Department of Social Work

Department of Social Work Field Education LEARNING AGREEMENT

PURPOSE

The student Learning Agreement is a written agreement between the student and agency Field Instructor that outlines student goals and objectives as well as activities the student will perform to achieve identified goals. The Learning Agreement aligns with CSWE competency requirements. The form will be reviewed with the student and Field Instructor during the midterm and final evaluation meetings.

DIRECTIONS

To ensure a successful field experience the field student and Field Instructor are encouraged to complete required form during the supervision meeting. It is the student's responsibility to initiate this process and complete the Learning Agreement in collaboration with the Field Instructor.

The Learning Agreement is due to the Faculty Field Liaison within two weeks of commencing the field placement. The student and Field Instructor are also encouraged to keep a copy of this Learning Agreement and review it during supervision.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Date:		
Student Name:	Student ID:	
Student Emai <u>l:</u>		
Agency Name:		
Agency Address, City, State:		
Agency Phone:		
Agency Field Instructor:		
Field Instructor Email:		
Faculty Field Liaison:		

Semester:	Fall □ S	pring \square S	ummer 🗆	Credits:		
Expected We	ekly Schedule a	at Agency				
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesda	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	Field Placemer fork Based Field ours.		lentify which v	vork hours are	identified as	field placemen
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesda	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Expected Sta	art/End Date					
	egin on consult with ass					
Weekly Supe	rvision					
A minimum o	of 1-hour of sup (day of w		quired each wee	ek. Supervision	is expected to	o take place on
Policies and (Confirmation					
plan, the UW Field Evaluati	lent and Field In W Field Manu ion Tool prior t been reviewed	al for Social V to the student b	Work Field Stubership	dents and Field ield placement.	d Supervisors,	, and the UWW
Ca	itegory	Field	Student Initia	als F	ield Instructo	or Initials
Agency Poli	icies					
Agency Eme	ergency Plan					
UWW Field	Manual					
UWW Field Tool	Evaluation					

LEARNING AGREEMENT

The Council on Social Work Education (CSWE)¹ requires students demonstrate competency in 9 skill areas: (1) Demonstrate Ethical and Professional Behavior; (2) Advance Human Rights and Social, Racial, and Economic Justice (3) Engage Anti-Racism, Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (ADEI) in Practice (4) Engage In Practice-Informed Research and Research-Informed Practice; (5) Engage in Policy Practice; (6) Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities; (7) Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities; (8) Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities; and (9) Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities. Field students should be getting experiences working with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities.

Please review each competency area below, and identify objectives and activities the field student will carry out to successfully achieve the pre-specified goal. Students are to complete the majority of these activities through in-person contact.

I. DEMONSTRATE ETHICAL AND PROFESSIONAL BEHAVIOR

Goal: Social workers understand the value base of the profession and its ethical standards, as well as relevant laws and regulations that may impact practice at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels.

primary pre-specified goal. Example: Student will demonstrate professional	Activities: i.e., tasks the student will perform or engage in to meet the objective(s). Example: Student will come to prepared to meetings with Field Instructor.

II. ADVANCE HUMAN RIGHTS AND SOCIAL, RACIAL, ECONOMIC JUSTICE

Goal: Goal: Social workers understand that every person regardless of position in society has fundamental human rights such as freedom, safety, privacy, an adequate standard of living, health care, and education.

Objective(s): i.e., smaller goals to achieve primary pre-specified goal. <i>Example:</i> Student will work with client or population at risk of oppression.	Activities: i.e., tasks the student will perform or engage in to meet the objective(s). Example: Student will interview a client that is different from his/her own background.

¹ http://www.cswe.org/Accreditation.aspx

Goal: Social workers acknowledge how their own individual biases influence their social work practice by using self-reflection and demonstrate ADEI skills in their practice, Objective(s): i.e., smaller goals to achieve primary pre-specified goal. Example: Student will advocate for a client. Activities: i.e., tasks the student will perform or engage in to meet the objective(s). Example: Student will write a client position statement.

IV. ENGAGE IN PRACTICE-INFORMED RESEA	RCH AND RESEARCH-INFORMED PRACTICE				
Goal: Social workers understand quantitative and qualitative research methods and their respective roles in advancing a science of social work and in evaluating their practice.					
Objective(s): i.e., smaller goals to achieve primary pre-specified goal. Example: Student will identify an evidence-based practice approach.	Activities: i.e., tasks the student will perform or engage in to meet the objective(s). Example: Student will conduct a literature review related to a topic addressed in their field agency.				

V. ENGAGE IN POLICY PRACTICE				
Goal: Social workers understand that human rights and social justice, as well as social welfare and services, are mediated by policy and its implementation at the federal, state, and local levels.				
Objective(s): i.e., smaller goals to achieve primary pre-specified goal. Example: Student will explore national policies affecting organization.	Activities: i.e., tasks the student will perform or engage in to meet the objective(s). Example: Student will identify one policy that affects a client.			

VI. ENGAGE WITH INDIVIDUALS, FAMILIES, GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS, AND COMMUNITIES

Goal: Social workers understand that engagement is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities.

Objective(s): i.e., smaller goals to achieve primary pre-specified goal. *Example:* Student will practice, or demonstrate, effective interpersonal skills with clients.

Activities: i.e., tasks the student will perform or engage in to meet the objective(s). Example: Student will conduct individual interview that will be observed by Field Instructor.

VII. ASSESS INDIVIDUALS, FAMILIES, GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS, AND COMMUNITIES

Goal: Social workers understand that assessment is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities.

Objective(s): i.e., smaller goals to achieve primary pre-specified goal.

Example: Collect, organize, and interpret information from clients and constituencies.

Activities: i.e., tasks the student will perform or engage in to meet the objective(s). *Example:* Student will participate in a meeting in which goals are set with a client.

VIII. INTERVENE WITH INDIVIDUALS, FAMILIES, GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS, AND COMMUNITIES

Goal: Social workers understand that intervention is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities.

Objective(s): i.e., smaller goals to achieve primary pre-specified goal. *Example:* Negotiate, mediate, and advocate with and on behalf of clients and constituencies.

Activities: i.e., tasks the student will perform or engage in to meet the objective(s). Example: Student will participate in team meetings to discuss how client's needs are met.

IX. EVALUATE PRACTICE WITH INDIVIDUALS AND COMMUNITIES	S, FAMILIES, GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS,
Goal: Social workers understand that evaluation interactive process of social work practice with, a groups, organizations and communities.	
Objective(s): i.e., smaller goals to achieve primary pre-specified goal. Example: Apply evaluation findings to improve practice effectiveness at the micro and macro evels.	Activities: i.e., tasks the student will perform or engage in to meet the objective(s). Example: Student will participate in program evaluation activities at the agency (e.g.: collecting customer satisfaction surveys or review results of surveys).
Student Signature	
Student Signature	Date
For Field Instructor:	
By signing this learning agreement, I am confirming tha school and at least 2 years of post-degree experience.	t I have a BSW or MSW from a CSWE accredited
Field Instructor Signature	Date
Degree(s) of Field Instructor	_
License/Credential of Field Instructor	_
Years of Post-Degree Social Work Experience of	

Social Work Experience BSW Weekly Field Log

This template is designed to assist the student with journaling daily social work activities, reaction to activities/day, and share questions you asked your supervisor and/or co-workers and had answered.

Please complete the table template for each week you complete your field placement. Logs are due Monday evenings and should include a completed table template for each day at your field placement. Please submit only **one document for each week** (i.e., includes multiple entries for all days interned) to the designated Dropbox on Canvas. Name your document with prefix "week" followed by the week number completed (e.g.,"week 1").

Student Name:	
Week#:	
I. Day, Date, Hours	
Dates covered:	Total Hours
	• Worked:
II. Synopsis of Activities / Social Work Ro	les Performed/Application of Social Work
Practice	,
Provide a brief synopsis of social work roles/activities	you performed/completed today and a brief reaction to them.
Please then identify and discuss the use of client's diagno	osis or treatment modalities during your week if applicable.
Type here:	
III. Demonstrate Learning	
Share a topic that you needed to research to improve y	your knowledge about the population you are working with. (i.e.
medications, assessments, diagnostic criteria, treatment	t modalities, policies, resources needed).
Type here:	
Type here.	
IV D. C. ation I amonia	
IV. Reflective Learning	
If you were the primary clinician: What would you chan	ge to a client's diagnosis or treatment plan? OR u have done differently or changed as a future social worker?
	u have done differently of changed as a faculte social worker:
Type here:	
V: Self - Care Reflection/Safety	
Please describe how you participated in your own self –	care this week and how you felt after OR describe how you will be
	ndividually from supervision or with the organization). Identify

anything you have been grateful for this week (personally or professionally). Please describe any safety concerns (physical and emotional) that you may have encountered this week and how you managed them.
Type here:
VI. Hours Completed (complete this section only at end of week)
Total Hours Completed this week:
Total Hours Completed to date (added to previous week):



College of Letters and Sciences

Department of Social Work

Department of Social Work - Field Education Program BSW/MSW TRADITIONAL STUDENT FIELD EVALUATION TOOL

Name of Student:	Date:
Student ID#:	Evaluation Period: Midterm Final
Faculty Field Liaison:	Hours Completed to Date: /480/250
Agency Name:	Field Instructor Name:
Agency Address:	
For Office Use Only: CSWE Field Placem	ent Category:

Background: The Council on Social Work Education (CSWE), the accrediting body on Social Work Education, requires bachelor's level social work (BSW) students and traditional master's level social work (MSW) students demonstrate competency in 9 areas. Associated with these competencies is a set of 20 specified behaviors. Social work field education is designed to integrate the theoretical and conceptual contributions of the explicit curriculum in the field setting. Social work field education is an area in which the social work student is expected to demonstrate competency of the behaviors. To ensure the social work student develops the requisite behaviors, Field Instructors are asked to evaluate the social work student at the mid-point and completion of the field education experience.

Directions

Please reflect back over the evaluation period and evaluate the extent to which the competencies have been met, using the 5-point rating scale indicated below (1=poor to 5=excellent). Indicate your response by placing an "x" in the box \Box that corresponds to the observed behavior listed in the first column *labeled behaviors specified by CSWE*.

For each competency area, compute the *Mean Score* by summing all items for each behavior that received a numeric score (1 – 5) and dividing by the number of items that were scored. Include additional comments that support ratings in the competency areas in the comment section where the word **client** or **clients** is used, it is meant to represent, groups, communities, organizations. *Mean Score in Competencies should be completed by the Field Instructor.*

Rating	Categories	Definition of Categories
1	Poor	The student is functioning significantly below expectations for students in this area.

2	Fair	The student is functioning somewhat below expectations for students in this area.
3	Good	The student has met the expectations for students in this area.
4	Very Good	The student is functioning somewhat above expectations for students in this area.
5	Excellent	The student has excelled in this area.

COMPETENCY 1: DEMONSTRATE ETHICAL AND PROFESSIONAL BEHAVIOR

			SSIUNAL DEHAVIO		
Behavior	1	2	3	4	5
Specified by	Poor	Fair	Good	Very Good	Excellent
CSWE					
Make ethical decisions by					
applying the standards of the					
NASW Code of Ethics, relevant					
laws and regulations,					
models for ethical			 -	 -	
decision-making, ethical conduct of					
research, and					
additional codes of ethics within					
the profession as					
appropriate to the context					
Damanaturk					
Demonstrate professional					
behavior; appearance; and					
oral, written, and					
electronic communication					
Use technology					
ethically and appropriately to					
facilitate practice outcomes					
Use supervision and consultation					
to guide					
professional judgment and					
behavior					
			n Competency		
Add scored items a	nd divide by total n	umber of scored ite	ms=		

Competency 2: advance human rights and social, racial, economic, and environmental justice

Behavior Specified by CSWE	1 Poor	2 Fair	3 Good	4 Very Good	5 Excellent
Advocate for human rights at the individual, family, group, organizational, and community system levels					
Engage in practices that advance social, economic, and environmental justice					
Mean Score in Competency Add scored items and divide by total number of scored items=					

Competency 3: Engage anti-racism, diversity, equity, and Inclusion (ADEI) in Practice

			- ·1 · · ·			
Behavior	1	2	3	4	5	
Specified by CSWE	Poor	Fair	Good	Very Good	Excellent	
Demonstrate anti-racist and anti-oppressive social work practice at the individual, family, group, organizational, community, research, and policy levels						
Demonstrate cultural humility by applying critical reflection, self-awareness, and self-regulation to manage the influence of bias, power, privilege, and values in working with clients and constituencies, acknowledging them as experts of their own lived experiences.						
	Mean Score in Competency					
Add scored items and div	Add scored items and divide by total number of scored items=					

Competency 4: Engage in Practice-informed Research and Research-informed Practice

Behavior Specified by CSWE	1 Poor	2 Fair	3 Good	4 Very Good	5 Excellent
Apply research findings to inform and improve practice, policy, and programs					
Identify ethical, culturally informed, anti-racist, and anti-oppressive strategies that address inherent biases for use in quantitative and qualitative research methods to advance the purposes of social work					
Mean Score in Competency Add scored items and divide by total number of scored items=					

Competency 5: Engage in Policy Practice

competency 3. Engag	e in i oney	Tractice			
Behavior Specified by CSWE	1 Poor	2 Fair	3 Good	4 Very Good	5 Excellent
Use social justice, anti- racist, and anti- oppressive lenses to assess how social welfare policies affect the delivery of and access to social services					
Apply critical thinking to analyze, formulate, and advocate for policies that advance human rights and social, racial, economic, and environmental justice					
Mean Score in Competency Add scored items and divide by total number of scored items=					

Competency 6: Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities

Behavior Specified by CSWE	1 Poor	2 Fair	3 Good	4 Very Good	5 Excellent
Apply knowledge of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as interprofessional conceptual frameworks, to engage with clients and constituencies	1 001			Very dood	Excellent
Use empathy, reflection, and interpersonal skills to engage in culturally responsive practice with clients and constituencies.					
Add scored items and div	ride by total n		n Competency ms=		

Competency 7: Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities

competency 7.	7133C33 marvia	aais, raiiiiics, c	iroups, organiz	audiis, and Con	
Behavior Specified by CSWE	1 Poor	2 Fair	3 Good	4 Very Good	5 Excellent
Collect and organize data, and apply critical thinking to interpret information from clients and constituencies					
Apply theories of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as other culturally responsive and interprofessional conceptual frameworks, when assessing clients and constituencies					
Demonstrate respect for client self- determination during the assessment process by collaborating					

with clients and constituencies in developing a mutually agreed-upon plan.			
Add scored items a	nd divide by total n	n Competency ms=	

Competency 8: Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities

Behavior Specified by CSWE	1 Poor	2 Fair	3 Good	4 Very Good	5 Excellent
Engage with clients and constituencies to critically choose and implement culturally responsive, evidence-informed interventions to achieve client and constituency goals					
Incorporate culturally responsive methods to negotiate, mediate, and advocate with and on behalf of clients and constituencies					
Add scored items and di	vide by total n		n Competency ms=		

Competency 9: Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities

Behavior Specified by CSWE	1 Poor	2 Fair	3 Good	4 Very Good	5 Excellent
Select and use culturally responsive methods for evaluation of outcomes					
Critically analyze outcomes and apply evaluation findings to improve practice effectiveness with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities					
	l divide by total numbe		n Competency		

Comments:

Overall Evaluation

Evaluation Period: Midterm Final

Mean Competenc y Scores*	Competency	Description		
	COMPETENCY 1	Demonstrate Ethical and Professional Behavior		
	COMPETENCY 2	Advance Human Rights and Social, Racial, Economic, and Environmental Justice		
	COMPETENCY 3	Engage Anti-Racism, Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (ADEI) in Practice		
	COMPETENCY 4	Engage in Practice-informed Research and Research-informed Practice		
	COMPETENCY 5	Engage in Policy Practice		
	COMPETENCY 6	Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities		
	COMPETENCY 7	Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities		
	COMPETENCY 8	Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities		

	COMPETENCY 9	Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, Communities
py the mean	competency scores f	rom the previous pages.
	OVERALL MEAN SCORE**	** To compute <i>Overall Mean Score</i> , add mean scores from 9 competency areas and divide by 9.
Commen	ts:	
Agency F	ield Instructor Name <u>:</u>	Date:
Signature	e of Agency Field Instr	ucto <u>r: </u>
*****	*******	************************
****** ****	*****	
	*****	**************************************
******** My Field	******* ~ This Instructor and Facult	
******** My Field received	****** ~ This Instructor and Facult a copy.	section to be completed by the student ~ ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have
******** My Field received Please ch	******* ~ This Instructor and Facult a copy. eck level of agreemen	section to be completed by the student ~ ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have
******** My Field received Please ch	****** ~ This Instructor and Facult a copy.	section to be completed by the student ~ ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have
******** My Field received Please ch	******* ~ This Instructor and Facult a copy. eck level of agreemen	ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have at.
******** My Field received Please ch	****** This Instructor and Facult a copy. eck level of agreemen ith the evaluation gree with evaluation*	ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have at.
******* My Field received Please ch	****** This Instructor and Facult a copy. eck level of agreemen ith the evaluation gree with evaluation*	ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have at.
******* My Field received Please ch	****** This Instructor and Facult a copy. eck level of agreemen ith the evaluation gree with evaluation*	ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have at.
******* My Field received Please ch I agree w I do not a	****** This Instructor and Facult a copy. eck level of agreemen ith the evaluation gree with evaluation*	ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have at.
******* My Field received Please ch I agree w I do not a	****** This Instructor and Facult a copy. eck level of agreemen ith the evaluation gree with evaluation*	ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have at.
******* My Field received Please ch I agree w I do not a Commen	****** This Instructor and Facult a copy. eck level of agreemen ith the evaluation gree with evaluation its: Name:	ty Field Liaison have discussed this evaluation with me, and I have at.

***************** ~ This section to be	completed by the l	Faculty Field Liaison ~
I have discussed the student's perform evaluation. I am in the following level	_	es. Each part has received a copy of the
I agree with the evaluation		
I do not agree with evaluation*		
Comments:		
Faculty Field Liaison Name:		Date:
Faculty Field Liaison Nam <u>e:</u>		Date:

FACULTY FIELD LIAISON EVALUATION

The University of Wisconsin – Whitewater (UWW) Faculty Field Liaison has a responsibility for assuring the student field experience is a quality social work learning experience. The Faculty Field Liaison is also responsible for providing guidance and support to each agency Field Instructor (you).

Please reflect back on your interactions with the UWW Faculty Field Liaison over the past semester and respond to the questions included in the survey on the next page. The questions ask you to rate the extent to which the UWW Faculty Field Liaison supported you and suggestions for improving the UWW graduate social work program. Please only complete the survey one time.

Completion of this survey is voluntary and anonymous, and takes about five minutes. Final results will be shared with UWW faculty members in summary form.

Name:
Agency:
Do you have an BSW or MSW? Yes No
If No, does someone at the agency have a BSW or MSW?
Faculty Liaison (Please Use Drop Down Menu)
Term Spring Summer Fall
Is the first time you've had a student intern from UW - Whitewater? Yes No Not sure
How many student interns have you had at your agency from UW - Whitewater? 2-3 4-5 5+
Did the faculty liaison provide you with the information and support necessary to meet the expectations for field instruction? Never Sometimes About half the time Most of the time Always

Was the faculty liaison readily available when and if you needed them?

Never Sometimes About half the time Most of the time Always

How satisfied were you with the amount of communication between yourself and the field liaison?

Extremely satisfied

Somewhat satisfied

Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied

Somewhat dissatisfied

Extremely dissatisfied

To what extent, if any, would you prefer more or less involvement and availability for consultation on the part of the supervisor/liaison?

Less Involvement Needed

Involvement was Appropriate 5

More Involvement Needed

10

Did you receive an email inviting you to a field training?

Yes

0

No

Not sure

Did you attend a field training?

Yes

No

Not sure

Did you receive a copy of the field manual?

Yes

No

Not sure

What suggestions would you make for improving field instruction?

What other aspects of the social work program do you believe need to be strengthened to help prepare students for field placement?

To what extend was your Faculty Field Liaison respectful of the placement process? Never

Rarely

Sometimes

Very Often

Always

Not applicable: never needed the Faculty Field Liaison

To Not	what extent was your Faculty Field Liaison available when you needed them? Never Rarely Sometimes Very Often Always applicable: never needed the Faculty Field Liaison
	Responded to your logs in a timely manner? Never Rarely Sometimes Very Often Always
	Made useful comments on your daily logs? Never Rarely Sometimes Very Often Always
	Made you feel comfortable talking about your placement and any issues or problems that arose? Never Seldom About half the time Usually Always
	Please add any comments, concerns, or suggestions regarding your interactions with your faculty field liaison.

FIELD EXPERIENCE AT PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT POLICY

The UWW Department of Social Work recognizes that the personal economic situation of some students makes it necessary for them to explore field placement opportunities in their places of employment. It is recognized that professional activity and learning are not inconsistent, but there is a difference between the goals of educational development and those of employment. The focus of the field placement must be on the student's learning.

Students interested in an employment-based placement must submit their request via the "Request for Field Placement in Place of Employment" form to the Field Coordinator (or designee). This form can be accessed from the UWW Field Program web page.

Student's place of employment may only be considered when:

The student is newly employed at the social services or human services organization (2 months or less).

OR

The student assumes a different role at the social services or human services agency that is distinctly different from the original job role (e.g., primary role is education and placement role involves case management).

OR -

The student transitions into a new position within the social services or human services agency at the start of the placement and the new responsibilities are distinctly different from the original job role.

In any of these above situations, the following conditions must be met:

The agency has a qualified Field Instructor (BSW or MSW), who is preferably not the student's regular Instructor, and who is willing to fulfill the responsibilities of Field Instructor.

The agency is able to meet the course objectives outlined in the section "Program Objective" guidelines.

The agency agrees to the terms of Agency/University Agreement furnished by the Field Coordinator.

In developing a field placement at the place of employment, it is expected that the student will take the initiative by making the proposal to the Field Coordinator (or designee) and coordinating the administrative requirements of the agency. These steps are to be followed:

The student must discuss with the Field Coordinator (or designee) intent to request a placement in the agency of employment two weeks prior to the field placement application deadline date. Within the following two weeks, the student must submit the "Request for Field Placement Agreement in Place of Employment" form to the Field Coordinator and/or attach a copy of the form to the completed "Request for Field Application" packet.

When assigned a Faculty Field Liaison, the student will meet with the liaison to discuss the proposed placement plan. Within one week of meeting with the student, the Faculty Field Liaison will review "Request for Field Placement Agreement in Place of Employment" form, assess applicability, and indicate a recommendation (approve, modify, or disapprove) to the Field Coordinator for final decision.

The Field Coordinator (or designee) will review the request and notify the Faculty Field Liaison and student whether the field placement is acceptable and/or whether any modifications will be necessary. Notification will be made within two weeks if the agency has already been approved as a field agency, or within six weeks if it has not yet been approved. Copies of the approved placement plan will be sent to the student, Faculty Field Liaison, and the Field Instructor. If the field placement in the place of employment is found to be unacceptable, the student must then agree to find another placement approved by the UWW Department of Social Work Field Program.

A member of the Field Team may visit the agency to discuss with the administrator and/or Field Instructors how the program's educational objectives will be met during the placement.

It will be the responsibility of the Faculty Field Liaison to determine that the placement remains consistent with the program's educational objectives and the proposal made by the student. Deviations from the placement plan may result in the student's field placement being terminated.

UW – WHITEWATER DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL WORK EMPLOYMENT BASED FIELD PLACEMENT PROPOSAL

Agency name:
Agency address:
Agency phone:
Executive Director/Administrator name: Student's name:
Length of employment:
Name of student's current Instructor:
Phone Email
Student's current employment status/job description:
Assignments/work responsibilities student presently has:
Name of student's Field Instructor:
Phone Email

Describe the field responsibilities/expectations the student will be given in their placement (Please note: In this section clearly delineate how the student's placement will be different than their employment. Describe how their employment responsibilities will be separated from their placement.

90

This agreement meets the approval of the Field Instructor, the student, Faculty Field Liaison, and the Field Coordinator.		
Field Instructor Signature:	Date:	
Student Signature:	Date:	
Faculty Field Liaison Signature:	Date:	
Field Coordinator:	Date:	

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-WHITEWATER STUDENT AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASE OF EDUCATION RECORDS INFORMATION

FAMILY EDUCATIONAL RIGHTS AND PRIVACY ACT - FERPA - Overview

(Note: see other side for definitions of "student", "education records", "school official", and "legitimate educational interest".)

(The full UWW FERPA policy can be found on the Registrar's Office website at www.uww.edu/registrar)

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) of 1974, as amended, is a federal law that can be summarized by the following two points:

- 1. Access. A student is permitted certain rights regarding their education records: Right to inspect and review their educational records; Right to request an amendment to the records if they believe there is an inaccuracy; Right to restrict the release of the student's Directory Information from public access; Right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education if they feels UW-Whitewater has failed to follow FERPA guidelines.
- 2. Confidentiality. School officials must protect the privacy of education records and shall not disclose personally identifiable information about a student or permit inspection of the student's records without their written consent unless such action is permitted by the Act.

DO NOT DISCLOSE, SHARE, OR TRANSMIT ANY INFORMATION ABOUT A STUDENT WITHOUT THE STUDENT'S WRITTEN CONSENT, UNLESS PERMITTED BY FERPA.

FERPA permits two exceptions that help us do our jobs without spending all our time obtaining written consent from students:

1. Directory Information. FERPA allows us to share a student's "directory information" unless the student has officially requested to restrict its release (such restrictions are noted in WINS by a light-blue window shade icon). UWW directory information items include only the following:

- Name, address, email address, and telephone number (excluding cell);
- Dates of attendance (including term units carried and full-time/part-time status);
- Classification (e.g. sophomore, senior, graduate student);
- Major/minor/degree program;
- Degrees conferred (including dates/anticipated dates);
- Previous institution(s) attended;
- Awards and academic honors;
- Participation in officially recognized sports and activities;
- Physical factors (weight and height) of members of athletic teams.

A student who wants to restrict the release of their directory information must complete and file the "Request To Prevent Disclosure Of Directory Information" form in the Registrar's Office (the restriction will remain in effect until the student submits written notification to the Registrar's Office to have it removed).

Non-directory information and restricted directory information must NOT be released without the student's written, signed and dated consent (see http://www.uww.edu/registrar/ferpa.php for Authorization to Release Records form). Such written, signed and dated consent must specify and include the following three items:

- a) The records to be released;
- b) The party or class of parties to whom the records should be released;
- c) The reason or purpose for the release of the records.
- 2. UWW school officials who have a legitimate educational interest. FERPA allows a UWW school official to share a student's education record information (directory information and non-directory information), without the student's written consent, with other UWW school officials who have a legitimate educational interest.
 - a) OTHER THAN THESE TWO EXCEPTIONS, ALWAYS ERROR ON THE SIDE OF CAUTION AND DO NOT DISCLOSE OR SHARE ANY PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION ABOUT A STUDENT. REFER QUESTIONS ABOUT FERPA TO THE REGISTRAR'S OFFICE (Roseman room 2032, x1570).

Definition of Terms

Student—A person who is/was enrolled in a UWW course (credit and/or non-credit). However, a person who has been enrolled in one component of UW-Whitewater and who applies for admission to a second component (e.g., an undergraduate student who applies to a graduate program) has no rights under FERPA to inspect the records accumulated by the second unit until enrolled therein.

Education Records— The records directly related to a student and maintained by UWW, a UWW school official or by a party acting for the institution.

School Official—A person who serves UWW in an administrative, supervisory, academic, research, or support staff position, including UWW law enforcement personnel, health staff, student employees, and field supervisors. This definition also includes a person or company with whom UWW has formally contracted (such as an attorney, auditor, or collection agent); a volunteer or other non-employee performing institutional services and functions; a person serving on an official UWW committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee; or a person legitimately authorized to assist another UWW school official in performing their professional UWW responsibilities.

Legitimate Educational Interest—The demonstrated professional "need-to-know" by a UWW school official. The school official must seek the information within the context of their professionally assigned UWW responsibilities and the information must be used within the context of official UWW business. Disclosure of education record information to a UWW school official having a legitimate educational interest does not constitute authorization for that school official to transmit, share, or disclose any or all of that information to a third party who does not have a legitimate educational interest. An unauthorized disclosure of personally identifiable information from the education record of a student is prohibited.



STUDENT AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE EDUCATION RECORDS INFORMATION

BACKGROUND

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 ("FERPA" or the Buckley Amendment) is a federal law that affords students certain rights with respect to their *education records* (which include, but are not limited to, the following examples -- academic records, financial aid and billing information, meal plan and Purple Point records, residence hall/life information, advising conference notes, internships and field placement records, student employment records). One part of FERPA focuses on confidentiality of education records. School officials (e.g., instructors, administrative and department staff, field placement coordinators and supervisors, and other full-time and part-time university employees) must protect the privacy of education records and shall not disclose personally identifiable information about a student or permit inspection of the student's records without his or her written consent or as permitted by law. The student's written signed consent must contain three elements, as described below:

(1) SPECIFY THE RECORDS TO BE RELEASED

Examples: class registration, grades and/or transcripts

(2) IDENTIFY THE PARTY OR CLASS OF PARTIES TO WHOM THE RECORDS SHOULD BE RELEASED.

Examples: parent, prospective employer, non-UW-Whitewater school official, scholarship committee member

(3) INDICATE THE REASON FOR THE RELEASE

Examples: to authorize the university to disclose/release information to a parent; as part of an application for employment or admission into a graduate program; application for a scholarship or grant

Note to UWW employees, cooperating teachers, and supervisors regarding letters of reference: unless you have the student's written signed consent, a letter of reference written on behalf of a student does NOT provide you the authorization to disclose the student's educational records or to discuss his/her performance even if the letter welcomes telephone calls or other inquiries about the student.

DIRECTIONS FOR STUDENT:

It is your obligation to complete, sign, and present in-person a **separate** Student Authorization for Release of Education Records Information form to any individual who may be called upon to disclose education records about you or your performance (e.g., registrar, financial aid counselor, student accounts/billing director, ID/meal plan administrator, professor, internship supervisor, or cooperating teacher in a field experience).

DIRECTIONS FOR UW-WHITEWATER FACULTY AND STAFF:

A Student Authorization for Release of Education Records Information form, completed and signed by the student, must be in your possession before disclosing education records or discussing the student's performance with someone other than the student or another person as permitted by the law.

DIRECTIONS FOR FIELD SUPERVISORS (INCLUDING COOPERATING TEACHERS, LIBRARIANS, COUNSELORS, ETC.):

A Student Authorization for Release of Education Records Information form, completed and signed by the student, must be in your possession before disclosing education records or discussing the student's performance with someone other than the student or another person as permitted by the law.



STUDENT AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE EDUCATION RECORDS

Complete ALL portions of this page, sign and date, and deliver in-person to the individual/office that will provide the education records information.

STUDENTNAME		
LAST / FAMILY / SURNAME(S)	FIRST / GIVEN NAME(S)	MIDDLE NAME(S)
STUDENT UW-WHITEWATER ID NUMBER STUDENT DATE OF BIRTH		
	MON1 H (MM)	DAY (DD) YEAR (YYYY)
STUDENT DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER	STUDENT UW-WHITEWATER E-MAIL	ADDRESS
		@uww.edu
STUDENT MAILING ADDRESS		
STREET ADDRESS		
CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE		
1. I Authorize (print name of person/of	fice you authorize to provide the educa	tion records information):
1. 1 Addionize (print name of personner	not you dutionize to provide the educa	don records information).
2. To Disclose the following education	records (check all that apply):	
•		
Nets to Observat this form is an either actual	the consistent of the Decision of Office and	- N
Note to Student: this form is specific only to	the records in the Registrar's Οπice – ail act each office specifically if you would lik	
Telease form. Trease com	act each office specifically if you would like	de your records released.
Class Registration (Registrar's Office,	Roseman 2032)	
Grades & Transcript (Registrar's Office, Roseman 2032)		
Oracco a Transcript (Registral 5 Office	s, reseman 2002)	
3. To the following named party or class	of parties (check all that apply):	
Individual Party (print name):	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Prospective Employer(s)		
School Official(s) responsible for admission to educational programs Individual(s) responsible for scholarships, grants, etc.		
Other (specify):	biarsnips, grants, etc.	
Other (specify).		
4 For the following records (see 1.1.)		
4. For the following reason(s) (explain):		
I am certifying that a photocopy or fax copy	of this form be accepted with the same a	uthority as the original. Yes No
. a conting that a photocopy of tax copy	o. and form be decepted with the same a	
Student signature		Date

Questions regarding FERPA should be directed to the UW-Whitewater Registrar's Office (Roseman Building room 2032, email registrar@uww.edu or phone 262-472-1570) or see: https://www.uww.edu/registrar/ferpa

BSW Senior Exit Survey Field Question

Name of Filed Placement Agency:

The following set of questions asks you questions about your experience at your field placement.

- 1. Provided opportunities for you to demonstrate your core competency skills
- 2. Informed your future career decisions
- 3. Was a valuable use of your time
- 4. Was a valuable learning experience
- 5. Had a manageable amount of work
- 6. Helped you create a professional network
- 7. Challenged you professionally
- 8. Linked theoretical approaches from the classroom
- 9. Linked material learned in the classroom

The following set of questions asks you about your experience at your field placement agency.

- 1. Employees at your field agency:
- 2. Treated you with respect regardless of age, gender, ethnicity, political belief, religion, and/or sexual orientation
- 3. Valued your opinions regardless of age, gender, ethnicity, political belief, religion, and/or sexual orientation
- 4. Were respectful of diversity
- 5. Demonstrated interest in your learning
- 6. Created a safe work environment
- 7. Provided real-life social work experiences
- 8. Encouraged you to challenge yourself
- 9. Were respectful of administration

Please provide any comments, concerns or suggestions regarding the employees at your social work field agency.

The following set of questions asks you about your experience with your field supervisor (your supervisor at the agency). Your Field Instructor:

- 1. Treated you with respect regardless of age, gender, ethnicity, political belief, religion, and/or sexual orientation
- 2. Valued your opinions regardless of age, gender, ethnicity, political belief, religion, and/or sexual orientation
- 3. Were respectful of diversity
- 4. Demonstrated interest in your learning
- 5. Created a safe work environment
- 6. Provided real-life social work experiences
- 7. Encouraged you to challenge yourself
- 8. Were respectful of administration

Please add any comments, concerns, or suggestions regarding your interactions with your Field Instructor

Who was your Faculty Field Liaison for SW 784 (your final field placement)?

The following set of questions asks you about your experience with your faculty field liaison. Your faculty field liaison:

- 1 Was respectful in the placement process
- 2 Was available when you needed them
- 3 Responded to your logs in a timely manner
- 4 Made useful/helpful comments to your log
- 5 Made you feel comfortable talking about your placement and any issues or problems that arose

Please add any comments, concerns, or suggestions regarding your interactions with your Faculty Field Liaison.

Did you have any contact with the Field Coordinator (Katherine Drechsler) in her role as Field Coordinator (not counting if she was your faculty field liaison or classroom instructor)?

If you had contact, how would you rate your experience with her in this role?

Do you have any feedback for the field coordinator in her role as Field Coordinator?